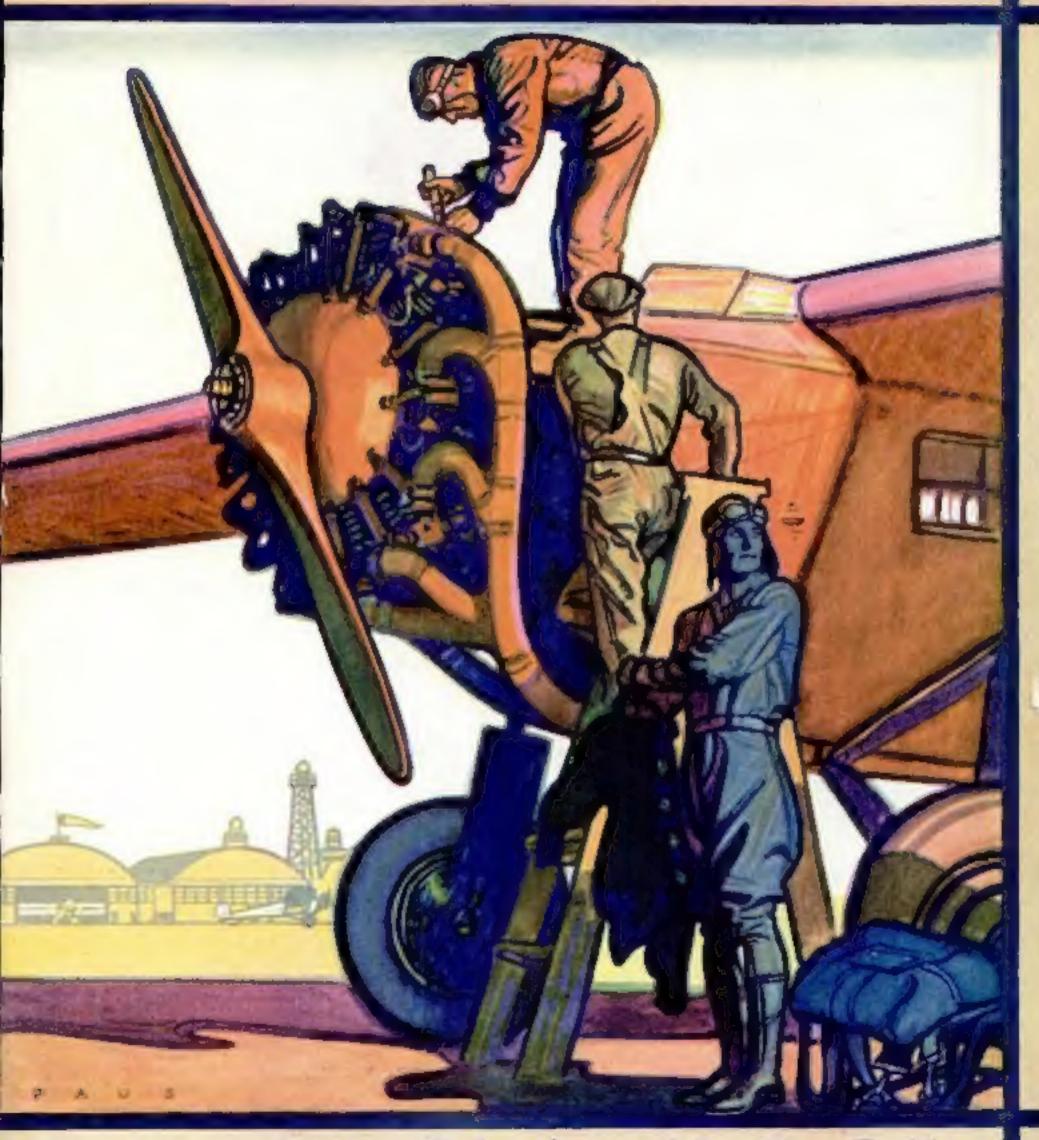
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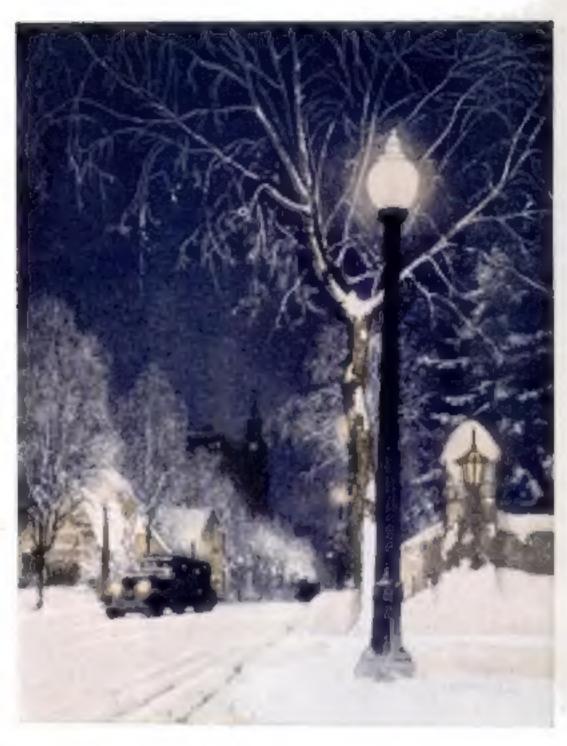


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MERGER PROFITS for Your Money

By WALLACE AMES, Financial Editor

WHAT'S one man's meat is another man's poison, remarked Harry Lyon, when he returned home from the monthly meeting of the Men's Club. "I just learned tonight that the Ethridges have sold their home on the Esplanade and are moving to a much more modest rented boase on Second Avenue. The Winslows have bought the Ethridge home and are moving up the ladder from their little bungalow."

"What's it all about?" inquired Mrs. Lyon.
"Common stocks are responsible for both
moves. It seems that Winslow bought the
right ones and has made a lot of money; Ethridge bought the wrong ones and the blow is so
severe that they've got to cut down on their
scale of living."

"I'm sorry to hear of the Ethroige's hard luck," said Mrs. Lyon, "but it only helps prove my point that we should not invest our savings in common stocks as you have been figuring on doing. Let's stay on the safe side as we have in the past."

the past."
"You don't give me credit for having judgment, Laura. I certainly know as much as Winslow. There's big money to be made investing in common stocks. You can trust me not to make the mistakes that caused the Ethridge down-fall."

"Maybe so," concluded Mrs. Lyon, "but I'd rather trust mie investments than your judgment on risky ones."

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"You are a hond man," said Harry Lyon, prefacing an inquiry he wanted to put to his friend, Graham Dickinson, as they joined for luncheou a few days later. "Maybe you can help our dayle a resint.

belp me decide a point.

"The money I have been able to lay aside thus far has been invested in bonds and public utility preferred stock. There's a little over a thousand in our savings account now, most of which came from interest and dividends. I want to plunge to the extent of putting that money in some good common stock, not any fly-by-night proposition, but some solid company with a big future."

"THERE'S no denying that money has been made in common stocks," mid Dickinson. "But for common stocks, and men willing to invest in them, America would never have become such a great industrial empire. Neverthelms.

"First let me tell you what I have in mind," interrupted Harry Lyon, "and then you can have the floor to present all your 'buta' and 'peverthelesses."

"I am planning to pick out a sound common stock, with real assets and real earning power behind it. You, yourself, have mid more than noce that a good common stock is better than a poor bond. There are common stocks in the investment class, just as there are speculative bonds.

"This is the age of consolidations. I've noticed, time and again, that when companies merge the strength of their organizations, the stocks of the merged companies earn more money and become more valuable. That is my point number one.

"Recalling how many small automobile manufacturers have been absorbed or merged with larger ones, and noticing that the radio business is developing even more rapidly than the asotor car business did during its first few years, it seems to me that we can expect to have a lot of radio mergers in the years ahead. That's my point number two.

"Putting number one and number two together, I believe it would be a good idea to invest in the common stock of one of the stronger tadio companies. Later on I might get some of the profits of a merger, in addition to my regular dividends. What, in your opinion, is the best radio common stock?"

"There is some logic to your reasoning, Harry," resumed Graham Dickinson, "but your hunch is just as good as mine as to which stock to buy. I see what you are after, though, and I believe I can satisfy you and still keep you from speculating.

TH

"Why don't you do a little merging yourself, instead of trying to pick the one stock out of many which you hope may form a consolidation profitable to the shareholders?"

"Now you are beginning to pipe-dream worse than I ever did," accused Harry. "I'm a 'thousandaire,' not a millionaire; I'm a printing salesman, not a promoter. Where do you get this merger idea for me?"

"When I mentioned merging, I meant it seriously," assured Graham. "Merge your \$1,000 with the bundreds, the thousands and the ten thousands possessed by others like yourself. Put your money in the shares of an investment trust. Get the advantage of skilled selection of securities and careful supervision of them provided by investment trust managers. Your chances of accomplishing what you have in mind are many times greater through an investment trust because you gain for your \$1,000 the advantages and facilities that resources, mounting into the millions, can

"Sounds interesting," said Harry. "Tell me the rest of the story."

"An investment trust is a merger of investment capital," continued Graham. "The economic reason for the investment trust is much the more as the reason for any other merger, a public utility merger, for example. A group of small utilities unite into one large company because by so doing they can operate more economically, command greater talent and give better service than each small company can individually. The same thing is true of an investment trust. When you and I and a lot of other persons, each with a little money put our funds into investment trust shares, together we create large resources. Then, just like an insurance company or big bank, we have the power to do things that none of us can do individually.

"In the first place, an investment trust that has several millions in resources can buy neveral hundred securities, not just a few. The law of average then gets to work for every shareholder. Out of several hundred carefully chosen securities, some are likely to prove extremely profitable.

"In the second place, by spreading the expense of management over a large investment fund, talent and facilities can be secured economically that you or I as individuals could never afford. An investment trust can command the best of statistical facilities and the first of managing talent to use those facilities. It employs men who devote all their time to the study of securities and business conditions. It selects securities on (Continued on page 4)

Merger Profits for Your Money

(Continued from poor 4)

facts, not hunches. You, as a shareholder, get the benefit of skilled management otherwise

entirely beyond your reach.

"Most investment trusts place a portion of their funds in common stocks. It is sider for the trust to invest in common stocks than for you or I to do so. The trust's risk is greatly reduced by ownership of many different accurities and further by the fact that, while some of its money is in common stocks, it also knyests heavily in bonds and preferred stocks.

"In other words, the sting of risk is pretty well taken out of the investment trust's courmon stock hoklings and all the profit possibilities remain. Of course you need not expect to become a millionaire if you buy a few investment trust shares. You must bear in mind that perhaps not more than 1% of the trust's resources are in one security. Therefore, even if one company, whose common stock it held, declares a 100% extra dividend such a dividend is equal to only 1 of the total invested resources of the trust.

"The investment trust whose stock I would recommend to you has been operating several years and has averaged over 10% in gross earnings since it was first organised. That's not quite getting rich over night, but over a period of time the shareholders in that trust ought to do very well, certainly a lot better than you would likely do with your plan of random

investing."

"This check is on me," said Harry, as the walter approached. "And I owe you a lot more than this banch in return for your advice. When I tell Mrs. Lyon that I am going into a merger, and explain it all just as you have explained it to me, she will be mighty pleased and not a little relieved. She never was in favor of my corumon stock idea. Your investment trust keen will just suit her."

To Help You Get Ahead

THE Booklets listed below will help every family to laying out a financial plan. They will be sent on request.

"Ideal Investments" is the designation universally accorded Smith First Moregage 63/2% Bonds which carry attractive tax refund features. A history of the House and information relative to their bonds and the safeguards that surround every issue they offer may be obtained by ad-dressing the home office of The F. H. Smith Company, Smith Building, Washington, D. C.

The House Behind the Bonds reminds the investor of the importance, not only of studying the investment, but of checking up the banker who offers it. Address: Fidelity Bond & Morrgage Co., 1188 New York Life Building, Chicago, III.

"The Investment Trust from the Investor's Viewpoint," presents as explanation of this form of investment in easily understood terms, illustrated with some interesting examples of how the general investment trust will help the man with \$100 or more to get ahead. Poblished for free discribution by United States Fiscal Corporation, 50 Broadway, New York, Ask them for Booklet IT.

How to Retire in Fifteen Years is the story of a safe, sure and definite method of escablishing an escate and building an independent income which will support you the rest of your life on the basis of your present living budget. Write for the booklet to Cothran & McCluer Company, 46 North Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

How to Get the Things You Want tells how you can an insurance as as active part of your program for getting (Continued on page 6)

You can laugh at money worries

if you follow this simple financial plan

YOU'RE interested in having the best possible time while you live with the least worry and grind and discomfort.

You don't want to pay tent all your life-you hope to own your own home some day. And you don't get any thrill out of the idea of appearing at an office or a mill or a store at the same old hour every morning until you die.

You want to quit work sometime. And when you do quit you want to feel that you're justified in quittingthat you've earned it. You want to know that your wife and children will be taken care of, no matter what happens to you.

You can accomplish every one of these things—just by following a

simple financial plan.

How it works

This simple system of investment plus protection was devised by financial experts. It calls merely for the deposit of a few dollars each month-the exact amount depending on your age and the things you wish to accomplish.

The minute you make your first small deposit you actually create an estate of \$10,000 or more. This money comes to you when you are 60 or 65. And if you should not reach that age, it goes to your family.

A few of the things you can provide for by this plan are as follows: -money to send your children to college-money foremer gencies-money to live on in case you are permanently disabled—capital to start your son in business—money to pay off a mort-



Plan sent free

gage-an assured income for your family, no matter what happens to you. Don't you want these things? You

can have them.

The coupon at the bottom of this page will bring to you, free, the Phoenix Mutual "Prosperity Plan."

Sending for it is the first step towards real independence-protection for you and your family, no matter what happens-an education and every advantage for your childrenleisure and comfort for yourself in

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HERE are j	est a few	of z	be things
HERE are j. you can de Mutual Pla	under u:	the	Phoenix

- 1 Retire with an income when you are
- 2 Leave your house free of debt. Send your chadren to college.
- 4 Crease an exter.
- 5 Make rare your income will go on even shough you become roully disabled. 6 Leave an income for your family.

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Will History Repeat?

Early in 1925 investors were offered the opportunity to purchase shares in Financial Investing Co. of New York, Ltd., a general investment trust under management of United States Fiscal Corporation.

Between April, 1925, and April, 1928, an investment of \$1550 in 100 shares returned a cash profit of \$470 and the investor could have sold his stock at a market profit of \$875—a total three-year profit of \$1345 on \$1550 invested.

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The initial dividend rate of 10% was iscreased to 12% July 1, 1927, and to 16% July 2, 1928. Six extra cash dividends have also been paid, making total payments on the \$10 per value shares as follows:

Year Emfed		1	Begula	- Born	Total	Price of theres
April 1, 1926	4		10%	2%	12.90	818.50
April 1, 1927				3 15	13%	20.00
April 1, 1928					The second second	86.85
July 2, 1924	(B	*	6)4馬	(sesses) re-	b 14%)	34.55

You May Now Invest In SECOND FINANCIAL INVESTING CORPORATION

All the shares of Financial Investing Co. of New York, Ltd., having been sold at prices increasing from \$15 to \$28.25 per share, United States Fiscal Corporation now offers you shares in Second Financial Investing Corporation.

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Please send me, immediately, your free booklet that tells how I can invest for financial independence.

Name.															
Addess															

To Help You Get Ahead

(Continued from page 5)

ahead financially. Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, 328 Elm Street, Hartford, Conn., will send you this booklet on request.

The Guaranteed Way to Financial Independence tells how a definite monthly savings plan will bring you financial independence. Write for this booklet to Investors Syndicate, 100 North Seventh Street, Minneapolis, Minn.

The Making of a Good Investment tells how 61/2% can be made on investment in First Mortgage Bonds in units of \$50, \$100, \$150, \$500 and \$1000; how the bonds are protected and how simple it is to purchase them. For a copy of this booklet address United States Mortgage Bond Company, Limited, Detroit, Michigan.

Here is the ANSWER

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How can you tell what gives a first mortgage bond absolute safety?

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Start with the change: it's the beats of radio value.

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Balkite A-5 — The Table Modol. Walnut cabinet, by Berkey de Gay, the most distinguished furniture house in America.

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As everybody knows, the Balkite AC receiver gives you the same marvellous quality of reception that you find in the most recent laboratory mechanisms of today.

Engineering refinement is the answer. Engineering refinement made possible this great forward step in radio. In fact, nothing short of this can give you the daily quality of service wanted in radio; service comparable to that of a fine car!

Now here is a way to buy this "engineered" radio at a moderate price. If music is what you want and all you want, buy the Balkite chassis housed in

a simple but sightly all metal container. If you want music plus furniture, buy this same unit—and then choose the cabinet that fits your purse, your preference or your decorative scheme.

The Fansteel dealer has a wide variety of cabinets to show you.... among them the cabinet you want at the price you want to pay. Ask him!

This is the logical way to buy radio the way to buy radio engineered like a fine car-at a moderate price!

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Balkite Radio

Choosing the Right Radio Set



HE man who is buying a radio today has wonderful opportunities before him-and some pitfalls as well. Never were there so many fine radio outfits on the market, and never were so many sets found below par by the Popular Science Institute of Standaron' tenta.

The 1928-29 radio market offers you sets that far exceed, in tone fidelity and in volume, those offered in previous years. Likewise, some improvement over earlier nets is found in selectivity and sensitivity to distance reception. The really big advance, however, has been in tone and volume.

Current receivers also possess new advantages in the way of convenience and appearance. With the elimination of battery equipment and the substitution of the electric light socket as the source of power supply, inconvenience and unsightliness are done away with. Today, you can get attractive table models with separate loudspeaker, or cousoles with built-in loudspeaker, and in neither case are outside accessories necessary.

The radio buyer's problem, then, comes down to this: He must be sure to select from among sets that come up to 1928-29 standards of efficiency and value, and he must be equally sure he is buying the qualities he wants most. In this, Popular Science Institute can be of assistance. It has completed tests of most of the leading radio outfits, and has prepared a list of those makes that can be considered reliable. The basis for listing has been exacting laboratory tests involving fidelity of reproduction, selectivity, sensitivity to distance reception, power-handling ability, and simplicity of control. In addition, to merit approval, a set must be so designed and constructed, both electrically and mechanically, to insure reasonable freedom from breakdown and necessity for servicing.

The final selection of an outfit suited to the buyer's special requirements, howF. G. PRYOR

Secretary

Popular Science Institute of Standards

ever, must necessarily be left to the buyer himself. But here again the Popular Science Institute will be glad to help to the extent of making specific recommendations, when full information is given as to just what is wanted and how much is to be invested.

"How much must I spend today to get a really good set?" is a question frequently asked. Of course, the term really good" means one thing to one person and something quite different to another, but we cite as a price indication the fact that the cheapest electric set on the Popular Science Institute's approved list, at this writing, costs \$80 without tubes and speaker. This in no way indicates that cheaper electric sets are not worth purchasing, but it does give a clue as to the approximate low price level at which good electric sets

can be manufactured and sold under ordinary conditions.

No matter how much money one is investing, the essential thing is to see that the full amount goes for those qualities the buyer wants most. The sets in which all qualities are developed to a high degree cost several hundred dollars to manufacture. It might seem that in cheaper sets all qualities would be evenly developed to a degree consistent with the price. The Institute's tests, however, indicate that such is not the case. A set may excel in tone quality, for instance, and in other features barely make the grade for its price class.

THIS makes it possible for the radio buyer to pay only for those features he prefers. If you live in a metropolitan area near the good broadcasting stations, for example, there is no particular advantage in a set that is very sensitive to distance reception; rather concentrate on selectivity and tone fidelity in the set you choose. Likewise, if tone quality is the thing you most desire, select the set that is particularly fine in this regard, and be willing to sacrifice less desired features if your investment is limited.

In buying, then, investigate with the above points in mind. Listen to as many sets in friends' homes and dealers' stores as possible. An investment in a radio outfit which has been approved for price and performance by the Popular Science Institute, and which particularly excels in the qualities you consider most important, will bring you the maximum of

radio pleasure.

Popular Science Monthly GUARANTEE

The above seal on an advertisement indicates that the products referred to have been approved after test by the Popular Science Institute of Standards.

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY GURFAUtees every article of merchandise advertised in its columns. Readers who buy products advertised in Posttlak SCHOOL MONTHLY MAY expect them to give absolute satisfaction under normal and proper use. Our readers in buying these products are guaranteed this satisfaction by Poweran SCHENCE MOSTERLY,
THE PURESMENT

INSTITUTE BULLETINS

List of Approved Radio Products, free on request. What the Radio Buyer Should Know, a twenty-two-page booklet full of belpful advice, price twenty-five cents. Address Popular Science Institute, 250 Fourth Ave., New York, N. Y.

City (1) The Hubble III

Industry after industry discovering new uses for this grainless wood board

Read the story of its wide and steadily increasing uses. Read about its remarkable workability, uniform strength, high resistance to moisture, and many other advantages. Then send for large, free sample of Masonite Presdwood, and put it to the test yourself.



POS STORE FIXTURE

Here is a product which is writing a new page of progress, and in scores of industries meeting challenge after challenge of modern manufacturing.

Think of it!—genume wood board that is absolutely grainless! A board that will not

crack, check, split or splinter! A board of uniform strength and truly remarkable workability!

And yet these are only a few of many advantages of Masonite Presdwood. It is very dense and tough. It cannot be destroyed by moisture. One face is steel furniture finish for smoothness and the other side has an imitation canvas finish. It requires no paint for protection, and also takes any finish beautifully.

Presdwood is simply wood torn apart, and put together again. It contains no foreign substances of any kind; not even a chemical binder. So it cannot damage tools.

Presdwood comes trimmed to a four-foot by twelve-foot size. It can be used on any woodworking machine; saw, planer, sander, shaper. It can be cut out, punched, die cut and shaped. In fact, you will find that Presdwood is adaptable and workable almost beyond belief.

No limit to its uses

There seems to be practically no limit to the uses for Masonite Presdwood, and new uses are being discovered week after week.

Candy manufacturers are now using Presdwood for starch trays, and in a number of large manufacturing plants all the telephone booths are lined with it.

In the Chicago Art Institute it is backing and permanently protecting rare works of art.

The ceilings in the new Pullman Cars of various railroads are made of Presdwood;



FOR PANELING

so is flooring for dance halls and pavilions.

Packing cases, concrete forms, radio cabin

Packing cases, concrete forms, radio cabinets, incubators and bowling alleys—these too, are being made of Masonite Presdwood.

And store fixtures of all kinds, bedroom acreens, invalid trays, shelving, work-bench tops, table tops, clothes hampers, bread boxes, cupboards, breakfast nooks and china closets!

Campers' tables, automobile hodies, safety wheels for bathing beaches, speed boats, highway signs and entrance signs, all these too, are made of Presdwood!

Send for free sample

Write for a large, free sample of Masonite Preedwood, and find out what it will do for you. It may be the very material for which you have long been looking. It may enable you to make a worthwhile improvement in your product, and at the same time lower your operating costs to a marked degree. Try Presdwood for yourself!

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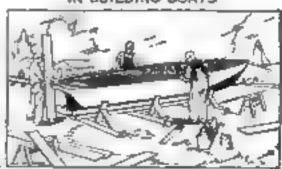
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Our Readers Sa "cut" with gine. The chemical action on the

A High Hat? Never!



SEE your last more was all prethed up as the modle. First it was fetion, then an estional page blossomed forth and now d - a retogravure section. What pert? (No Techanedes duded upwith ailk topper and spats?

"Why not stick to plain, un-TORRORS. Victorialised assistant your founder, did it. I um old

enough to remember that fifty years ago Post on Science, Mosessey needed no doubling up to wield power in the world of scence. Yaked trut: perits no point to set all her charms. A N.P., Physoleigium, Pa.

Forever, We Hope

"HAVE been a subscriber for two years, and would like to ask how long do you think you can continue making the next issue just a little better than the last one? I even read every advertisement."- L. S. , Prockford, Ill.

The Lid Blows Off

"Till AT person who agned himself "Acternal Homeworkshopper" or gift to be ashanes! to guiznit that he is as unprogressive as his letter seems to imply. Lambasting the modemptic furn ture, he impures: "Have see hecome such slaves to movefliciency that we must give up all senue of beauty and proportion?"

"Have we become such slaves to mw cffi-



ciency that we must use automobiles, telepliones, tell me why a person should step out of a ferurious car, train, ocean lines or airplane and live in a bouse filled with furniture deaugued when Queen Anne, Queen Misabeth, or Louis XIV was living? If he will

go into the matter of furniture design a little deeper, he wall find it has always followed the some bors as architecture, therefore, when we live in this day of speed and efficiency, why not have our furniture in keeping wit the lines?

In you stated, the pieces shown in your magazine were of the numbest kind. If the gentleman bud gone to any of the recent ex-later of modernistic styles be not. I ture seen pieces that would have made Chippendale turn green with envy "-Le Moderne, New York Uity

That Tinkling Glass

"THE letter of R. G. D. of Haltimore told of notering that the tinking tone made by floating for against a glass of carbonated becaerage rises in pitel if the glass is shaken rapicly. I think this rise in pitch a case to the lowering of the temperature of the grass as the see melts in the beverage, and not to the carbon days lebubbles, as he believes. I have noted the same results with acid hypo and magnesium sulplate. They both lower the temperature of the water as they go into solution, and neither ure effervescent.

"Exactly the opposite is noted when the liqued is warmed, as when muriatic acid is

gane as it goes into solution beats the bound and the sound given out by the glass will gradually become lower in tone as the temperature resea."-H. L. B., Lott, Tes

See Page Fifty-Tico

"I RF tD with interest your article telling how the Popular Science Institute of Standards tested the secoded huned untenna and found it to be wortness. I am glad to are these gyps exposed to the public. Now I words ake to see the gyp exposed that wellthe ball antenna. This is as bug a fraud as the bursed antenna."-J. R., Blocasington, Ind.

Back at the Byrd Shooters

STEERING cut6-h" I didn't think may person could be and be so jeulous as that person who stans "L. L. t. to a letter berating 'Dick' Byrd, If L. L. C will get busy and use his intelligence in a constructive more ner and the some outstanding thing, I'll take my hat off to him just an quickly as I did to Landy and Dick Byrd, "-J. C. L., Santa Bar-

If Hyrd makes his flights, to L. L. C. claims, for the 'fut profits,' then why doesn't he keep them instead of putting them into another expedition in which he is very hable to be



D. E. C., Lilled C Washington, D. C. H, nd has the weederful a record so far to make any talk of lime stirring up bally-

boo and hero-worship true. Probably L. L. C. will live to see the day when airplanes are as numerous as automobiles, and I hope it comes son - W & C. Had-don Reights, N J

L. L. C. seems to think I at as he can see no good re-

reped from Books thights they are the bunk But who saw more than a toy in the original motion picture machiner - F. C. H., Commbut, Mo.

"I was dumbfounded to think that onyhody could be so parrow-minirel, ignorant, and pig-headed so to believe that Byrd ever attempted a polar or an ocean flight for his own personal interests. - P. M. J., Meltow, Mana.

Building 'Em in India

I AM one of your numerous subscribers in India and take great pleasure in ranking, with the help of my younger brothers, many of the small but useful articles described in your 'Home Workshop' columns. Let me basten to assure you that this taste of making things with our own bands we own entirely to your magazine. Our (latest venture was to make the model airplane, Spirit of St. Lowis, described in your pages. It is so very realistic that everyone who sees it praises us for our skill and perseverance It was a sheer delight to us as the thing took shape day by day and as each specestive constructional problem was exercise. B., Craddock-Town, Nagpur, India.

How Do You Shovel?

N THE corpenter gang where I work, a dispute has been standing unsettled for some time. About half of the men, when they sharel, hold the handle of the abovel on their right side. On the strength of that they contend they are showing right-handed. others hold the shovel on the left nde. They maintain that since the right

band does the lifting, they are shoveling right-handed. would like to luve your quoion at to worth is the mg f handed way of shoveling. --A. H., San Diego, Calif.

He put this up to the men have of our eddorsal stay. The majority, who and naturally eight-handed, hold the obsert of the right inde, but our toko is

wherease right-hunted holds it at his lift entr. white on who is a O hundred holds it at his right the question has not been settled, or the judge would say, "beyond a reasonable doubt If but is your openion?

Why Not "Pilotess"?



REFERRING to you rall her a '30-year-old available.' I stand ready to asform you that the word 'aviately has been stricken from the there would have there turnly you do not differentiate between the

teves in regards to the drayer of an automobile, then why are a relate?

The National Assister Committee for Seromotics delines the term assister as "the operator, or pilot, of beasser than our emit-This term applies regardless of sex of the operator.' The word 'avatrix' was removed about three years ago."-H. W., Berkeley, t a if.

No Humon Speed Limit?

CONCERNING your contorial answer to a reader, as to what is the max mum speed the human body will stand, note that, due to the rotation of the earth, a line as being at the equator is traveling a 14th more than 1,000. relies per hour, the mose sent of the earth in its orbit around the oun, as we recall it, is neveral times this figure, etc.

"There does not seem to be any physical limit to the speed the human body will stand. There is a limit as to what acceleration the body will survive, but this limit canst be in excess of de (three times the acceleration of gravity), or about sixty miles per hour per secord, which is the rate used by the Navy in its auplane catapult."-H F B., New York City,

Too Useful to Miss

STRANGE to say, I discovered only the other day how useful your complete classpied modes in the front of the magazine is. I was surprised how much it below me to find at once the articles in which I am particularly interested."-A. D. B., Brooklyn, N. Y.



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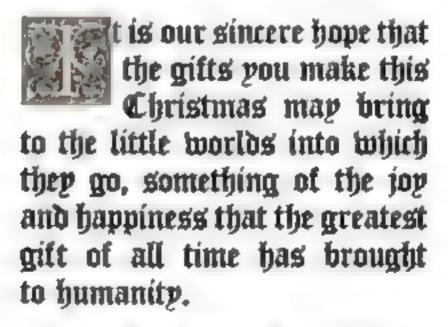
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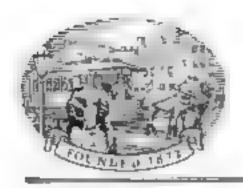


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DECEMBER, 1928

SUMNER BLOSSOM Editor

VOL. 113, NO. 6

The young Spanish inventor of the revolutionary sig-

craft. Juan de la Cierve. He plans to bring the nu-

chine to America

Windmill Plane Makes Good



Cross-Channel Flight of the Autogiro, Latest in Aircraft, May Bring a Safer Era in Aviation—Its Young Inventor Tells How It Works and What It Does

By MARCEL WALLENSTEIN

IKE a leaf drifting gently to the ground, a flying windmill dropped out of the aky, the other day, and onto the aviation field at Le Bourget, near Paris. Aviators and mechanics, the usual crowd at the busy surport, watched it descend—a strange craft with the body of an airplane and four great windmill-like vanes alowly spinning above it in lieu of wings. Gracefully it floated to earth, roded a few feet, and stopped. Two men stepped out.

This was the "autogro," so-called freak plane of the Spanish inventor Juan de in Cierva, designed to land in the space of a few square yards. It had proved itself With the inventor-pilot and a passenger it had crossed the English Channel from Croydon, the London airport, to St. Inglevert, a small field near Boulogne, France—a hundred-mile flight on the London Paris airline—then on to Paris. It had, in the opinion of several European experts, unlocked a door leading to new conquests of the air.

Shortly after the Channel-crossing the autogro, repaired following an unfortu-

nate mushap and crash during an exhibition flight, made another successful flight, this time from Le Bourget field to Brussels, the Belgian capital. And as this is written, the young Spanish inventor has announced his intention of bringing the strange craft to America soon.

Lindbergh and those who followed him few across the Atlantic airlanes and were hailed as heroes. The mere channel flight of Cierva is in itself a modest feat in comparison, but it has proved to the world that the autogiro is a practical advance in flying, perhaps the greatest forward stride nince the Wright brothers taught the world the rudiments of aviation.

For hearly five years Cierva had been demonstrating a succession of models of his autogiro in Europe. To all save a few isolated enthusiasts, the invention had been regarded as a freak, an amusing experiment, but not a safe solution of the most difficult problem in aviation which it was designed to meet landing at a dead stop. But the success of the Channel flight at once caught the public imagination. Here was a machine which at

least could stay in the air, could do its hundred miles an hour, could cross the twenty-one miles of water dividing Britain from the Continent.

"The most important flight since Bleriot first flew the Channel in the opinion generally of the British experts. The British Air Ministry has ordered four machines from Cierva, and the French goverament is contemplating immediate purchases.

HAS a new epoch dawned in aviation? Possibly. Inventors long have dreamed of air travel for everybody; of the traffic problem solved in the sky; of planes runng vertically from and descending upon flat-top roofs. The autogro by no means brings all this to pass; yet it does offer a concrete, tangible development in that direction. Those who have looked toward the day of the helicopter—the flying machine capable of lifting itself

straight up may now concentrate their attention upon the invention of the young Spanish engineer, and the subsequent perfection of it. Not a belicopter is his device, but an airplane so radically modified as to give remarkable qualities of stabil ity, mafety, and ability to rise and descend in the most cramped flying fields. Even twenty passenger, 250-mican-hour autogiros may be built, the inventor declares.

The story of the autogroin a story of intelligence and hard work. Young De la Cierva's efforts have not been

those of a penniless youth fighting upwards from obscurity. His father is a prominent and wealthy Spanish lawyer. who, in the government preceding the dictatorship of Primo de Rivera, was war mounter in the Madeid cabinet

T THE age of sixteen Juan junior A turned his attention to aerodynamies, although his first experiments were not with the windfull plane. The theory of the helicopter first interested, then commanded his efforts, and this interest led directly to the development of his revolutionary plane.
In 1920 I had the first theoretical

conception of my autogiro," he told me in London just after his Channel flight. "Three years later I actually showed one of my machines in flight. Two years later I had unproved greatly on the original nien with the machine I brought to

England,"

He was invited to demonstrate his plane in England, where Bir Selton Brancker, vice air marshal, a student of flying since long before the war, gave him every assistance. In De la Cierva's three years of experiment in the face of public and official apathy, Brancker has been his constant friend and counselor.

Prov to his arrival in England De la Cierva had spent only about two hours

in the me to his autogiro.

"In 1925," he told me, "I was trying only to prove that the nuchine would fly and that it had one or two essentially new qualities. Now that the 'flying windmill has proved it ean fly, my task has been to produce machines as perfect mechangealy as standard airplanes, comparing with them favorably in ordinary performance, and possessing, besides, the new advantages which ordinary planes cannot hope to attain."

DEFORE the Channel flight, De la Derva had put in about forty hours of experimental flight over various parts of the United Kingdom. At senal meets, all through the spring and summer, the horizontal windmill blades of his craft became familiar to thousands of spectators. Three British service pilots, including Bert Hinkler, the famous Australian, have put the new model autogro through severe tests at the Hamble airdrome near Southampton, A. V. Roe & Company, the pioneers of British aircraft construction, now are turning out the craft for the inventor's company, which is known as Autoguo Limited. It is reported to have sold nine autogiro planes already—



Whenever the autogico has crashed, its easy vertical drop has prevented serious or fatal accident. This picture shows the machine after its recent crush at Le Bourget Field. De la Ciarva and a passenger escaped japany.

of which one is for use in the United States, another purchased by Italy, three by Spain, and the other four by England.

Cierva emphasizes the fact that his "autogen" is not a true vertical flying craft despute some popular impression to the contrary. It is essentially an airplane, but an airpiane at which you will look in vain for wings. Unity the approdages of wangs remain on long poles a lonesome pair of ailcross, or balancing flaps. Above, on a mast, which the feather-shaped windnull vanes, slowly or swiftly as the arrplane's speed changes.

In these spanning vanes lies the whole secret of the autogiro's abdity to come to earth at the amazingly slow speed of fifteen miles an bour, as it did at Lo Bourget, instead of the forty or more required by a standard plane. This slow



Cierva in the corkpit at the start of the Channel Sight, aboving opright rotor most, and the baged mints of the lifting trans-

descent manimizes the chance of a crack-up.

The vanes are perfectly free to spin-not by motor power, but by the forceful air draft created by the airplane a own forward speed under its standard tractor peopeller. As they spin on their ball bearings they lift

f onsequently, although the airplane may be moving at the lesurely rate of fif teen miles an hour, the sustaining air stream that lifts the windmill-like wings, and

through them the plane, is moving for practical purposes much faster—the plane's speed, plus a certain speed due to the vance' own spinmag. Hence the autogiro can stay in the air or float deliberately to earth, where a standard plane, robbed of its sustaining velocity, would drop like a plummet and CTASE.

THAT is the autogree prin-I ciple in a few words. In practice, it is a little more detailed. How can the windnull, so-called, spin at all when the air stream strikes

both sides? Because of the fact that the wangs of the windrell are streamlined, and such streamlined bodies offer more resistance to the wind with their sharp edges forward than reversed. And De la Cierva demonstrated with a model, in the acrodynamic laboratory of Cuastro-Vientes at bladrid, that the excess wind pressure on the sharp-edged side of his windmill, as illustrated in the diagram accompanying this article, is sufficient to

whirt the whole thing.

This diagram, too, shows why the total lift of the windmill is greater than for a stationary wing. One inclined windmill vane is moving forward against the air with its own spinning speed plus that of the plane; therefore, its lift is greater than that of a stationary plane. The opposite vane is running away from the plane's motion; its lift is less. But there are also two vance fore and aft, whose lift is a combination of their own speed and some air pressure caused by their nichned position with respect to the plane's travel, beace the sum of all four is a lift conascerably more than could be obtained with a conventional wing of the same total area.

SINCE a vane on one side lifts more than the opposite one, why doesn't the sutogiro tip over sideways? Because the unequal bits are equalised through hinges on the shuft that allow the vanes, which are hung on elastic braces, to swing upward through a small are until the lifts balance. In flight they actually flap a little, somewhat like a bird's wings, not far, because the centrifugal force, or outward poli, of the fast-spinning vanes holds: them down despite the upward push of our under them.

It is thus ability of the wings to adjust themselves to equalize air lift effects that supplies the autogiro's remarkable



How the streamlined winderful vanes operate to lift the craft, and also to stabilize it by equations the lift no both sides.

stability. It is self-balancing; air "pockets" or bumps are not felt by its pilot or pastengers, and airsickness, companion malady to seasickness, is unknown.

There is no essential difference between the controls and those of an ordinary machins, the ailerons being carried by two lateral spars in Cierva's earlier machines, and by very small monoplane wings in the 1928 model.

THE inventor's greatest difficulties with the first machine were much the same no those experienced by the Wright brothers with the first amplane. First he had to get his autogire into the air. At the outset this was done by a team of men pulling a rope wound round the root of the rotor, or most, to give it the first spin required. Since the experiments with his first model. De la Cierva has altered the shapes of his blades several times, until the climbing power of the autogiro has been more than doubled. Today the new model, carrying the pilot and one passenger, has a greater climbing ability than the previous model enright only of-

be very wide because of the alow landing speed. The entiret machines met with te scatted as a replacement of the revention of the touches. The direct grant of the buddes. The other three blades sevent a series crash, the plane fulling shows to the ground.

Roy me as a passent content of place. In some of the machines recently built the assument has been experimenting with a sould where, or the astrongent hours which, through low pitch generic afters the lateral angle of the most a solar ing the entire of the ecotor of gravity. The matroments also are the same as in ordinary machines, with the exception of an extra revolution counter, which is connected with the revolving blades.

The engine having been started and warmed up, a mechanic, instead of whirling the propeller, as with ordinary places, sets free the rotating blades. Starting into the wind, the autogra takes of the

ground as soon as the wing revolutions have reached eighty percent of their manimum capacity, and while the horizontal taxing speed is still reduced. The hest climbing speed is slower than that of the usual plane, being from forty to fifty miles an hour.

Priots who have tested the machine say it in extraordinarily easy to fly, and less susceptible to rough weather than other planes. It answers easily and immediately to rudder, elevator, and ailcross. In turning, the rudder is used exclusively, the machine banking almost automatically.

AND now, with the engine throttled down, the autopro glides at a speed of fifteen miles an hour! It is time for the vertical descent. The pilot wishes to land in a field, surrounded by trees or a small park, or even on a large roof. He pulls back his stick, the earth seems slowly to rise under him. The engine is dead. There is not the noise of the customary

descent. The autogiro is stable and under perfect control. Within a dozen feet of the ground the pilot releases his stack a little, the machine surges forward again. Then at three to ten feet above the ground, the stick is pulled back swiftly again, and the autogiro drops slowly for the last few food.

WITH special undercarriages, such as have been used on some of the experimental machines at the Hamble field, it is possible to drop vertically from any beight without harm to the machine, but with a considerable bump.

Pilots who have flown both the conventional planes and the autogro have discovered this main difference between them: If the engine fails in a monoplane or hiplane on the average cross country

flight the pilot usually can expect a funeral, or ten days in a hospital, if he is lucky. If the autoigro engine dies there is no stall or nose dive to fear. It descends as safely as a parachute, but under

the pilot's control. Lecturing to a group of British pilots recently, De la Cierva told them: "In an autogiro you can enjoy low flight without anxiety, and nearly all the pilots who have flown any of my machange have described the peculiarly comfortable feel ing which is, I believe, equivalent to that of a driver of a powerful and fast car with wonderful brakes, who can enjoy high speed on the roads without fearing the sudden appearance of any obstacle.

"IF, WHEN flying low in an autogiro—taking off, for instance—your engone begins to loss power and you realise that trees, houses, wires, or other obstacles are only fifty yards shead of you and cannot be cleared - don't worry. Throttle down the engine and stop the machine in the air in a few yards by pulling back the stick-pulling it right back, as for vertical descent. Thu is your nerodynamical brake, and it will save lives,"

An ordinary plane can be remed in almost as rapidly,

as any pilot knows, but the result is often fatal. Acarly always it means a sudden stall the plane beeling over reto a mose dive or span out of control, with resultant

The natural enthusiasm of the inventor has been shared by the British pilots at Hamble. Lady Heath, the woman who flew unaccompanied from South Africa in a baby Moth biplane, recently was given her first autogiro flight in a machine with dual controls, and was delighted with the expension.

Any man can pilot the autogro, says De la Cierva. It is apparently the one inherently stable beavier than air machine, and no great skill or extraordinarily quick thinking is required to control it Stalling lalls (Continued on page 180)





Above. The autogiru hovering above Le Bourget Field, near Paris, at the end of its successful flight across the English Channel. Below: The muchine at Hambie airdrome, England, before the flight.



EThomas A. Edican

So They Wrote to Edison-

Americans who have won distinction in the field of electricity where they obtained their first knowledge of the subject, more than buil of them probably will name the same book. It is The ABC of Electricity, written in 1888 by William H. Meadoweroft. To this same man, the electric signs which make Broadway famous and which stretch from coast to coast ove their beginning. Meadoweroft was the originator of the application of electricity to display signs.

But, besides being an electrical authority in his own right, he is noted as the man who knows Thomas A. Edwar hest. For forty-seven years he has been associated intimately with him and for the past eighteen years he has been his confidential secretary. No one in the world is better qualified to write about

Edison or his daily life.

In this article Mr. Meadowcroft tells of some of the strange, the amusing, the interesting letters that come from the ends of the earth to Edison's over-flowing most basket. If you have ever wondered what sort of letters the mailman beings a famous man or what the thousands of people, who address him through the mail, write about, you will long remember this incide glimper into the life of Thomas A. Edison. The Editor.

Surprising Things the Great Inventor Finds in His Flood of Mail Every Day

By WILLIAM H. MEADOWCROFT

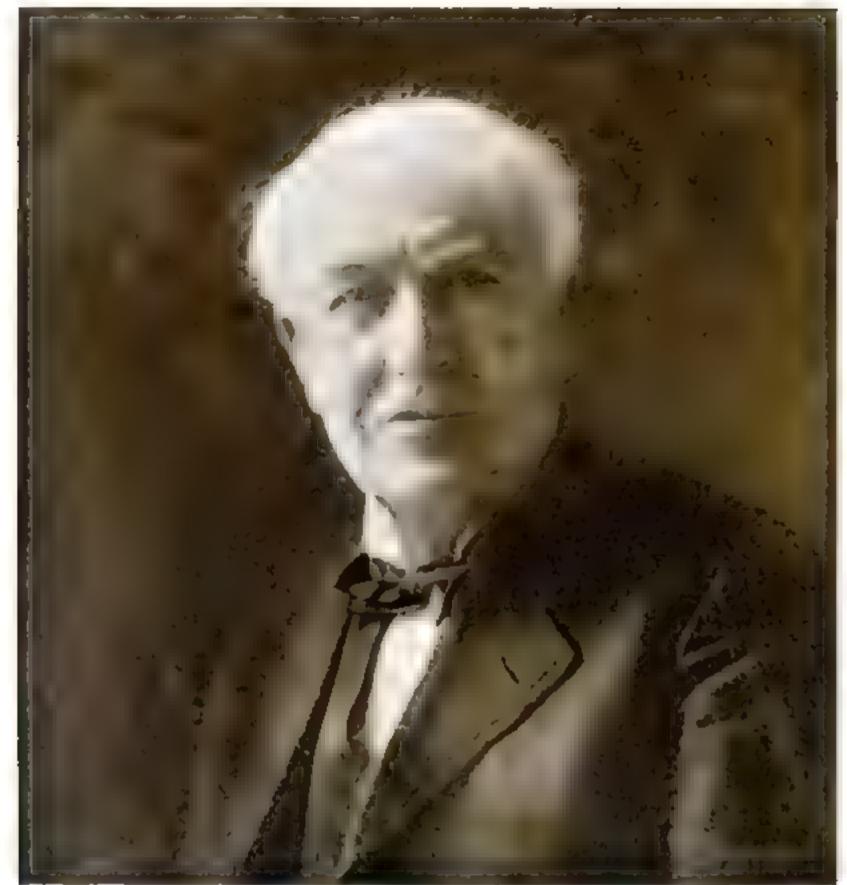
HE attainment by an individual of even a moderate degree of fame brings with it an unsolicated increase in the number of letters delivered at his door by the nostman. His regular business and personal mail may, of course, show a natural and legitimate growth, but in proportion to the extent of the publicity which has brought him toto prominence, so will be become a shining mark for the arrows of the ever watchful writers of letters to those in the public eye.

This is essentially so in the case of Edison, who has attained fame in so many directions. It simply resolves itself into a multiplicity of subjects upon which miscellaneous correspondents may spend their efforts, and it goes on year after year. Day by day his secretaries open the letters and, after reserving such as can be attended to by them, place the re-

mainder in an overflowing mail basket on the inventor's desk.

And such a mail! It is doubtful whether I note Sam delivers to any other single person such a variegated amortment. Besides reports from various companies and departments and a large number of really important communications relating to havetensive business interests, Edison is flooded with a variety of letters which to answer adequately would make demands on the wisdom of a Solomon, the contents of an encyclopedia, and the pocketbook of Croesus.

Of course, the autograph collector is always in evidence, and if all of his or her desires were sat shed. Educat would become a mere clerk. Parents write to ask what is best to do with sons who show some learning toward electricity or other arts and sciences. Applicants for positions contribute no small quots. Owners



"I am long on ideas but short on time." says Edmon. "I only expect to live to be about 100." Yet he still finds time to read letters from all parts of the world, in the overflowing shall basket upon his desk.

Walt of Albus

of mines (and their name is legion) send samples of ore, asking for analyses, and offer to share their property with the inventor—for a consideration. Boys who are interested in electricity seek illumination on various problems which confront them in their experiments. Deaf people write to ask if he has not made some invention to adeviate their affection. Doctors, lawyers, scientists, and thinkers send him complimentary copies of books, pamphlets, and papers they have written

THESE cover an infinite variety of subjects, and some expression of opposion is expected. Faddists and exponents of various "isms" and cults write mysteriously and intricately to get his views concerning hair-splitting theories with which they are wrestling.

Experimenters in almost every conceivable branch of the arts and sciences write to ask his views on some particular line of work in which they happen to be engaged. Quite frequently the latter class of epistles contain lengthy descriptions, covering many pages of more or less intelligible matter, more or less illegibly written; and not acidom there is propounded, quite artiessly, some question that would require the writing of a small volume to answer. A good example of such questions in one case was, "How do they make the most efficient dynamos?" Invitations to banquets, expositions, meetings of societies, and other functions are constantly seen in the inventor's mail

Requests for interviews by those who have "a very important idea" that can only be explained in person are of frequent occurrence. The "important idea" correspondents are usually called on for a bill of particulars before an audience is considered. The chances are that this finally disposes of the matter entirely.

Several large record books, and notebooks galore, crammed with endless ideas of his own for further inventions, offer eloquent testimony to the truth of what Edison has often said in this connection. "I am long on ideas but short on time. I only expect to live to be about 100." It is not to be expected that so prominent a mark would not be simed at by those who send out letters asking for financial aid, either in the shape of loans or gifts. These are plenty, as also are numerous opportunities to finance business propositions. Occasionally comes one seeking to establish a relationship, more or less distant, usually so far distant as to be unrecognizable.

Letters from friends of boyhood or of old telegraph days are far from uncommon and usually meet with a courteous response.

AND, once to a while from various parts of our own country and from all parts of the world, comes a gleam of subshine in the shape of a letter expressing gratitude to the inventor of the phonograph for the happy hours Edison has afforded them. Other letters convey the appreciation of the writers for the comforts and blessings brought into their lives by his other inventions. Only a very short time ago a (Continued on page 152)



Giant Zeppelin

LIE gas" as motor fuel has passed to first real test in the great Germany-to-America Graf Zeppelen, for the moment the world a largest airsh p. When Dr. Hugo Eckener a latest creation rose on its trial trip over Munich, Germany, preparatory to a trans-Atlantic flight to America, its engines were burning gasoline. But a few minutes later the rear motors, their gasoline supply shut off, were fired with the new feel gas through rubber tubes from the balloonlike gas compartments. Next the lorward motors awitched to the new gas without missing an explosion.

Success was even greater than expected, So powerfully did the new air-thin gas drive the engines that Dr. Eckener announced the slop would use the fuel gas

exclusively. Latest engineering triumphs are built into the (crof Zeppelin, the craft that is Germany a answer to entire of airships as opposed to arplanes. Half again as large as our Los Angeles, the 3,700,000 cubicfoot ship is second in size only to Britain's ships, now being built. It surpasses in sheer bulk the Great Pyramid of Egypt.

From it are himg the crotor gondolas with their five air-cooled \$30-horsepower Maybach motors, and passenger and navigation cabins. Within, the main gondola reveals huxurous accommodations for twenty passengers. Downslanted wandows and ceding lights illuminute a comfortably-furnished disting cabin and lounge. Forward are ten alceping cabins with Pulimanlike upper and lower bertha. Navigation and radio cabins, and an electric lutches, occupy adjoining compartments.

Within the gas bag itself, the "upstates" of the craft, live the crew. A narrow catwalk runs the length of the dirigible, which as so long-nearly 800 fret that it takes three minutes to walk from one end to the other.

Great spaces reserved for cargo and sacks of mail reflect Dv. Eckener's contention that the ship's greatest utility will be as an air freighter. I pon publication of the Graf Zeppeim's stinerary, including a trip from Germany to Lakehurst. N J, and return, the U S. Post Office Department announced plans to dispatch the first air mail to Germany.

proper holds nearly a nathon enlac feet at t gut-r igh to keep the gaz Physic const SHEWHIR right and duy for ten years

in the gas ling

Thus gan i practically as light assurand therefore mean preciable load for the diagoale to carry. Cop. sequentay, when part of it in used up, there in little change in

the whole cruft's weight and it need not valve off part of its precious hydrogen to avoid bobbing upward into the sky, as it would tend to do were gusolme used. Blaugas contains a negligibie percentage of high-inflaminable gas, managing explesson bazard and danger of ignit ug the hydrogen-filled gas bug above.

BLAUGAS is manufactured by distili-ing and decomposing crude on in huge retorts, heated to a temperature of a thousand degrees F.—the heat of red-hot iron. There the oil decomposes and turns into a variety of gases which, after passing through elemera, coolers, and scrubbers, are stored in tanks. Eight gullons of oil produce 1,000 cubic feet of gas.

Powerful pumps then draw the gas from its holders and compress it, causing most of the gas to liquefy. It may then be transported in steel cylinders, and allowed to expand and re-gasify when needed.

The new Zeppelin's tremendous cruising radius of 7,000 miles could take it from Berlin to San Francisco without stopping. In this factor Doctor Eckener sees the main challenge to the airplane's supremacy-a challenge so real that plans are under way for a dirigible air line from Germany to South America.

Radio Outruns the Hurricane

While the Tropical Fury Blew Paths of Death and Ruin, the "Hams" Stood by to Warn and Send Aid

By

GEORGE LEE DOWD, JR.

recently at the destruction wrought by the West Indian hurricane that swept a path of death and rain through Porto Rico, the Virgou Islands, Guadaloupe and several smaller islands, and our own Florids. Scores of ships were wrecked, custles of the rich and cabins of the poor alike demolished, and hundreds of defenceless people drowned in floods that laid waste farms and orchards as the terrific tempest rolled northward.

The tropical storm, one of the worst in modern history, struck the Florida coast with such intensity that at West Palm Beach and Palm Beach alone, nearly 100,000 persons were left homoloss and the damage to property was more than

\$100,000,000.

The hurricane was first discovered about 800 miles east of Guadaloupe in the Atlantic Ocean. It traveled westnorthwest over Guadaloupe to the southern part of the Virgin Islands, passed along the southern coast of Porto Rico, then turned northwest, lashing over Turks Island and Nassau to the Florida coast, which it hit with tremendous force. From there, with diminished power, it recurved to the northward and then portheast, passing pear Jacksonville, Fla., Savannah, Ga., Charleston, S. C., Wilmington, N. C., and Richmond, Va. Its tail end, assuming the form of high winds and pelting runs, switched over cities of Pennsylvania. It died at last in the vicenty of Buffalo, N. Y , exactly ten days after it was first reported.

O'E of the remarkable aspects of the storm was the fact that though it was predicted by the United States Weather Bureau, three days before Florida feit its impact, still, just as in 1926, the actual arrival of the gale found many communities completely unprepared. An explanation can be found only in the fact that manked habitually neglects to profit by the lessons of experience.

Another noteworthy feature was the part played by radio, and especially by "hams" or amateur operators, in flashing news of the approaching hurricane to regions along its path. No sooner was the first warning broadcast that the storm had descended upon the West



For hours, while the terrific storm was at its height. Nather Pomerants, twenty-year old radio emeteur of Brooklyn, N. Y., handled extension to sed from the struckes area through his station.

Indies and was rushing northward toward Florida, than all available rudio stations in the wind-swept area were pressed into service. With telephone and telegraph wires torn down by gales reaching a velocity of more than 100 miles an bour, these stations furnished the sole means of communication.

STATION WRVS, of the University of Silversity of Florida, was the first to spread warning of the disaster. The news was picked up and relayed by WCAM, of the Miami Daily News, and other stations. As a result, thousands fied to cover. Commercial telegraph stations meanwhile had flashed worst to vessels at sea.

The Tropical Radio Company, despite loss of two acrues at Miami, succeeded it maintaining unbroken communication with the "outside." Contact was established with station WBF, at Boston, and thousands of messages inquiring after the safety of friends and relatives were relayed through this circuit. Assistance in relaying messages and spreading warning was given by ships in the hurricane.

vicinity, while short-wave stations of the Radio Corporation of America at San Juan and along the Atlantic court kept a constant vigil.

Splendid service was given, too, by amateur radio operators in the United States and (anada and in Porto Rico and

the Virgin Islands.

Through his station 2APD Nathan Pomerants, a twenty-year-old amateur of Brooklyn, N. Y., handled many messages to and from the stricken area. Aside from operating his own station in Brooklyn, Pomerants worked a low-wave station at the Radio World's Fair, held at that time in New York, There many messages were relayed to Florida and Porto Rico. Pomerants reported picking up NBB, the paval station at St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, while the storm center was only thurteen miles south of that point.

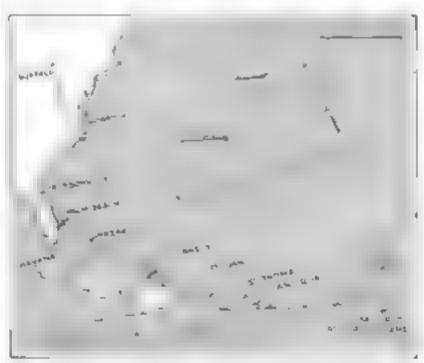
OPERATING continuously from nine o'clock on Sunday morning until five o'clock on Monday afternoon, amateur station 4AAO, of Homestead, Florida, handled messages for relatives of

persons in the affected area. Other amateur stations that did valuant service included 4EI, 4AFC, and 4AGR, at Palm Beach, and 4AFL,

at Tampa.

In Quebec, Canada, several "hams" proved themselves Good Samaritans of the air, keeping at their instruments virtually through the entire first three days of the burricane, relaying measages and standing by for distress calls. Alexander Reid, of station 2 BE, St. Lambert, Que., particularly distinguished himself.

How do tropical hurricanes originate? Experts disagree as to their



The path of the recent burricane. Rising from the Atlantic Orean seat of the West Indica, it swept to the westward and northward,

exact cause, though the theory is generally accepted that they start as eddies between conflicting air currents, while the excessive heating of moist air over a large area of the tropical ocean, with a resultant expansion upward, outflow above, and inflow below, is one of the chief contributing causes.

The meeting of conflicting winds, it is now generally accepted, leads to the formation of eddies and ascending currents. A whirling vortex is set up as a result of the deflective effect of the earth's rotation on the winds flowing toward the storm

center. This vortex, once created and set in motion, will be kept going for a long time by mertia, in spite of fraction, and thus may travel far over the earth's surface before rt does out.

The storm appearently is carned along by the air stream in which it was formed. First it travels westward with the trade winds. Then, if its persists, it is curried along with the general circulation of air around the border of a subtropical high-pecuaire area into the temperate sone, and later it swings eastward and poleward with the prevailing westerly winds of middle latitaile.

WEST Indian hurrscape is, in Areabty, a cyclone of small area but unusually powerful in its whieling action and consequently of great destructive force. Ande from the West Indian, there are at least four other extersive somer in which hurricanes originate. These are the Pacific Ocean, adjacent to China, Japan and the Philippines, the South Partie east of Australia and near Sumon, the Bay of Bengal, and the Indian Ocean just off the repeasificable to tenor

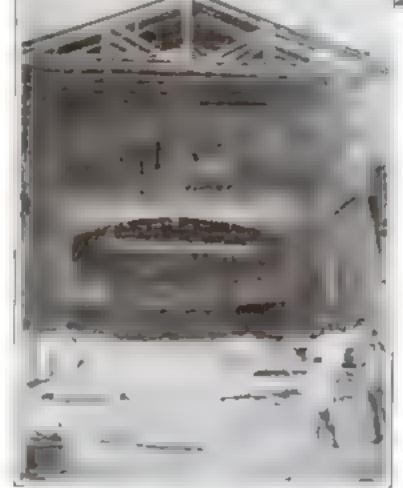
The customary name for such tempests in the Far East is typhoon a word of Change perivation in the Philippaies they are ended bagues. Cyclone is their designation in the Indian Geents In the South Pacific, as in the Atlantic area, the name hurricane predominates. But they all are temperal cyclones

Sometimes the hirrarane is confused with storms which exhibit similar characterratics—the extra-tropical cyclone and the tornado. They are, however, very

d summer in extent and intensity. An

Scores of vessels were caught and wrecked by the humanane blast. The remarkable photograph shows a best blown ashere and left high and dry among the trees near West Palm Beach.

extra-tropical cyclone may have an average diameter of 1,500 miles, and an exceptional one may cover the entire northern half of the North Atlantic Ocean. A troporal cyclone varies in diameter from fifty to 300 pules. Compared with these two, the tornado is a mere midget, its diameter extending from a few yards to half a mile. Also, the tornado is of land ongo, whereas the hures-



Chastly rein left by the winds. All that was left of a theater in San Juan, Ports Bico, after the recent storm had passed

cane and the cyclone rue from the waves.

But in the matter of intensity, the roles are reversed. In this respect, the pygnay-the tornado-m a giant. It is the most powerful atmospheric blast known, and the deadhest. Its velocity at times reaches 500 miles an houg. That is approximately four times the speed of

the average tropical burncane. Many extra-tropical cyclones do not even mak as gales. The greater destructiveness of the burricane is due to its austained

On the other DOWER. hand, the ternado m al ways of brief duration.

Hurrannes surely contione farther up the Atlantic coast than Dela As in the recent Water. storm, the northern caties may expenence beavy rain and high winds as a result, but the damage there is negligible compured to that done in the south. What rain and wind the north receives are said to be caused by the fact that a portion of the hurricane reverses its course after beading back out to the ocean.

The immunity of the northern scaboard from the worst fury of hurricanes is heheved to be a result of generally prevailing atmospheric conditions, which will not produce the intensity of which tropical storms are capable.

Chaos of weeked horses.

and twisted trees at

West Palm Seach, Fla.

HURRICANE carely sweeps far Amland. One notable exception was the hurricane which caused 5.000 deaths in Galveston, Texas, in 1000. Beginning in mid-Atlantic, it crossed the Caribbean Sea and Cuba and followed the Gulf Coast from the tip of Florida. When it reached Texas, it swept inland, draving before it a great tidal wave that covered Galveston to a depth of from four to sixteen feet. It then blew over the Massasippa Valley, passed out to sea by way of the St. Lawrence River, and eventually struck Iceland. This hurricane, which lasted about two weeks, was one of the most terrific storms ever recorded

From time immemorial, tropical storms have scourged the earth,

but our knowledge of them is comparatively recent. Before the seventeenth century, hurricanes were known merely as excessively strong and destructive winds. Their rotary motion was not discovered until much later, after the invention of the weather chart, which dates only from the beginning of the nineteenth century. It was finally recognised in 1831,

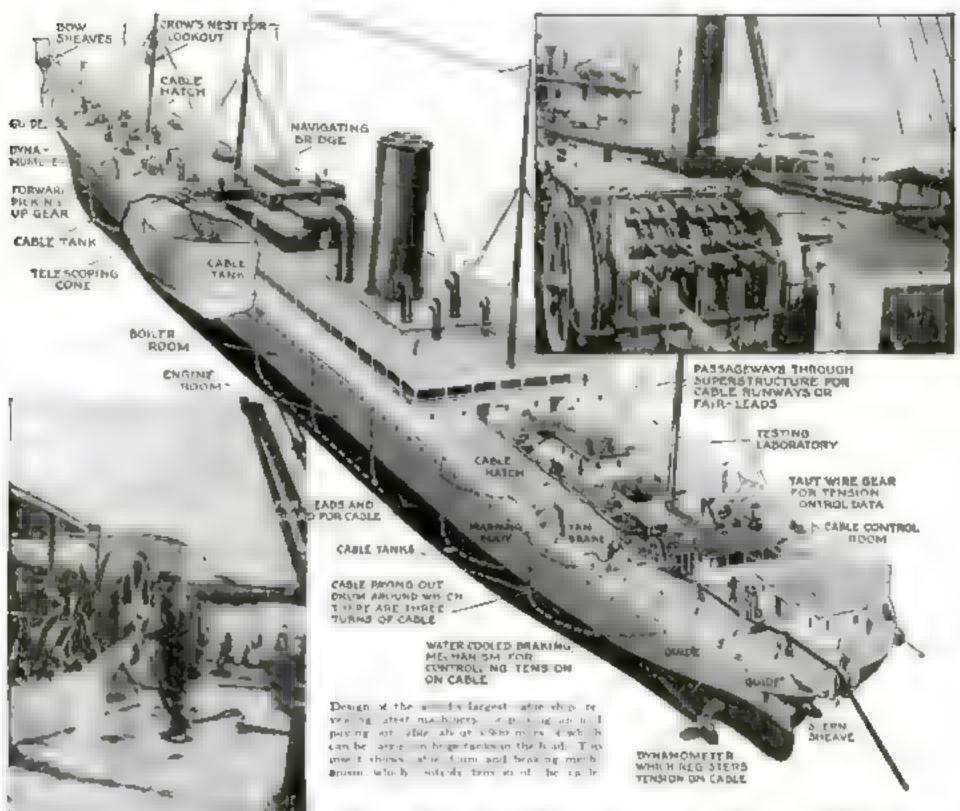
VERYBODY, said Mark Twain. L talks about the weather, but nobody does snything about it. Hurricanes always have lashed the West Indies and Florida, and there is no prespect that they will ever cease to do so. The only hope for the future lies in the lessons which disasters teach.

After the San Francisco earthquake, architects and engineers devoted their attention to erecting types of buildings that would withstand a recurrence of the great abook. An article describing the construction of hurricane-proof houses appeared in Popular Science Monthly

for February 1927,

Emulation of the San Francisco example is the only possible protection against burneanes and their resultant misery, Humanity cannot avoid the fury of the elements. The time will come when man's innate sense of self preservation, coupled with his ingenuity, will lead him to devise means to resist them.

Laying the New Ocean Cable



Four Printion brains, acting directly on the paying-out drum, are moded by water.

How the World's Greatest Cable Ship Joins the Continents with Miles of Unbroken Wire

HE inrgest and fastest cable-laying ship in the world, the Dominia, recently completed the main linkbetween Bay Roberts, Newfoundland, and the Azores—of the latest trans-Atlantic cable, which will transmit eight messages at once between the United States, Europe, and Africa. The Dominion is 509 feet long, twenty-two feet longer than the Colonie, its famous auter ship, which has laid more index of cable than any other vessel in the world. Its oillaurning engages drave at at a top speed of 14.5 knots an hour. It has a crew of 130 men, and its 180,000 cubic feet of cable space allows it to carry approximately 3,900 miles of deep-sea cable.

Four huge tanks in the hold contain these miles of cable, all in one piece. During a trip, an electric current is kept passing from above through the length of the cable, lighting a signal lamp. If the lamp goes out, indicating a break or the development of a defect in the wire. The man on watch presses a button which instantly stops all machinery and the ship itself. Wheels and guides lead the cable from the bold to a drum, which it circles three times before continuing through a dynamometer, thence through a final sheave at the stern of the ship and into the occan.

Through an ingenious system of brakes, the cable engineer governs the slack, which is allowed to take care of irregularities of the sea bottom. A chain connects the shaft of the drum with a fau which revolves in a metal case with adjustable openings that regulate the inrush of air, and consequently the speed at which the fan turns. The greater the pressure of inrushing air, the slower the fan revolves. As it slows up, the chain drags on the shaft, slowing the drum. The fan's

maximum drag is equal to the pull of forty borses, but it has an air-cushion effect without sudden jerking that might part the cable.

BESIDES the fan brake, four friction brakes act directly on the shaft, which is cooled by a constant stream of water. A puno wire, played out with the cable, is kept taut and a comparison of the amounts of cable and wire that are let out shows the exact amount of slack in the cable. The dynamometer shows the stream on the cable in hundred-weights and indicates when the pull on it is nearing the danger point.

When the vessel is laying cable on the ocean's bed it plows ahead night and day at an average speed of seven knots an bour, leaving about two hundred miles of copper wire behind it during a twenty-

four-hour run.

Mechanical Men Walk and Talk

AlTOMATONS, as such, are not new. The inventor Archyton, in 400 B.C., devised the first, a flying dove. A mechanical man that played cards, exhibited in London in 1875, was surpassed only a few months ago by a mechanical chess player, which stopped of its own accord if the human opponent cheated. The German battleship Zachringen, sailing the seas today without a man aboard, is guided by a mechanical pilot with rudio "cars".

Marvelous feats, these, but "robots" are in themselves complete evidence that no mechanical contrivance can ever wholly replace human labor. Their very perfection is a tribute, not to themselves, but to the intelligence of the men who designed them and set them in operation. They respond, but man thinks.

PON the rostrum sat a large and awesome figure, not unlike the grant warrier of brow stop the mountain in Sheherazade's tale. But this huge mouster had the cold white sheen of tip, and the experienced eye could tell that aluminum was his substance.

With his armor-plated chest, arms, and legs, and sharp metal joints at the knoes, he seemed like a grotesque enlargement of the knights-in-armor that frighten ederly indy yes tors in museums.

The Thing's enurmous are and the stark anniolatty of his face gave him a really terrifying quality. His lipless, toothless mouth agape, his bollow eves aslant he stared into an audience that purked the Royal Horneultural Hall, in London. Fairly popered, they returned harlifeless gaze. They felt solven seconsly that here was some strange symbol of relentless Fate itself.

There wonder mounted to amazement when, with a grinding, creaking noise, the figure rose and moved his stiff axis in a superfluous gesture asking for silence. Suddenly, the black, dead eves became alive with a ghastly vehow light. And then—he spoke!

"Ladies and gentlemen came a rumbling voice. "Unaccustomed as I am to public speaking, it gives me great pleasure

The spell was broken. True, the voice had an uncartily sound. But the pronunciation was that of the typical educated Englishman, and the words were the time-honored commonplaces attered by presiding officers the world over.

In such novel fashion, the recent model Engineering Exhibition was opened in the British capital. A scientist of note had promised to preside; but a few days before the opening date, word was received that he would not be able to appear. It was then that Captain W. H.

Amazing Automatons Invented to Operate Mighty Machinery, Speak at Meetings, Make Lightning Calculations, and Rid the World of Drudgery

By ROBERT E. MARTIN

Richards conceived the idea of constructing a man of metal to do the job. This creature not only would take the place of the defaulting chairman, but serve as a most appropriate feature for the engine mag show. He set to work quickly and obsistened his aluminum creation.

Eric moved and had his being through the means of an electric motor, electromagnets, pulleys, and levers concealed in his body. For rusing him from his seat, causing him to how to the sudience, and resume his clusic, another motor was concealed in the platform under his feet. Ingenious electrical instruments (a jealously guarded secret of his inventor) enabled Eric to bear questions and answer in a human voice.

In large lettering on Eric's breastplate appeared the instala "R. I. R. ' (abort for "Rossum's I inversal Robots.), which was a set force if the I the If a fame I as the Katel Capek I as Cook which is a consequent, in which has been a set of the accordance to the

Ones a really a selective property to the West by J Landon - Or appearance of the real points of the real po

EAR IER the Towns and or II. J. William to accommon control by the II. J. William to accommon description of the III. J. William New York by answering the telephone and drang andre off many so and accommon so another decommon trade to so a market so a market

the appearance of Televox, was the Product Integraph, developed at the Massachmetta Institute of Technology, Cambridge, by Dr. Vannevas Bush, professor of Electrical Power Transmission, and his assistants. This marvelous contrivance was described by Dr. Bush as "an adding machine carried to an extreme in its design." But the modest professor doln't go far enough. It is the nearest approach ever made to a thinking machine!

AND the last word in the mechanicalnum or robot principle was spoken recently when the New York Edwar company opened a new automatic power dotributing station in plant with an ultimate capacity sufficient to light the bonses of from 200,000 to 300,000 families (a good sized city!), yet one that hasn't



Above: Televor the at the at man who ho deys to feel spaken et ar riesh on a said the money of the nage of the New York Edison Company.



were mechanical man, opens the Mode Engineering Estimation in La Lin-

a burnan being in it, but is controlled by an operator three nules distant

The output of this manless plant is 39 000 horsepower, or about \$20,000 man powers. In other wor is, the lone hours i operator at his switchhoard three miles away is really the commander-in-chief of an army of \$20 000 mechanical workmen. the absentee musse of legions of ducile commently useful robots' Here is a development of which Capek never dreamed in his wildest fancy!

THOUGH somewhat different in prin- ciple and application from the Televox ides, a sem lar power sets in motion the Edison robot army, cooped up in a small, one-story bunding in uptown New York, to aupply light and power. The manless plant is controlled through telephone wires over which a series of electrical impulses is sent. These impulses operate a relay in the station. The relay, in turn,

agains the essent of t costes, board to trues unt the rder contained in the obstence in polecy to the apparators in question. Lakewise, to case any change oc-

eurs in the apparatus- for instance if a feeder going to the consumer becomes overloaded or develops a short circuitthe circuit breaker opens, and mimediately a signal indicating this is flashed back over the telephone wares to the controlling board, where the lighting of a amp and the accompanying ringing of a hell call the operator's attention to the fact that something is amist.

Robots in real action! Robots lighting your lamps and heating your wife's electrie iron and oven' Would you have believed it ten, or even five years ago? But that is not all. Soon after the opening of the manless Edison station in New York,

Wensley, inventor of Televox, before the delegates to the American Electric Railwas Association in Creveland, demonstrated the feasibility of managing street cars with speaking mechanical creatures inshoued of copper venue, porcelain bones, and with insulated wires for a pervous system and vacuum tubes for vital organist

by electry motors

Lett Oiling Er a eyebnus

Become of the steamen

meet means at as done with

a hyperfermic strings. The

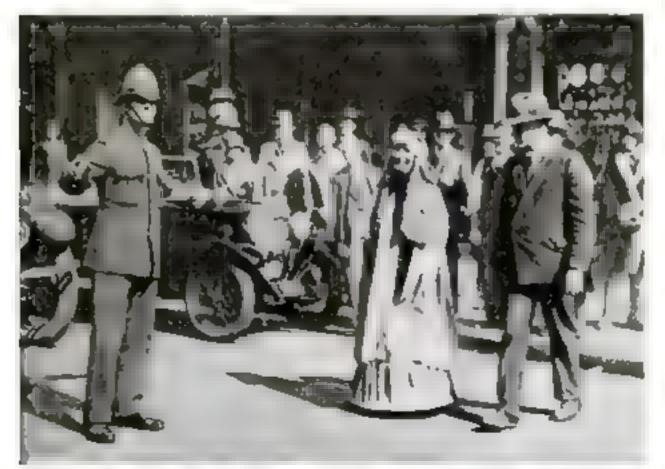
eyes are electric manual

I week or two later, the claim was made in England that forty percent will be saved in the cost of labor through a machine which lays 160 yards of railway track in an hour or re-lays four notes in a single night! The device was tried experimentaly by the London and North Eastern Ranway Company, Among its features are a circular saw for the automatic trimining of alcepers, an engine which generates its own electricity, and searchlights. An official of the company declared that the track-laying nucline bodies picks up a section of old track mxtech feet long denomits it on the tran. carries forward a new section, and gently lowers it juto the position where the old track was

Another robot with a vengeance

QHORTLY afterward on artimercraft "robot" gun, which computes and holds its range against invailing aircraft, was used for the first time in a sham war staged at the tenth numbal meeting of the temy Ordnance Association at the Aberdeen Proving Ground in Maryland, and astomshed nearly 10,000 spectators. The new gun is set in action by sound waves from the approaching enemy plane, which thus, in a sense, commits smede when coming within its range.

And, also very recently, a peaceable robot did a nest job, when Televox started the operation of a new 831,000,000 sewage desposal plant of the City of Chicago. I outsuited on page 137)



London pedestrians have been looking askunce at one another ever since this welking "robot" was men strolling with her inventor, Capt. J. A. Roberts. A "Bobby" held up street traffic for them.

Romance Rides in the Air



Lights of a great city for below, and the ghostly fingers of airport searchlights, as they appear to the simpleme pilot searing high above the mark.

Stirring Adventures of Famous Flyers Who Have Met the Unexpected, Face to Face, in the Clouds

By MICHEL MOK

E KNOWS his way around these parts in any weather can the cheery comment of has friends when Maxel M Mercell the head of the Curtiss Flying Service, was reported lost on a trip from Buffalo to New York.

Pilots who had made their first feeble flutterings under his similing guidance, students who had listened to his pithy lectures, and aviators who had flown with him for years agreed that "be could scent trouble before it came."

"Merry," as flyers the country over called him with affection born of dangers shared, was regarded as one of the most cautious, experienced, and weather-wise nyintors in the game

But still, after some days of suspense, another studning blow was dealt the flying world. The stocky, jovial manager of Curtee Field, who himself had sent out many a relief expedition, had crashed into a wooded hillside near Pond Eddy. Pa.

There has almost unresinguizable body and that of Edwar Ronne, manager of the Buffalo Aseport, who had accompanied him, were found. They lay not far from a scattered mass of charrest debris that once had been the graceful orange Fateur, hull for Lindbergh

And one afternoon a few days later fifty planes, piloted by members of the Quiet Bird Men, the sextet fivers organization to which. Merry had belonged and by other aviators, anomed low over and about a train. Abourd the train was all that was left of Merrill.

The thoughts of those of the winged escort may be conjectured. "Merry" gone West, "Merry," strong, shrewd, genial last week; now in a black box on that train, rumbling swiftly to a far-away grave. A far away grave.

These, mind you, are not sentimental men. A stiff upper lip and quickly gritted teeth come to be part and parcel of those whose daily business is a gamble with the gods. They are brave men, gay men, but they are thinking men.

The fog got "Merry," Of that there was no doubt. Thick weather low ceilings, and a pea-soup fog had helden that stupid knoll from Merrill a keen eyes. They had reduced overy matrument useless. They had reduced his ship first to a sally toy, then to a heap of rubbish.

BUT what really killed him was the unexpected. Aviation is slowly coming of age, but the unexpected still lurks about of every set of propeller blades.

A pilot taking off from a flying field at II hope into the unknown. Beyond him are success or failure, crippled limbs or a whole body, life or death. Who knows? Adventure to this hour rides in the air by night and day, and every birdman is aware that triumph and disaster both are hovering round his wings.

High winds may face him, or fog, rain, siret, anow, and had. Ground mist, low



The pilot flying at night, drops a flore to light his way to makety. From a painting made for Popular School Mourant by Charles Chapman.

clouds, and cross-currents of cold air are possible maister traveling companions. Then there is always the impenetrable blackness of a storing right. If he flies high, the surface of the earth is but a blar. If he flies low, he may crash into a bill, a tree top, or a barn, while high tension power wires, ditches, rivers, fences, and bridges are an ever-present measee.

The unexpected may fall or main him, but joy and laughter and a lifted beart are also stored above the clouds. And so he gambles and loves the element of hazard in his job.

Who can ever forget Lindbergh's simple but deeply moving description of the first few hours on the memorable night of his trans-Atlantic flight?

Just off the Newfoundland coast darkness envelops the easthound "We." The temperature has dropped, and the heavy fog and must have changed to rain. At thirty-eight degrees, it begins to freeze on the Spirit of St. Lovis and there is only one thing to do—get out of it if possible.

At 10,000 feet the machine climbs out of the sleet storm, covered with ice. Below the pilot are the thick rolling clouds, discharging their sleet into the ocean. He looks above. There a serene moon brightens a deep-blue sky studded with stars.

Lindbergh, completely alone, between the black, roaring ocean and that smiling heaven, winging his way to a remote continent. An hour and an experience which, before him, few men had shared with the angels.

And humor, too, is in the bag of tricks the unexpected offers. No document furnishes such variety of heroism and good, unadulterated American humor as the service record of our air mail pilots.

There is the capital yarn of Pilot Scott who had the unexpected serve him as a surgeon Paul Scott was flying eastward out of Salt Lake City. He encountered fog and snow, and could not see clearly. Turning south to circle a mountain range, be saw a gap between the fog bank and the clouds over Saddle Pass on the main route. He was halfway through this aperture at an altitude of a mile and a half when the gap closed in front. He banked the plane and turned about.

Impossible to see twenty feet m any direction. The airplane jumped up and down like a bucking broache. He tried to climb but felt a jar, then another. His wheels were clipping the tops off cedar trees. That was all be remembered

When Pilot Paul came to his senses, he was hursed deep in snow. His left shoulder was dislocated. The arm bung much and useless. He pulled himself out of his white grave and found the sun entirely hidden by log. He could (Continued on page 156)

Wonders from Molten Sulphur

By JOHN E. LODGE

PYOU look in the New York telephone directory under "A," you will find: 'Kobbe, William H, sulphur." Behind that final word hes one of the romance stories of industrial

science,

To most of us, sulphur suggests only evil odors or memories of sulphur-and-molanes spring tonic in childhood. But to this tall, gray-haired man, with his ready smale, it signifies a fairyland of fascinating possibilities. As far as is known, kobbe is the only man in the world devoting all his time to finding new uses for sulphur. He has helped discover some 200 applications for it.

In the cobinets that line his office, there is collected a strange array of these products. It includes everything from flowerpoin that bounce without

breaking when dropped on tile fkors, to cutting our that mysteriously reduce the number of turns necessary to rifle a gun harrel; from artificial marble and rainbowhued pottery, to pieces of long life railroad ties that appear to be made of petrified wood; from battery boxes, bowling balls, and phonograph horns to sulphur-impregnated concrete which approaches the atrength of grante.

Great things are expected from this concrete. For instance, sea poling made of ordinary concrete

deteriorates rapidly in salt water. But when plangs are made of the new sulphur-impregnated concrete, salt water has very I tile effect upon them. Similarly, the action of sewage upon ordinary concrete drain pipes makes them short-lived and misatisfactory. The new sulphur-impregnated tiles resist this action and so are expected to provide an economical method of building sewage drains. Such tiles also reduce the water shoopton from 16.8 to 5.5 percent. They have a supporting strength of 1,420 pounds, instead of 340 pounds for ordinary tiles of the same size.

IN MAKING this super-strength concrete, the sulphur is not added during the mixing. The objects are made and then subjected to a bath of molten brimstone, at a temperature of between 140 and 160 degrees C. The hot sulphur penetrates the concrete at a rate dependent upon the mix and the moisture content, but the treatment is usually completed in from one to four hours. By the magic of this ordinary looking yellow substance, objects come out of the bath from four

WHEN you scratch a match, you are making use of one of man's oldest and most versatile servanta — sulphur. The Egyptians used it to help them paint their inscriptions. The alchemists of the Dark Ages used it in their attempts to change have metals into gold. Now this objelement is being taught new tricks. Some of the 200 surprising new discoveries and products from aulphur are described in this article.

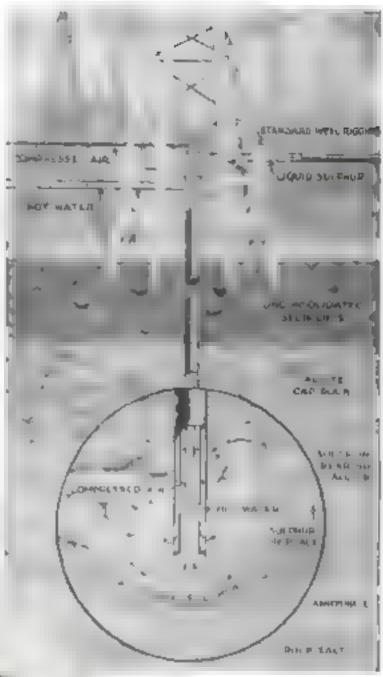


A callion-top block of sulphur stored in Truss. It is \$00 feet long and 65 feet high. Company at with care of right.

At Niagara Falls, buge fourteen-foot electrolytic cells, created by hobbe with sulphur-treated concrete, are being used as part of the equipment of a company depositing from electrolytically. For more than two years they have been subjected to the constant action of a mixture of hot ferrous and ferric chloride solution. Yet they show little effect of the action of these extremely corrouve chemicals.

An albed use of sulphur is the making of pottery and imitation marble from compositions. At the present time, a factory is turning out such pottery, which, because it obtains color effects impossible by ceramic means, is expected to have a wide vogue.

One of the most interesting applications of sulphur is its use in cutting oils. It has been found that where ordinary oil requires eight turns of a machine to cut steel to a certain depth, oil treated with sulphur produces the same result with one turn! Why? Nobody knows exactly. The theory is that the sulphur increases the adherence of the oil to the metal under extreme conditions of heat. This



C Topur Gulf Sulphur Company, Inc.

The modern method of mining deep sulphur deposits of the Gulf states. Hot water, sent down through the pipes, melte and liquefies the sulphur, which is forced to the surface by compressed sir,

discovery means a great saving in factories doing thread cutting, gun barrel drilling or turret lathe work.

Sulphur also plays its part in a simple method of discovering leaks in amonoma pipes. Under the pipe, a lighted sulphur taper is passed. If any ammonia is escaping, the action

of the sulphur upon it creates a puff of white vapor, thus revealing the exact location of the leak. In a different way, sulphur also belos protect underground pipe lines. Several layers of sulphur-saturated fabric are wound tightly about the pipe. The sulphur shrinks and hardens the cloth into a solid corromon-resisting covering

THIS effect of molten bramatone upon I cloth in being utilized in a number of other ways. Phonograph and radio borns have been made in this manner, Flannel is sewed into the desired shape and given its sulphur bath while stretched upon a form. The sulphur "freezes" and the flannel becomes as strong and solid as wood. Shapes which cabinetmakers find difficult to create with wood can be achieved by this new process with a minimum of time and expense.

Under the sun of southern Texas, another of hobbe's experiments is undergoing a service test by the Santa Fe Railroad. On a stretch of test track near Cleveland, Texas, railway tree and fence posts, impreg- (Continued in page 161)

Moth of the Eu

ropean with box er the spec of a postage stamp.

Will Insects Starve Us to Death?

By EDWIN W. TEALE

ROM all over the world, recently, scientists journeyed to Ithaca. N. Y., to plan new ways and weapons with which to fight man's unconquered enemy, the meets. The meeting was the Fourth International Congress of Entomology It formed the strategic council directing the world's army fighting in a war that can have no armsture

This fight is no longer looked upon as

sectional crusades against irritating pests. It is, according to a man well qualified to know-Dr. L. O. Howard, who was for thirtythree years chief of the U.S. Bureau of Entomology — the beginning of a colossal battle of the ages; a silent, littleunderstood struggle to the death between man and ibsect, in which the mastery of our planat us the prize.

"The tusects," he says, "are man's chief rival for the possession of the They are earth. damaging us more today than at any time since civilization began."

In this increase of our meet feet, strange twists of fate have played their part. A single puff of summer wind, the cracks in a ramshackle barn, and a bunch of uninspected my roots, have helped carry the army of insects

When a sudden gust of wind, in the summer of 1809, swept around the corner of a house in Medford, Mass., it left behind a trail of damage greater than if it had been a hurricane. In the house lived French astronomer named Trouvelot. who was carrying on queer experiments with a brown little moth, attempting to crossbreed it with the moths of silkworms in an effort to produce caterpulars immune from plague. From a window ledge the breeze swept a small pastehoard box, containing a few dozen eggs of the brownesh moth, to the ground. In spite of frantic searching, Trouvelot recovered

only a half-dozen. The rest, no larger than pin points, disappeared amid the grass and pebbles below the window.

For ten years, nothing seemed to result. Then awarms of enterpillars began to overrun the country. They stripped the leaves from trees suid left them standang naked mile after mile. So great to the verseity of these caternalism of the gypey moth—so-called because the color of the male moth is fancied to be that of a

gypay's face-that if a man had a similar appetite he would require two or three tous of food a day!

Throughout New England spread the insects originating in those few dozen eggs, rayaging the trees as they went After therty-five years of fighting, the report comes from the scone of battle that the gypsy moths have been more numerous this year than ever before. Ten thousand men, it is estimated, spend their time fighting this insect eachly in summer months. It is held in check only by a barner, twenty-five miles wide, extending from Long Island, cast of the Adirondacka, to the Canadian border. With pumps so powerful they shoot inpecticide eighty feet or more into the air before it breaks into

spray, and with to its present threatening position. sprays attached to bose a mile long, Government fighters patrol the area, struggling frantically to hold back the menacing moths from the thick timberlands beyond. Seven hundred thousand dollars in state and federal appropriations go each year to fight this hurricane of insects which a puff of wind loosed fifty-nine years ago

In a manner only slightly less dramatic, most of the advance legions of the European corn borer are thought to have come through the cracks of a rickety barn near Everett, Mass. A slupment of broom corn from southern Europe lay in the ramshackle building long enough for the



Adult mase

moth of the peach been

making a most

The Japanese Beetle gestroper of



Three as also and two larroe of the Mexican bean beetle feeding on less



The ball weevil peat which couls cot ton puncture \$500,000.000 cuch year



The grown moth. Ten thousand men year'v fight tois devastation or lifet s



(A150) is congaged in the battle of the ages—a war to the death with insect peels. The six-legged invaders that rain crops and destroy trees are robbing us of two billion dollars a year. I rilese man wins, experts say, the world will face a serious food shortage.

One hope of victory live in insect allies of man, recruited to prey upon the invaders. Unly recently a regi-ment of "lady bugs" went overseen from Lalifornia to help orchardists in South Africa fight meany-bugs attacking their fruit trees. The spotted little "lady" beetles first came to America from Australia to attack aphida which threatened Pacific Coast orchards.

Four other allies are pictured here. Above are the encetatus bijesciatus (left), a tiny wasp brought from Europe and Japan to feed on gypsy moth eggs. and the schneumon fly, fee of the European corn borer. Below are the Calonoma beetle, seen cating a gypsy moth larva, and compulars concinnabe, an enemy of the gypsy moth





moths of the hidden enemy to develop. They wiggled through the cracks and laid eggs in the near-by comfields.

The moth of the corn horer, so small a postage stamp conceals it, flies only at night, and the farmers knew nothing of its existence until they investigated a strange blight that ewept over the fields of New England and the Canadian horder, consuming as much as seventyfive percent of the crop, and in one area. of 400 square miles, across the line in Canada, making a clean sweep, leaving only sickly, yellow stalks that produced no corn Through a single appropriation, this tiny destroyer cost the Government \$10,000,000. And this was merely to hold the pest in check with no present hope of driving it out

IN A similar way, the Japanese beetle arrived as a stowaway in a bunch of its roots sent from Japan and billed for Philadelphia. Flying five to seven miles at a stretch, and propagating rapidly the pest swept eastward. In New Jersey and Pennsylvania, where it ravaged orchard after orchard, more than \$800,000 each year has been poured into the battle

against it, with little result.

At another point, when man was off his guard, a new insect horde advanced. One day in 1802, down at the lower tip of Texas where the Rio Grande flows into the Gulf of Mexico, an insignificant little "ling" landed on a stalk of growing cotton. It had made a nonstop flight across the river from Mexico, where cotton grows wild. With a few friends, it dug in near Brownsville, Texas, and from these fought sits way to new conquests. The "hug" was the boll weevel which has advanced through the south, costing the cotton planters \$300,000,000 a year

It has been within the last thirty-five years that all of these enemies of man have gained their footbold. There are many others—the Hessian fly, whose every larva means a stalk less wheat, the tiny leaf-hopper loaded with microscopic bits of virus deadly to sugar beets; the peach borer, the Mexican bean beetle.

the chinch bug.

Dirking these thirty-five years we have made progress in fighting back the disease-carriers, the acroal squadrons of the insect horde humining through the mr freighted with bacteria or protocoa more deadly than bombs. Most of as know of the fight against the fly, the mosquito, and the other germ spreaders, for it has concerned our health and com-

fort directly. But, concerning the invasion of these destructive foreign legions which have crossed the border in a dozen

places less in known

The acriousness of this invasion is pointed out by Dr. William Crocker, Director of the Boyce Thompson Institute for Flant Research, in Yonkers, N. Y. In less than fifty years, he says, the United States will have a population of 195 millions, demanding a seventy-five percent increase in food supply. Even now, through insects and plant diseases, we are losing from ten to fifteen percent of all food raised. Insects

alone rob us of two belion dollars a year. In other words, one mallion men march to work every day in the year, just to raise enough food for the insects!

I niesa the buttle against them is won, Dr. Crocker says, a food shortage for man will result. That the Government is alive to this danger is seen by a glance at the record of its war chest. Two million are set aside each year for research and field study by 400 or more trained seientists of the Bureau of Entomology. Other huge nums are spent inbitteriocal battlesaguist. pests. For instance, Califorma orchardists spend \$45,000,000 a year, nimost as much as the Federal total.

The reason that the sixlegged little enemies have



Rois in the waits of an insect investig—woodland at Burnstable, Muss., stripped by gypey moths. After a 35-year war, the peets of some numerous than ever-

swept ahead in spate of the hundreds of millions in gold and the thousands of trained troops in the field, is twofold. One answer is that nowhere else in the world are such large areas devoted exclusively to the same crops year after year. The other is that when these invaders came they traveled light. They left behind the parasites, which in some cases destroyed as many as unety percent of their young. So they worked in the fertile fields of the new terrstory unhindered by their natural enemies.



Rows of bean plants destroyed by the Mexican bean beetle. At the extreme left me a few rows of living plants, protected by spraying.



Opening fire with a powerful opiny guaagment gypsy moths entrouched in woodland only. Pumps shoot a spray \$3 feet.

In this latter fact science sees its strongest hope for ultimate victory. Only half the insects live on plants or infest the larger animals or man. The other half live on fellow insects. So emmanies have sought in far countries for strange insect allies to help in the struggle.

One such recruit is a beautiful, metallic green, tree-climbang beetle from Europe. It runs from two to twig of gypsy moth infested trees, devouring enterpillars at a great rate. Its only defect is that it is overcome by drownness along in August and goes to sleep for ten months.

TWO other enemies of the gypsy moth have come from the Orient. One, a small fly found in Japan, and also in Europe, is being raised in the laboratories of New England, and "planted" in

of New England and "planted" in colonies of ten thousand in infested regions. The other is a tiny wasp which attacks clusters of moth eggs and lays its own eggs within, knowing that the little wasps will hatch first and eat their hosts

For the development of such allies, the "Gypsy Moth Laboratory," one of the strangest in the world, has been established in Medford, Mass. In small glass vials, tiny parasites, brought from all over the earth, are raised with infinite care. Some kinds are fed twice daily on a mixture of honey and water.

Continued on page 154.

Queer Things Found Eatable

Roast Grubs, Fried Ants, Snakes, Skunks, and Monkeys Even the Earth's Soil—Are Relished in Far Places

OLCANIC earth for food is the latest addition to a world's menuslessed for its variety. From the slopes of Mount Asama, a Japa-

nese volcano, come reports of a curious edible soil, capable of sustaining life indefinitely. Found six inches to a foot below the top soil, it tastes like unsweetened gelatin. High officials confirm the claim that it is nutritions.

There is almost no limit to what a man can eat. Most of us may be too fastidious to extend our dieta beyond a few familiar diabes

But-

Almost every land of insect is used somewhere as human food With tree grubs, wriggling under the bark, Java natives make escellent stews, or they roast them on spits. In many lands jury white anti-ure more of a delicary than a pest. Africans out them raw or well cooked in greate Brazilian merchants of Sec-Paulo display great "occodome" anta dressed up like dolls, advertising others they sell to the aberrgues for food. For dessert the honey ant, repository of sweet nectar for the ants' use, is popular in Mexico. In Siam, ante eggs make a paste with the flavor of sweet almonds

Nor are caterpillars despised as food. Larvae of the large Pandora moth, according to Dr. Austin H. Clark, of the Southsonian Institution, are reliahed by Piute Indians of Oregon, in the eastern foothills.

of the Rockies.

SNAKES are eaten today by natives of our own Southwest, of Australia, and of South America, and, Dr. Clark says, "They are very good, as I can testify." Skunk meat hardly sounds at tractive, yet Prof E. H. S. Bailey of the University of Annsas, de clares, "The natives of some parts of Argentina class skunk steak as a delicacy on the order of nur yellow-legged pullets."

Human nature always has revolted against the introduction of
strange foods. Potatoes and tomatoes met with opposition when
they were introduced in Europe
as did grapefruit in America. In
many cases it has been simply a
matter of getting used to the
novelty. Monkey stew or minced
monkey probably would be majoyed by anyone who did not know
what animal was before him, so
cording to Prof. Albert M. Reese,
soologist of West Virginia Uni-

versity, who has sampled everything from woodchucks and muskrats, both of which he says can scarcely be told from rabbit, to lag lisards figurans) and salamanders.



The Birth of Aviation, A Great Human Document

Begins in Our Next Issue

Orville Wright, bieyele mechanism of Dayton, Ohio, launched a frail contraption of canvas and wood from a North 4 sculture and dune and gave the

world the airplane.

It is almost unbelievable, yet after twentyfive years the real story of the Wright brothers has never been told. The world has wondered how two obscure young men, neither of whom had unished high school, could perform the complicated technical research that laid the foundations of the science of scrodynamics. The Wright brothers themselves would not speak.

THEN, years later, Orville Wright, the surviving brother, told John R. McMahon, a writer well known to readers of Popular Science Monthly in detail how the simplane was born. He opened the diary in which he and his brother had recorded their experiments, showed him correspondence, telegrams, memorands, family records.

MR. McMAHON has weven these fascinating facts into a moving, gripping tale, lighted by flashes of humor and revelations of character that make it of constant and absorbing interest. The first installment will appear in our January number.—The Editor.

The latter are common in Mexican markets. Alligators furmished Prof Reese with cuts which he found almost equal to yeal cutlets.

As for vegetables, of 16,000 plants examined by R. O. Jordan chairman of the Department of Hygiene and Bacteriology at the University of Chicago, only about three percent were found to be possonous; the rest are theoretically edible. Even the posson may be destroyed by cooking, as in the case of the bitter cassava, South American root, whose deadly prussic acid is removed by running water and heat before esting

"I CAN'T est these earth worms; they don't agree with me," some Chinese boy may be saying today. But his parents est and like them. Great quantities of the familiar worm are canned and consumed. Of all sea foods, the Chinese prefer large, fat sea-slags, the size of your hand. They make a sustaining broth that has mented introduction into some of the Australian hospitals.

Delicious salads from chrysan thomums are made by the Japanese; and white locust (acacia, flowers make appetizing fritters. One of the greatest sources of Chinese flour is the water-bly bulb. Many Asiatics subject on kelp and other forms of seaweed, there are 200 editive varieties. In Tokoo, a cursous marinuade obtained by cooling wild bees in a special syrup is a treat.

hou wouldn't eat these foods, perhaps; you're prejudiced. So is the European against the class which you find such a succulent appetizer. Similarly we turn up our boses at mussels, prized for food abroad. How, then, can we accuse Araba of poor taste in their preference for fried crickets?

Elisewhere in the world than in Japan, where natives term the volcanic soil first described as "mountain-god barley food," there are whole tribes of eartheaters. Java natives reduct clay to a paste and bake it like gingerbread cookies; even in Spain lovely ladies consume cakes made of grity sand, though more for their complexions than for notriment

Perhaps the day is not far distant when, due to rapid travel and to necessity, our diet will include nearly every insect, plant, and animal which does not posson.



It almost swims. On a 100 000mile run this Oakland is splashing hub-deep through the apron of Gillespie Dam, Gila River, Aris

Four motor cars grand to a stop in front of a man waving a checkered flag. Haggard drivers slump forward over their wheels. It is the end of the rare, a 50,000-nule epic of men and mach nes at Hammonton, N. J. And none too soon, The track is going to pieces!

For eighteen days, cars racing faster than a nule a mitute bave not aded it mereslessoy Throughbluzand heat and driving mon-they have circled t monotone say, lap after lap. At night colored ruling lights—one red, another armige have flashed past the timers in the pat, supplementing painted hood numbers yeable only in daylight. Now the drivers are resting after their graeling fest, awa trag the trainers report

Here it comes. Car Number One thorty thousand miles in 26,326 minutes. Many a car's entire life run off at express train speed in eighteen days? Number two, only three minutes more for the 30,000-mile marathon.

around the wooden saucer. All stops included. Two cars have run at an average speed of anty-eight miles an bour for nearly three weeks, day and night.

ND the most amazing thing about A the whole performance is that these are not racing cars-they are stock cars; identical, down to the humper and rear view mirror, with any you may see in a dealer's window. Two President toadsters picked at random from the numerably line of the Studebaker Corporation's Detroit factory are the holders of the maty-eightnule record just described. A pair of President sedans chosen, like the roadsters, by representatives of the American Autonson le Association, tarned in sixtythree-mile averages. So carefully did Association officials make sure that these four were stock cars and nothing more, that they took them apart and put them together again.

On the same Hammonton track,

Making Your Car a Better One

By

ALDEN P. ARMAGNAC

IN THIS absorbing article Mr. Armagnac takes you behind the scenes where the motor cam of today are tested and proved in breath-taking feats of speed and endurance. He introduces you to the daring pilots who put your new machine through its paces—to the "Cannonball" Bakers who swirl around the speedways, plunge along the open road, ride over mountains and through floods—to the end that all of us may have better and sturdier automobiles to drive.

Anburn care have run at an eighty-fivemic-an-hour pace for twenty-four hours, with time in the pits included, two thousand miles in a day! Other care have performed feats as amazing.

Such tests as these, however, are more than an endorsement of any particular make. They are a tribute to the astounding stamma of the modern automobile. They proclaim that the vehicle you can buy today is a tried and tested Viking of the roads.

Not long ago S31 drivers, taking turns, drove a Whippet conditor thirty days and thirty nights without once allowing the motor to stop. At the end of a 12,008-mile run through Pennsylvania and New York states, the car entered an Ithaca, N. Y., speedway and broke a track record for stock four-cylinder cars over a five-mile distance. By way of comparison, a voung man named Lindbergh pointed his monoplane at Paris and asked but one thing of his sturdy Whirlwind motor—

Finish of the Studebaker marathon, in which two stock roadsters went 30,000 miles at an average epoed of 65 miles as hour-

that it keep going for just about thirty-four hours.

When man and motor match their endurance, the man comes in a bad second. It is no question of how far, or how long, the car can go, but simply how long its driver can stay awake. Chained to the wheel of an Oldsmobile with regulation U. S. Army handcuffs, Roy L. Haibes, at Anabeim, Calif., drove it for seven days and nights before he gave in. The car was still going strong.

O'E morning last June, part at daybreak, a mud-stamed and dust-covered Franklin sedan leaped off a ferry and into New York City. At the whiel was "Cannonball" Baker, one of the most colorful of all race drivers. In aix days and a half he had dashed across the continent from New York to Los Angeles and back again, hanging up a new record for the round trip. His time of just three days and mightsseventy-two bours flut-from Los Angeles to New York. was the featest ever made on

wheels between the coastal esties. At times his speedometer needle had flickered past eighty, and his average for the entire round trip was more than forty miles an hour. That included all stops'

In another record run. Cannonbail" drove across the continent in high gear for the first time in history. He was given an Oldsmobile from which low gear, second speed, and reverse had been removed; and this he piloted from New York to Los Angeles, climbing high mountains that had never been attempted in this manner before.

Through one of the worst floods of the South's history, a few months ago, two men pounded a Reo roadster from Miami to Chicago in thirty hours and twenty-five minutes, covering the 1,601 miles in thirteen hours less time than the fastest trains. Motorcycle escorts whitzed with them through the larger cities. The Direc Limited, crack train of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois Railroad, and the



Plawing through flood-swept touds, this Stee readster run from Museu to Chicago, 1,601 miles, in a little more than thirty hours.

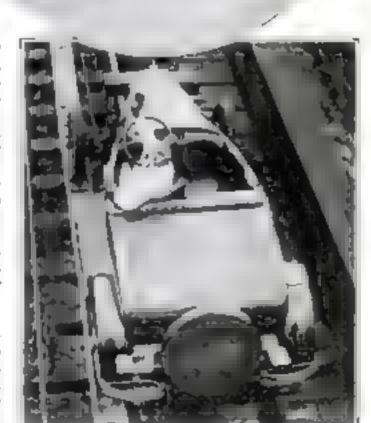
Floridan, pride of the Illition Contral, which both make the trip in a little more than forty-three bours, use eight engines and eight engine crows to make their schedules; but the Reo came through with the same power plant and the same two drivers it started with.

Automobile makers have miniost run out of mountains over which to test their cars. Pike a Peak, Mt, Diable and Mt. Baldy in Califorma, and Stone Mountum, Georps, have been conquered repeatedly. This year a standard model Auburn car set a new climbing record for stock cars by racing to the auminit of Pike's Peak in; less than twentytwo minutes. It finished the trip within four minutes of the time set by the fastest racing car in a duplicate event for special machines -a striking tribute to what miring and engineering tests have done for stock models.

I've a new element of hill-climbmake a runway up a precipitous Pittsburgh Pa., cableway for street cars. A Whippet car climbed the B50-foot, thirty-seven percent grade in the amazing time of forty-five seconds. Then it turned around and came down in neutral gear, with only the foor-wheel brakes to save the driver from being hurled to be death at the bottom.

Impromptu performances of cars, as described by their owners, are even more impressive than many of these preservanged speed and endurance trials. For instance, H. M. Fenwick, tool salesman, was in a highly to get from Los Angeles to New York. With a companion, he set out in his Dodge car. A collision in Arisona held him up three hours for repairs, but he was in New York just seventy-six hours after his departure from the west coast. He had beaten the fastest limiteds.

Two young men of San Antonio, Texas - W G Hundley, Jr., and G. F Wroten



A bate raising climbing feat top the 37 percent grade of a Petroburgh cableway in a Whippet a 1650-foot climb in 46 seconds. In circle: A strapped La Salle roadster making a 951-mile run at an average speed of 95-3 miles an hour on proving track.

—learned that an auto race was to be held. Without knowledge of their parents, they stripped a family Dodge of top and windshield, entered it in the race, and won at a sixty four-inite-an-hour clip.

The despair of junknien, and of auto dealers who would sell him a new car, is J. H. Christiansen, of Benkelman, Neb. His Oakland car has piled up 225.000 miles on its speedometer to date, and is still going strong

Not long ago, William J. Lemer, Jr., telephone man of l'asadena. Calif., played the part of a modern l'aul Revere in his newly-purchased. Oldsmobile. He was

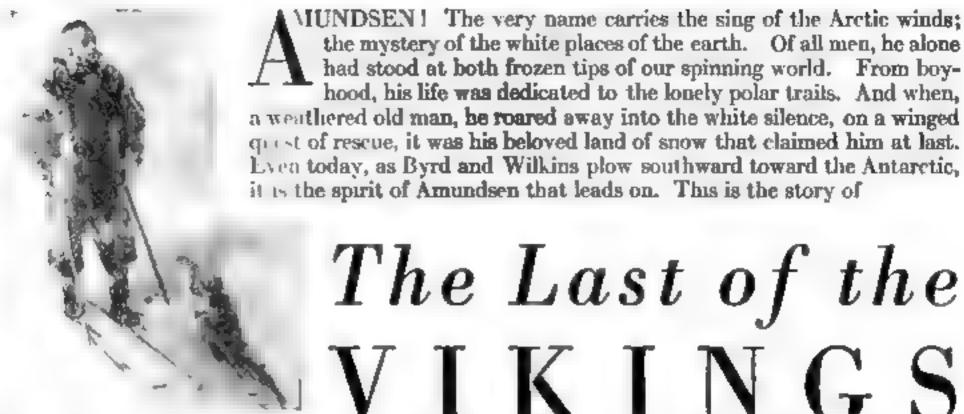
Just another week? No. It's the finish of an heroic test of strength of a new British car. The driver testered t on the edge of an embankment, then got out, letting the car somerscult into a gully,

driving in Santa Clara valley when the great St. Francis Dam broke, locaing a wall of water upon unsuspecting inhabitants. Life or death to them was a matter of minutes. Leiner heard the thunder of the oncoming torrent, wheeled his car about, and dashed back to spread the alarm. Next day, when the torrest had partly aubsided, he was first in the field with telephone wires to restore communication to the stricken area. He drove through two-foot-deep lakes, using pieces of rubber hose to keep his car's manifold and crank case inlets shove water. With chains on all four wheels, the car wallowed through water-buried sands, cleaving the water like a boat.

FROM Africa comes the story of a thrilling rescue in which the stamma of the modern car meant everything. On the summet of Mt. Kenya, in the eastern colony of that name, the explorer Martin Johnson and his wife lay stricken with fever, too weak to move. Down through the trackless forest of the slope to the motor eamp below, thirty miles distant, a native bearer raced to dispatch one of the motors to Nairobi, 200 miles away, for a doctor.

But when the bearer arrived, John Wishusen, in charge of the motors, decated differently. He got together fourteen men with axes, ropes, and apades, pointed his Willys-Kinght express wagon up the mountain side, and stepped on the gas. Through the forests he crashed. Sometimes when hardwood trees barred the way the men chopped them down; often Wilshisen simply butted them down with the car. For fourteen hours he battled with the jungle, until at last he was at the summit that had taken the explorers five days to clumb. The Willysknight became an ambulance, and alipping, awaying, skidding past precipices and ravines. Wilshusen rushed his human cargo down the side of the peak to civilization and safety

FROM Cape Town, on Africa's southeramost tip, to Carro at its northern boundary, by way of the Union of South Africa and Rhodesia, is a trip that no one but a bold man or a mad man would attempt during (Continued on page 135)



The 'old man of the North.' Thirty years of his life were spent in polar expedi femi, for which he prepared as a boy. Dough was but another great adventure.

it is the spirit of Amundsen that leads on. This is the story of The Last of the VIKINGS

By BOYDEN SPARKES

■ OME fishermen of Norway, steaming with their trawl note through the rough seas twenty miles off shore from the town of Tromsö, of the great adventurer, Roald Amundsen. It was a pontoon from the hydroairplane in which he had flown northward to the rescue of the wrecked and margoned crew of the Italia, aurabip of General Nobile's polar expedition.

Old friends, and especially old compamone of his Arctic and Antarctic exprorations, accepted the battered sea foot of the flying machine as proof that Amunden was dead. It was for them as if the postoon spelled out "firs" for a career unrivaled by that of any explorer

who ever lived.

When Roadd Anuedsen flew from Trontoë in a grant Latham plane of the French government, it was June; when the pontoon was recovered, it was September. The huge hydro-airplane offered Ansandsen the only possible means of transportation to the distant share of Sintzhergen, from which he hoped to direct the rescue of the Italia's men. In June the airplanc engines had been tuned to the warm air of France in preparation for a trans-Atlantic flight to New York. Overnight preparations were made to send it to the Arctic. Major Rene Guilband, hero of a nonstop flight to Madagascar, was the pilot. Lieutenant Cuverville, just out of the hospital after the amputation of several fingers, was the rehef pilot. Besides these two there were Vallette, a radio operator, and two others. The five rose from the Seine and flew northward to Tromsö, where Amundsen and Lieutenaut Dietrichson, a Norwegian flyer, were taken aboard and the plane refueled. Then the flight was resumed.

COMEWHERE out over the sea the I engine must have failed. Adolf Hock himself an Arctic expert, believes the flying rescue expedition turned about at the first aign of engine trouble and was returning to Tromso when it fell into the

What really happened remained an unsolved mystery. There could be little doubt that Amundsen and those with him had periahed, but the old explorer had returned to civilization so many times in his career after everyone thought he was dead that a kind of legend had grown up about his name. So, when fishermen saw smoke aroung from the uninhabited wastes of Edge Island, near Frank Josef land, people of Norway said. "It a Amundien." That was before the finding of the pontoon. But for that evidence of disaster, many of them still would be looking for the return of the only man who ever led successful expeditions both to the North Pole and the South Pole.

THE passing of Amundsen ended a career of exploration without parallel. This great Villing went farther, stayed longer, and suffered fewer hardships than any man who ever penetrated the frigid polar areas. Fully thirty years of his life were spent in polar expeditions, for which he began to prepare when he was a boy in high achool

When Amundson was fifteen he read the works of Sir John Franklin, the British explorer who had been trying for years to discover a northwest passage around America, carrying on an effort that had cost the lives of British adventurers for more than 400 years.

"Strangely enough" Amundsen has recorded in his autobiography, "the thing in Sir John's marrative that appealed to me most strongly was the sufferings he and his men endured. A strange ambition burned within me to endure those same sufferings.

That seems a curious incentive for a career. Franklin and his men had eaten their own boot leather to keep alive. They had sustained life by a soup of picked bones found in a deserted Indian camp and reading of this a Norweguan boy was bewritched by the Arctic.

He was born in 1872, a few miles from Oslo, the capital of Nerway. When he was a few mouths old his parents moved into the city, where he attended school

until he was eighteen. At fourteen he lost has father, and thereafter was dominated by an ambition of his mother that he become a physician.

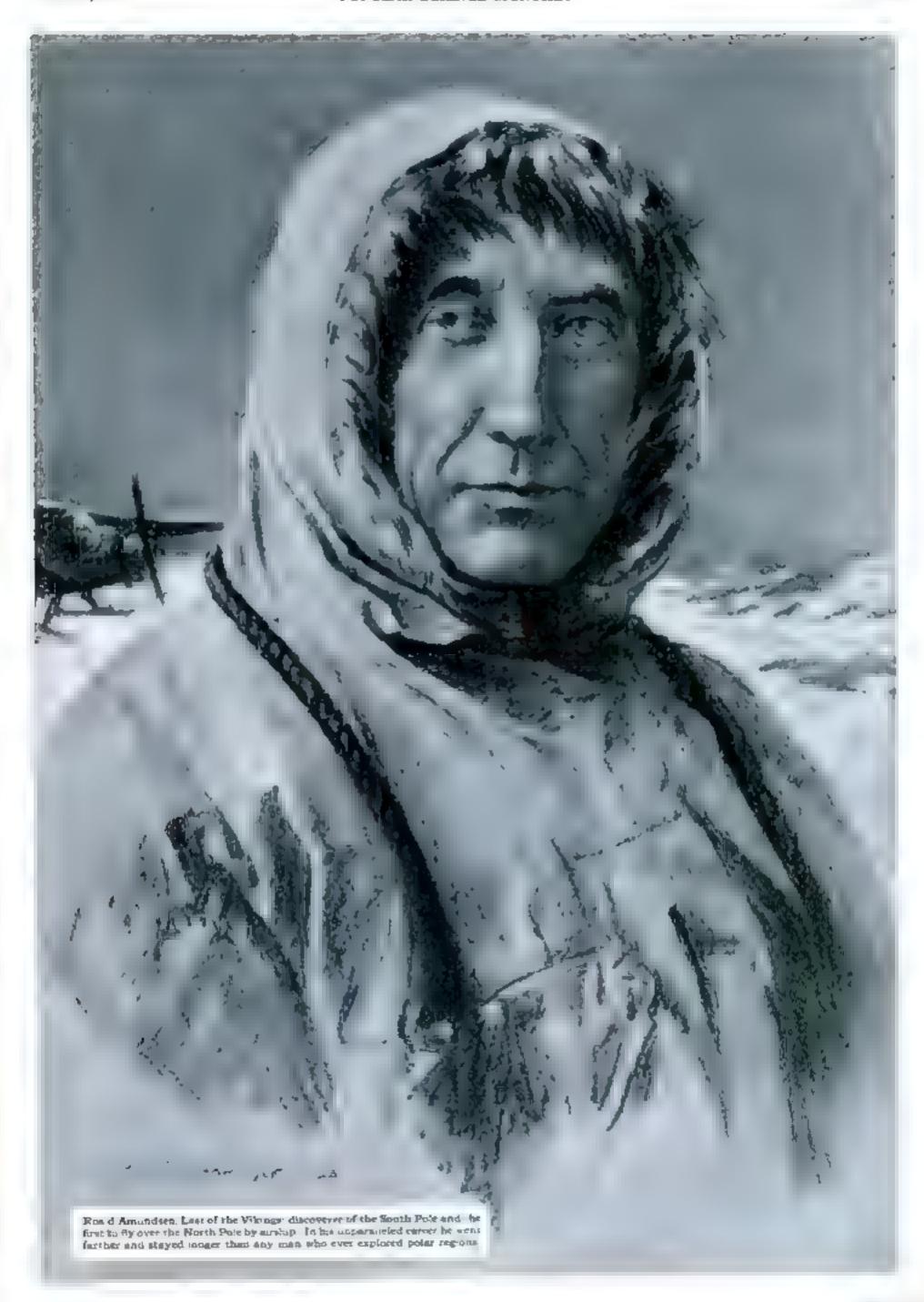
A glance at a map of the world will show what contrary force was pulling against that mother's plans. The relatively little known world we call the Arctic slapped its challenge unceasingly in the cold waves from the North Sea. There was a frontier to appure boys of Norway, as our own Wild West stirred the boys of America.

AS A Boy Scout of today hunts out sparse woodland near our cities to practice "frontier" life, so young Amundsen practiced living as an Arctic explorer. He began to train his body to endure hardships, Because he insisted upon deeping with his windows wide open to the blasts of a Norwegian winter, he was regarded as a freak by neighbors, who kept their windows tightly shut. At every opportunity he was off into the bills and mountains that rue on all sides of Oslo. He traversed miles on akis every day that are and snow were on the ground. Other times he played football to toughen but body.

At eighteen, when he was graduated from college, he was a marvelously developed athlete. Then, in accordance with his mother's desires, he entered the university at Christiania (as Oslo was then called) and began studies for the medical profession. He had completed little more than half the course when his mother died, and he promptly left the university. He set his face toward the

career of his desire.

EAGERLY he entered the army for his term of compulsory service. Once he made a daring trip on skis, in dead winter, across a plateau that was deserted even by the Lapp berdsmen who ranged there in nummer. It nearly cost him his life. With a compamon he became lost and wandered but starved for several days. One might he tried to find shelter by bur- (Contraval on page 162)



Someone Needed It

A Magnet Sweeps Tacks from Runs Minus a Crank Shaft;
Latest Inventions to

Cutting short metal in the shop has been simplified by the French investor of this new shearing tool—a steel disk turned by a shaft peared to a crank handle. The tool slee may be need in a vice, so shown at the right.



A large rubber thred wheel, terming on ball bearings, makes easy work of pushing the wheelbarraw, secarding to Q. T. MacPaddo, investor, of Portland, Ove. He finds that the parametic tim absorbe much of the sheet of bearing and rate, seving secret

Dragged over reads shout the U. S. Veterans Respital or Fort Bayard, N. M., this inperiods magnet has everyt up four total of nails and bits of metal that measured motorlate' tires. A generator supplies the warrent.

Finding the observe hophels in the dark is simple for the man who carries the intest west poeint flashlight (right). It has a user top, like a signistic lighter, to protect the bulb.



How two young inventors remitly made a fortests with a machine to should rate in women's stockings was tald in last mouth's issue. New a French inventor has developed this little device with which, he says, any warmen and wears back the ravided threads whenever an analyticy ran is discovered.



Plesing motor bandles who ignore police potmunds to halt are brought to a quick step, with tirus as fint as passentee, by a new spited harrier (left), recently demonstrated in London. When attended across a highway a "Stop" sign warm passing desturabilists of the obstraction.

—and Here It Is!

the Road, and a New Motor Fascinating Glimpses of Meet Modern Wants



The latest in portuble phonographs folds into a case to larger than an unitarry street. A finer hop within server as a "hors" and gives emple volume. A single winding plays only standard two or twolve-inch increase. The demandable events and then are in the vore.



Mayo noon lights of Mow York City's largest sir beacon recently floated for the first time from a hotel real. On clear nights flyers run see the orange-rad light when opvanty-five miles away. It is said to posstrate fug for twenty-five miles.



Peul Marchetti, Sen Prencisco mechanic, doubte strates here the revolutionary marine-type motor he has designed without crunk shoft or timing grave. He claims it virtually kills vibration. The principle will also be applied to sispiece mature.

Turning the handle of the device shows of the right binds typewritten shown like a hose, thereby doing away with paper clips. Toothed wheels interweeve the margint-





The crawl-most modern of swimming strokes, used by Johnny Weissmulter and other champions was nothing new to Egyptian symmetry 3,500 years ago. Prof. James R. Dunies, of the University of Michigan.

cites newly found records to show that In 1,800 a.c. swimming instructure on the Nile taught the same stroke. Note swemblance between this shriest hieroglyptic picture and the photograph of Weissmuller in action.



They Played Our Games Ages Ago

Swimming Champs of Old Egypt Did the Crawl Down the Nile, Wille Americal Greece Had Its Bag-Punching Pugilists, Hockey and Succer Stars-Just as Now



Gene Tunney in training? Quesi egaco Itaan Mi time Greek heavy general some a triggeneral property and the contract of the co ed a uffed ple of The blow a a till high but Ten Richard in ghi emmay gas k hora out

Grack fontboll stars of old prayed pays etycologist mass er varietic sadging from this back rel e recently found in an ent e na John mit the bull with knee was a part of the going then or now

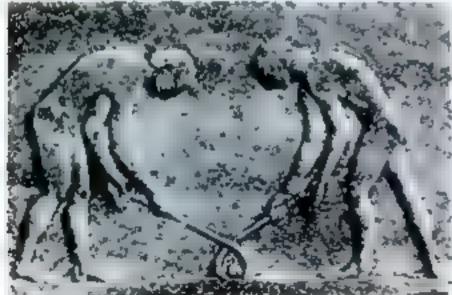






The up to data homer trape the eases cort of a leather punching log in much the serve way so did the classic Oresis champtop of 3,000 years ago when he went in training for an important battle.

A spectacular play in a modern specer pame. Notice that the player who is stopping the bell with his thigh to is. precisely the same position so is the agrient Breek player in the basrolled at the left,



We used to call it "shings." Movedays the game is increasingly popular as "field hockey." What the assista Athenians called it we do not know; but this bee-critica of 100 p. c. (left , found at Athenia,

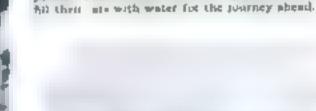


shows they barked their shifts at the garne long before thin guards were invented. Compare the encient and modern pictures. "Bullying" the ball evidently was the same chopstick acramble than.

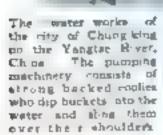
The World Must Drink, and So-



Out on the parched desert of A giers the Arab owers his small she to backet or a narrow well some thirty feet deep. The web a local in market on v by a toy e in of gypsom to protect t i imblowing many but the thirsty Arab never fails to fine the water











How the modern American city gets its water. This mighty new appear tube of the Los Angres, Cair! Aqueduct carries water for a min on people over the high. It is a long step above of the primitive methods shown on this page.

A whole army rould march through the huge a photo pipes of the Carok II. Aqueduct, one of the newest up to on New York a vast water supply system. The pipe system at the left was taken at a triple stack in the lifteen foot passage.



For pecking pointees or fruits, this tubuler lasts has a grand which can be counted to regulate the thickness of pooling. With grand rampred, the tool becomes a handy apple over. The block has a sharp point.



A new solid and assumptionive fact, spitable for piction and exemples trips, runner in the form of tablets which are breign up and used so species.

Souther a can opener of the new wheel type, this handy tool combines a corkscraw and bettle opener. A noticed wheel of the conopener engages the equ's opter rise, guiding the suiting point so it to swang swaped.

Turn a crank, and this new tool,

etteched to a table, cores your

properruit. A pair of knife-



A hinged lever on the fower winslow such engages a notched strip on upper such, locking lower window when opened.

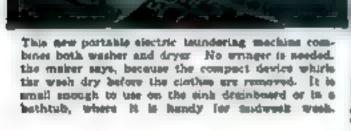
They'd Please Any Housewife

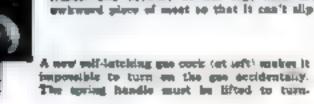


Primar honory and undergarments of the shartest inhete are safely weeked. It is clarated, with a diminutive new "respress" weekboard," which can be used in a week basis or even what a tencap-



Sharp touth in the bottom of this new carving frame, and slowers at the top, hold the most awkness place of most so that it can't slip away.







A wide tim near the bees of this aluminute pot permits it to rest like a fid po the coal range, supported just above the hot cosls. Potatoes ere boiled and vegetables cooked better In this way, the inventor declares-



The latest startproof covering for stored clothet converts a trush or chees into a filing cabinet, in which each garment in filed inits own enve-lope. Each envelope has a meavement handle

You may forget to turn off the gas but mater bester had this automatic timer wun't When set to run the heater for a desired time circlwork ticks until a spring



This potspect electric frener requires an more storage space than a vacuum closure. Used on the hitchen table, it plugs into any well societ and heats in four minutes. Its irming curious equals tun factions.



Per the brankinst and; the intest convenience is an "electric shalf" that hangs on the well man by. It is fitted with handy surfer plugs for coaking applicates. Any two applicates may be plugged in at once.

Keeping Pace with Aviation



Rocket "Boosters" May Start Big Planes—Extra Wing and Oil Motor Mark Advances in Aircraft

Por KETS as taking-off aids for bravy planes are forecast by recent successful experiments with this novel type of propulsion in Germany, observers say. A higher biter requires twice as much power to get off the ground as to cruise once it is in the air, according to experts; and rockets to supplement the propellers' traction might boost the plane quickly to flying speed, permitting a short run instead of a long one before taking wing. Familial reports of building so-called "moon mikets," it is pointed out, may actually veil such serious plans to revolutionize heavy commercial and war planes.

Great public interest was aroused by tests a few mouths ago, in which Herr von Opel, German designer of a rocket-propelled automobile, flew a large model airplane also propelled by rockets. He and other designers propose variously to apply the idea to man-carrying craft capable of crossing the Atlantic.

"Extra Wing" Lifts More

THROI GH his invention of an "extent wing" that can be attached to an arplane without altering its design. H. D. Fowler, chief engineer of a New Brown & N. J., company, claims that places may carry double their normal load in passengers or freight without sacrifice of criming speed. The Fowler wing, a long narrow flap at the back of the main wing, is adjustable. It can be extended to supplement the wing area when taking-off, and drawn in beneath the wing for fast criming. Its extension by the pilot who operates it in flight from the cockpit, is said to provide safe control in case of a stall.

In recent tests at Pitcarn Field, Philadelphia, a Canuck light plane repopped with the device took off with full lond in nine seconds, in practically still air. Observers declared that the invention in no way interfered with normal operation of the aderons, or the plane's halance, in fact, the pilot could five hands off the controls, with the auxiliary wing either folded or extended.

New Oil Motor Tested

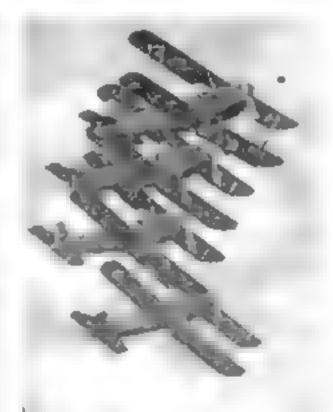
MASS production of oil-burning motors for amplanes may follow recent successful tests of a new 2005-horsepower Diesel type engine developed by the Packard Motor Company. In a demonstration at Detroit, Mich., it drove a commercial monoplane successfully. The new motor practically bunishes fire hazard, its designers declare, by replacing inflaminable gaseline with heavy oil.

Not long ago the National Advisory Committee for Accounties demonstrated at Langley Field, Va., a one-cylinder experimental model of an oil motor of this type. It developed one horsepower for every three pounds of weight, comparing (avorably with the lightness of standard gasoline motors. Now the same power is

claimed for the Packard motor, a multicylinder, radial, air-cooled type, fully developed for airplane use. If further ground and air tests are successful, the new motors may be turned out in quantity.

Bombing Fleet Too Late

WHEN none huge Army bombers flew from Langley Field, Va., to Mines Field, Los Angeles, not long ago the largest fleet of its kind ever to cross



YOU look up to see a flock of Army planes, in flying formation. With astonishing control and precision they apoed, wing to wing. They tell, better than words, the thrilling story of progress in the air since men first flew, a quarter of a century ago. On these pages each month,

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY aims to help you keep pace with this progress, by reporting the latest news of the sky in an interesting way.

the country they proved commercial airports on route wholly inadequate in time of war. Had the sur-fleet been rushing to defend the west coast against naval invasion, it would have arrived too late.

Irksome delays were experienced, pilots and, because most fields lacked adequate stores of gasoline and pumps to load it. "Many stations fuel planes from an ordinary auto filling pump—but a three-ton hombing plane caunot be moved about so easily," one reported

Train Flying Weather Men

HOW to forecast flying weather is being taught in an advanced course in meteorology at the Mazaichusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass. Dr. Carl-Gustav Rossby, a Swedish meteorologist, has charge of the class. Dr. Rossby was formerly chairman

of the committee on aeronautical meteorology of the Damel Guggenheim Fund for the Promotion of Aeronautics. Now that metropolitan newspapers have begun publishing daily Weather Bureau predictions of flying conditions in connection with the regular weather reports, the demand for men with special training is thus branch of meteorology is increasing.

Another innovation in education is a school for explorers, said to be the only one of its kind in the world, founded by Dr. A. Hamilton Rice, of Philadelphia, who beaded a recent airplane expedition into Brazilian jungles. Geographical surveying and field work are stressed.

Canada-Mexico Air Lines

TWO international air lines, preparations for which were amonuced last month in Poweran Science Monther, are now in operation. Mexico and the linted States are linked at last by a new route from Mexico City to Neuvo Laredo, on the border, connecting through a Laredo-San Antonio, Texas, spur with all the air lines of the United States. Canada is teed in with the great book-up by the Canadian Colon at Arrways' lene, just opened, between New York and Montreas, Both muil and passes gers are corned.

Opening of the Mexican route is a triumph over extraordinary handicaps. Its path, which follows the Mexican National Railway through ragged and mountainous country, had never before been surveyed for regular flying.

Air mail for Canada should carry five cents postage for the first owner, for Mexico, twenty cents,

A New Map for Navigators

THE latest way to represent the curved Learth on a flat piece of paper aids flyers to navigate. It is a new type of map, devised by Bradley Jones and R. K. Stout of the Instrument and Navigation Upit, U. S. Air Corps, primarily for use with the radio beacon.

For all its imposing name of "equidistant senithal projection," the new chart is simply a ministure of a huge imaginary flat card touching the earth at Wright Field, Dayton, O., with points on it that mark every neighboring city directly beneath them. The result is a map that shows accurately the direction of every city within 1,000 miles of the field, as indicated by a radio compass.

Anywhere by Air Taxi

IN A hurry to get somewhere—anywhere in the United States? Just pick up the 'phone, and call an air taxt.

That is the program of the Curtass Aeroplane and Motor Company, which is preparing to establish air taxi service in twenty-five cities throughout the United States. It is said to be the first concerted attempt to establish an air taxi organization nation-wide in acope.

You Can Look at Your House Before You Build It!

By JOHN WALKER HARRINGTON

ODAY thanks to the latest devices of architecture—when you plan a home of your own, you can see that house of your dreams before you build it, standing complete, with all its trimmings and adornments. Long before the foundations are laid or the first spadeful of earth has even been turned, you can inspect it on the very street and lot you have selected for its site.

You see it in photographed models, surrounded by the trees, adjacent structures, or other features of the thorough fare where it will stand. It appears exactly as it will when finished, with its true dimensions and relative proportions to its environments. All of its attractions, as well as its possible disadvantages, are clearly and unmistak-

ably presented.

This latest development in architecture enables any prospective house builder to inspect an entire series of such photographs, from which he may finally select the exact plan that he and his family like best. And mind you the realistic image is not merely a photographic reproduction of an architect's sketch—a "rendering" as it is called in the profession.

THEN, how is it done? What seems to be a picture of an actual, three-dimensional structure, is a eleverly scaled

photograph of a miniature model of the projected home, superimposed on a camera "shot" of its future setting

Few persons can tell how a bouse will appear merely by looking at the architect's plans. Drawings, blue-prints, over sketches in a y confuse and mislend the layman.

The untrained eye cannot vission the three

dimensions merely by looking at the and curlycues on the first surface of tracing or blueprint. Least of all can it see how a mass of brick and wood and metal will look on a site, with its steps, paths, lawns, shruhs, and trees, or as compared with adjacent by high it as related to a street or roads.

That is why an increasing number of architects are working out models or

AT FIRST glause the latest advance in architectural activace, described here, may according to magic. But actually it is very practical and extremely useful. Mr. Harrington explains in simple, minterhairal language a fascinating new method of bouse plans of which may save you many dollars and much worsy when you build that home of your own.

miniatures of bouses in clay, wood, or pasteboard "in the cube," as they say. After the prospective builder has approved a rough model, the formal plans, necessary for the estimate and guidance of the contractor, may be made, and from these a model with more details can be prepared, if needed.

The principle on which this method is based was first introduced in the erection of a skyscraper. Helinic, Corbett and Harmon, architects of the Bush Building in Forty-second Street, New York City, first made a photograph of the city block in which was the site. The camera stood on the roof of a building across the street, about 300 feet distant. A photograph of the model of the building was

then pasted on the photograph of the site. Visite has a work and in the set across a photograph the Rosh Bolt graph are noticed.

The same idea was used by these architects in showing how the Asa Bushnell Memorial at Hartford, Coan., would blend with the locality selected for it, although its foundations were not yet dug.

Since large office buildings yield a greater revenue if pleasing and conspicuous, much care is taken to be sure they will present an attractive appearance. A large insurance company, for instance, recently decided to change the plans for its new quarters when half the steel work was up, and at tremendous cost.

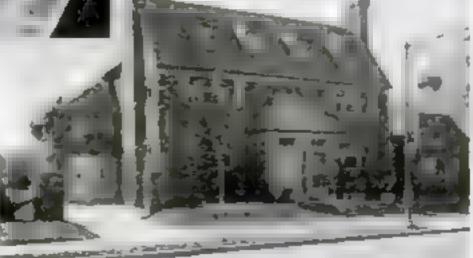
It is fully as important, if not more so, that homes he built in harmony with their settings. If the sites chosen are level, one can judge the effect by affixing a photograph of a model to that of the site. Sites should be "posed" from an elevation of ten to twenty feet, and the models from the same relative angle from the camers so as to include the roof. Some wealthy men, before erecting large country houses, get surplane views of the site with the surrounding landscape and community.

THIS new idea shows many things not apparent from a drawing in perspective. A clever draftsman can make a colored sketch abowing a house against blue sky and white clouds and hemined in by trees and hunber, but it will lack the feeling of reality present in even an amateur's photograph of a model. An artist, by a deft touch, can conceal a fault, but a model cannot hide its short-size in the picture, a product of and a most real state of an at probability and the draftsman will say over a reality presential facts.

The camera. bowever, tella the truth. can show, for instance, that a bungalow will be amall lot, if built flush with the street. One of the worst examples of a bouse unsuited to its site was the French chateau of a wealthy New York family on Fifth Avenue, bounded on two sides by paved streets and with only a pocket handker-



Small model of the home at the right made from place be see construction.



The actual completed dwelling. Notice that the owner after studying the model decided to change the location of the garage to the opposite aids.

chief lawn in front. Had it been built on rising ground in the midst of a park it would have had

beauty and dignity.

As far as possible, the up-to-date architect adapts the form of a bouse to the natural features of a lot. If the land has a mound, or a large ledge of rock, or trees, he will not have it dug up, leveled off, and shaven clean, as was once the practice. On a ledge he may have a sun parlor; or he may use a slope as a terrace, or a bollow as an approach to a garage. The number of architectural styles is limited. By taking advantage of the unusual character of the terrain, howeyer, the architect can design a bouse which will be very distinctive.

HOUSE and lot are really one.

If the model does not suit the site, it can be changed, likewise the site can be adapted. If the lot is like a behard table, it can be made more attractions.

One of the best examples of the new method is a residence on the outskirts of Dayton. Once, recently completed for R. T. Gardner under the direction of his New York architects, Peabody, Wilson and Brown. Before ground was broken, beavy timber boxes were built about the trees near the site, to prevent their being barked or grazed by trucks and steam shovels. A large clay model was made, showing the house as planned, the grounds alightly changed in grade about the bouse. As completed, this house in the woods near the Park road in "The Gem-



Visualizing a future house down to the last skrub, Kurl Surknowel, municiparty grains of Los Angeles, puts the floriding touches us a model. This new method saves cookly changes.

City" is in complete harmony with its sylvan immoundings. The same method employed in its construction can be applied, of course, to dwellings of moderate cost.

One may see how flat lots have been changed to make them more picturesque by making a tour of recent suburban developments in Westchester County and Long Island, New York. The original models were made with settings of slope and foliage and with trees, which were to be added. So closely were these ideal bornes and sites reproduced that it is hard to detect which are photographs of mansions in miniature and which of the actual completed structures.

Real estate companies now have

offices which might be mistaken for stores for the sale of doll houses. On tables and slicives are small scale models of homes. Customers can make their selections from the samples, and see airplane views of the property and close-up photographs in which lots appear. If the prospective purchaser wishes, he can have a photograph of a model placed on a site picture, or go a step further and see the whole scheme worked out with model and setting.

WHEN one is thinking of moving to a region under development, he likes to know what kind of houses his neighbors will have. Corporations, therefore, assemble large models of entire communrises—highways, streets, yards, houses, churches, stores, and also a model of the vicinity. Such have

been used as exhibits before town boards as evidence of what a new settlement is to be.

After an arclutect's client feels he will be pleased with the general appearance of a bouse and with its environment, exact deta is are in order. So as ited are many architects in making rough models that by putting calipers and compasses to them, they can get measurements for the formal plans. Contractors bitherto have followed blueprints in making bids on erection, but now they ask to see the models as well. Accustomed as they are to "reading plans," they get a much clearer idea of the work to be done by studying it in the cube," on the made as well as on the outside.

In designing a country home for Mr. and Mrs. Henry Esberg, near Purchase, New York, the architect, Frank Enton. Newman, at first ut, used a model carved from plaster to get the general effect of mass or bulk. In the he was goded by an unusually good airplane view Next. a model was fashioned on which all details, doors, windows and ornaments were indicated. The completed minature structure as developed by Walter Favreau, of the Artop Model

differing anales. Certain changes both in the large and in its position were then distinct transfer on the preferences of the largest. This model was more elaborate than the types commonly prepared. Yet, considering at paid for itself several times by saving the cost of changes with would have been made in the fire hed residence, it was a good investment.

The architect a photograph of

the nite for the

new memor al.

A i.L. the thought given to a complete A model yields practical results. Instead of felling his client that this line is a wall, that dotted encels a door, and that dewdah an electric light outlet, the architect shows a standing three-dimension interior. Many models are so complete that when (Continued on page 136)



Scale model accurate a every decay to a full implementation for new memory of bit is not at Hartford. Conn. It even shows a purious of each



The photographed model, superimposed on the photograph of the site, reveals exactly how the completed structure will appear on the selected language and how it will harmonise with surroundings.

Recent Advances in Science

Cathode Rays Put to Work

WHAT good are cathode rays?

That was the question hard-headed enties proposed when Dr. W. D. Cool.dge, of the General Electric Research Laboratories, announced that chemicals underwent strange changes, and minerals glowed with fluorescence, when exposed to rays from his powerful new cathode ray tubes. The first of these was a glass vessel that shot a stream of "electron rays"

through a three-meh window of metallic nickel film. The accord coupled three tuber to "kick" along the rays to a final velocity of

150,000 miles a second.

German investigators asked the same question, and Prof. H. Plan-son of Hamburg, Germany devised a new cathode tobe resembling Dr. Couldge's, but substituting a window of gold-plated beryllium, an other metal, and using only two thirds the electric voltage; also supplementing the tiple with magnetic effects.

With it, Prof. Plauson recently announced, he can make animonia from a mixture of introgen and oxygen. He claims he can make synthetic rubber with astonishing rapidity can harden signal forms of bakebte into solube without heating, and from coal, air, and water, can manufacture—alcohol, methanol.

acetic acid, and other.

Monsters Unearthed

HEAD benea of a huge prebutere monster part unearthed by Roy Chapman Andrews at the southern edge of the Gobs Desert in-

dicate, he says, that the original animal was as long as the height of the world's tallest building, the 792-foot Woolworth Building in New York. Every time the moister turned around, his front and hind quarters must have traveled a quarter of a mile. His head, of striking appearance, was evidently broad, with a tapering nose and flaring nostrile.

"We found a monster in the same area in 1925," Andrews says, "The saddle-shaped headed creature discovered on this expedition is behaved to be the great-grandfather of the 1925 monster."

Another glimpse of what formidable creatures once lived is revealed in the discovery, at Kustinge, on the Swedish coast, of an enormous whole estimated to have lived 5.000 years ago. Workmen duging a ditch at first mistook the thirteen-foot jawhone they uncartbed for a part of the hull of some ancient vessel.

New Perfumes and Pickles

PERFUMES and pickles lie within the field of tomorrow's chemist, who may make startling improvements in both, according to experts of the American Chemical Society.

Rich and pour women alike may soon

enjoy the fragrance of the rurest perfumes, in the opinion of Col. M. T. Bogart, head of the organic chemistry laboratory at Columbia University. Today in France, 40,000,000 jasmine plants growing in great fields supply only 1,700 tons of perfume extract a year—an amount that tomorrow may be manufactured in purer and better form in a single small factory and at a fraction of the cost through synthetic chemistry.

"The field of synthetic odors is limit-

Today's discoveries and theories that amega from the acientific laboratory have a direct bearing an the everyday lives of all of use for many of thom, as in the past, are destined to be applied to valuable practical uses. On these pages each month are described, in understandable form, the latest records of research and discovery to help you keep step with the march of etience.

less," Col. Bogart says. "We have developed entirely new scents. We shall even need a new language for them."

Spices and their constituent oils, first counts to those of perfumes, may also be improved by chemists, according to another expert, John Glamford. Better pickles, condiments, mayonnaire and other dressings, he says, depend upon the study of spices in the double role of flavors and preservatives—another field in which chemistry must lead the way.

Wealth in Nitrogen

TODAY a pound of introgen gas—
shout four barrelfuls in worth approximately thirty-two cents, while an equal weight of gold, a bur about the size of a spectacle case, commands a price of \$250. Yet introgen may replace gold as the standard of a nation a wealth in the near future, H. R. Bates, vice president of the International Agricultural Corporation of Atlanta, Ga., recently told the American Chemical Society.

This lazy, inert, colorless, odorless, and tasteless gas, which forms the major part of the air we breathe, is of vital importance in the manufacture of fertilisers and explosives, he said. By learning to extract it from the air, industry has beeded the starting prophecy of the British scientist. Sir William Crookes—that, otherwise, starvation must follow exhaustion of Chilean nitrate fields as sources of fertilizer.

Capturing Hidden Gold

WITH the solution of a problem that has baffled experts for half a century, miners are to capture gold hidden in blue

ores of the Black Hills, Nevada, district. Hitherto the most rigorous treatment with heat and chemicals has only locked the gold more secorely in its ore by the formation of refractory compounds; but now the Rare and Precious Metals Experiment Station of the Bureau of Mines at Reno, Nev., amounces that it has successfully extracted the gold by a new process that includes a short, low-temperature roast, a wash with buse, and then the usual treatment with eyanide.

Other researches are a ding the mining of nonmetable substances—a major part of the United States' seven-billion-dollar mining industry. New wire saws, described not long ago in Populan Scinson Mostrale, are reported by the Bureau of Mines to have effected tremendous economies in slate quarrying by climinating waste.

Stronger "Death" Waves

MORE destructive super-sound waves, vibrating at the unprecedented rate of two and a half million times a second, recently have been produced in the laboratory of

Alfred L. Loomia at Tuxedo Park, N. Y Lake the inaudible, ultra-rapid waves of one third this frequency which he previously generated they kill small animals and plants placed in a vessel of water subjected to them. They destroy plants that resisted the strongest waves previously used on them.

Winning Against Scourges

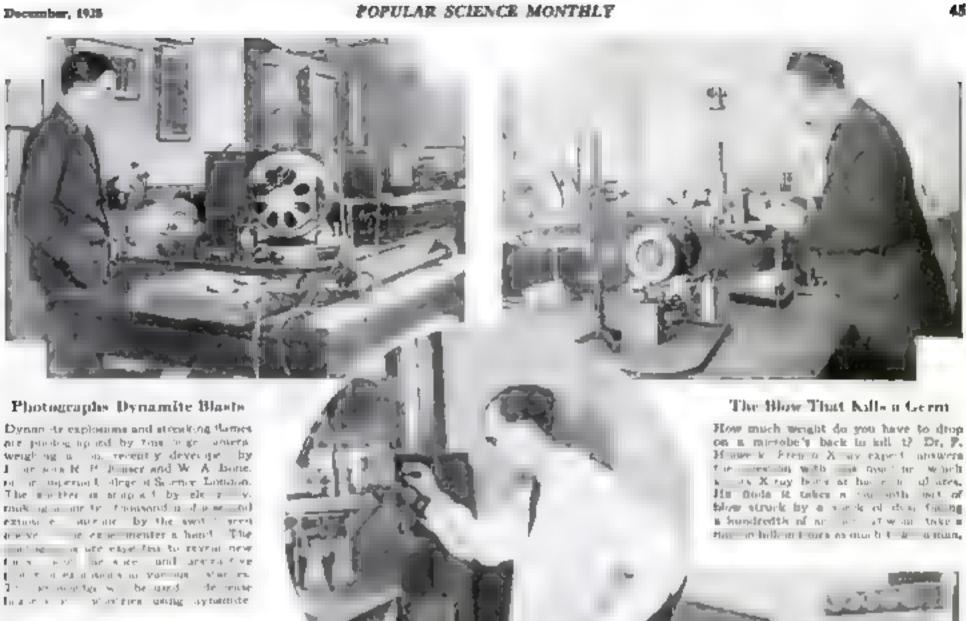
AT LEAST one more scourge of man seems conquered, another promises to be, and medical men the world over are fighting other dread diseases.

Prompt use of a newly developed seminifor infantile paralysis stamped out a threatened epidemic last summer.

That leprosy at last may be conquered as seen in the announcement that eight more lepers have just been discharged from the National Leper Home at Carville, La., "apparently cured" and no longer a menace to the public. Thirty-seven in all have been discharged after treatment by new methods with chargemongra oil and its derivatives.

Meanwhile Dr. Warren K. Stratman-Thomas, Wiscousin pharmacologist, is Africa-bound to find a specific cure for

sleeping aickness.



Recording Street Anises in Lengthsia

Disturbing street names in London, England, are to be en a transfer and the second of the second o property the state of the second state of the second secon w Kale the A N'AV T P HONE AN ÎNC PE N' T N E NE Dietar a chies nerials on regression of the second s see here on see while are centry have been to med to the He tab Me at its Assets c at we a stemp a t. brestly.



A single sile in drilling on right-inch bole through the optical axis of this 2,500-pound, seventy ack telescope reflector, the largest ever made in America, would have ruined a year's labor. The plans disk was cost for Ohio Wesleyso University by A. N. Pinn, of the U. B. Bureau of Standards, at Washington, D. C. He is seen at the right of the picture above, superviung the drilling. During the delicate process, which advanced about an each a day the glass was subsedded to a cast was form filled with sand. The workers were protected from possible explosion of the glass, due to concealed stratos, by heavy plants and steelabsolds. In casting the huge disk, coolten glass was poured into an electrically heated mold, which permitted it to root gradually, for eight months, to average room temperature.



Five-Million-Year Food!

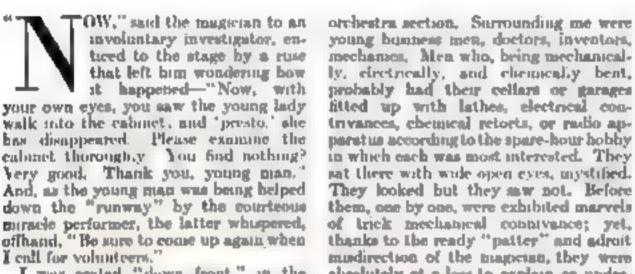
The picture at the left shows Prof. Loye Miller hend of the Biology Department of the University of California, with the foull of a bird believed to have lived five million. years ago. It was found recently at Calabases, Calif near Los Angeles, The prehistoric bira, which thus left its wingprints through the ages, in believed to have belonged to the family of cormorants -fish-eating sea birds. He form has been so preserved. that even the fine markings of its feathers are distinguishable. This is the first (ossil specimen of vertebrata life discovered in the prehistone fortostions, millions of Aters old, uncovered in the Los Angeles regime.

How Magicians Do Their Tricks

N EXPERT takes you behind the curtain of deep mystery and explains just what you've always wanted to know-How ingenious inventions of mechanies and science produce those astonishing stage wonders that seem impossible to the audience

By

GEORGE S. GREENE



I was scaled "down front," in the

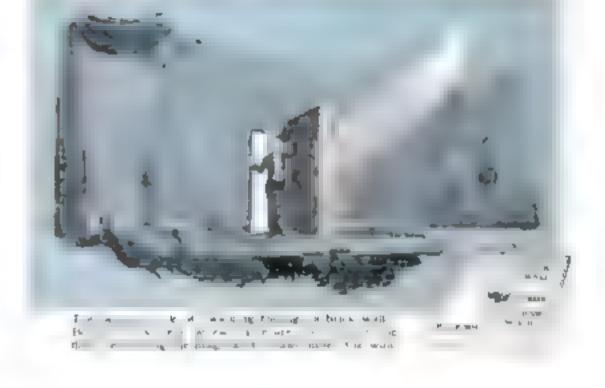
young bunness men, doctors, inventors, mechanics. Men who, being mechanically, electrically, and chemically bent, probably had their cellars or garages fitted up with lather, electrical contrivances, chemical retorts, or radio apparetus according to the spare-hour hobby in which each was most interested. They sat there with wide open eyes, mystified. They looked but they mw not. Before them, one by one, were exhibited marvels of trick mechanical connivance; yet, thanks to the ready "patter" and admit mudirection of the magician, they were absolutely at a loss to explain or under-

stand how the bewildering feats of magic were performed.

Hundreds of flowers, beautiful selk than, and a few ducks or rabbits would pour from some spectator's borrowed hat, and the consensus of opinion in the orchestra seats would be, "Aw, he gets those out of his sleeve." Yet if those mechanically minded men of the audience could step behind stehes some day and examine there the elever contrivances built to fool the public from the stage they would be surprised to learn how readily seemingly impossible wonders are performed by use of concealed hanges, fake nails, electricity, plumbing, curpentry, radio, chemistry, physics, hydraulies, metal working, and similar appurtenances of the magnetan's

BUT the big problem is to gain entrance "back First, a guard at the stage door inquires your business, then a large "cyclorums." curtain, surrounding the work-

How chemistry produces asymifying smale. Preming both mores furnes of ammoras and hydrochloric acid, in hidden. to the forming wapor which more from a tube at wrist.



ing part of the magician's stage, prevents even the stage hands from becoming too inquartive.

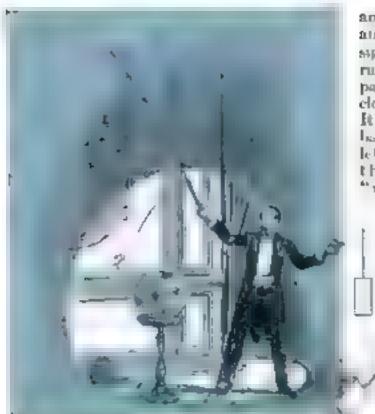
I remember a young woman writer, who, some years ago, attempted to expose secrets of magic by "investigating" the prested g tator a stage properties. In this she was quite evidently disappointed, for the only "revelation" abs was able to present was a statement that "the mechanical device that causes the lady to float in mid-air is known as a gooseneck gummick." She was quite correct, though I doubt if the understood what a "gooseneck grannick" is, or how it is

THE gooseneck principle, (a "gim-mick," in magical parlabee, means secret device) is an old, almost, as the mystery of magic. On it depends the renowned illusion variously called "The Aga," "Floating Lady," and so on. There are perhaps a dozen ways of presenting the trick, but each depends upon the guowneek.

The trick probably first originated in Asiatre mythology, and in the belief that in a vertain part of India the casket contuning the remains of a once highly revered religious leader has remained for thousands of years suspended high in the air without contact or support from anything earthly. However that may be, as presented nowadays, a young woman in introduced and the magician pretends to hypnotize her. She becomes "catalephe". or stiff, and is placed on a couch standing near a back curtain. With appropriate muse and waving of hands, the woman slowly ruses into the air until she is above the magnesan's bead, and without vanile support. A really solid hoop is then passed over her body twice to prove that there are no connecting supports.

Behind the curtain near which the couch rests is placed the moving or "levitation" apparatus. Different performers use different types of mechanisms for this. A common type is a trunk with a rod passing through a hole in the





"Carching fish nut of the sir." A jerk on the pole releases from the "buit" a fluttering golden gloth resembling a live lish. The magician defily substitutes a real fish which has been concealed in the handle of the red, and theory it into the water in the lish bowl.

top. By a system of gears, when a crank is turned, the rod is forced, very slowly upward. Fastened to the top of the rod is the "goosebeek." This is a length of atrong iron rod, heat to the shape of an S. It passes through a slit in the curtain and its outer end is fastened to a metal framework on the rough on which the gri rests while she is "floating" in the air Luose crothing conceals her support and the guosebeck is hidden from the air dience by her body.

The hoop of course is solid. But the thing that speciators most is that the hoop is passed over her body to see Prest it masses over the feet, then the head and is brought around the curve in the goose-beek so that it excles the iron rod. It is again passed over the feet, then over the bead, which frees it from the gooseneck so that it can be passed to the audience for inspection or rolled "off stage." Were it not for the curves in the iron support, the trick would be impossible.

FOR variation, the girl cometimes is covered with a sheet, and when the sheet is jerked away while she is in the air, the girl has disappeared. The couch is made so that when she is about to be covered with the cloth, she can open an entrance to the couch and slip made, entirely concealed. In her place under the sheet is substituted a black piano-wire form of a girl which comes from behind the couch, and it is that wire form which u "floated" in the are by the gooseneck. When the cloth is jerked away the black wire form is invisible against the background, and curtains are lowered quickly lest it be discovered by a too observing spectator.

One performer made a practice of inviting members of the audience to the stage to inspect this trick. By appropriate misdirection he prevented any investigator from learning the secret. Immediately the sheet was jerked from the form, he would have the curtains closed by assistants. One night a man who was

among these spectators seemed nervous and especially interested. When the signal was given to close the curtains he rushed toward where the girl had apparently vanished, and the curtains closed between him and the audience. It developed that the man was the himband of the girl used in the trick. She had left him to "go on the stage"; and when the himband of the rushed frantically to the

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invasible wire form.

The couple were reconciled and the magician advertised for a new lady assistant

In the last three centures countless small appliances on ingenious as the gomeneck have been developed as indispensable adposes in the presentation of mystify-

Of these, perhaps the "servante" is the most used. This is a device to receive and hide discarded cards, oranges, rubbits, handkerchiefs, and the like. One type fits on the back of a chair, forming a pocket into which the contents of the magician's hand move be discarded while to all appearances, he is maply moving the chair. Then there is the "table servante," a special table top covered with dack velvet which is marked off with gold band into sounces or circles, "he parts of the table beneath the self-card many. Black bags are stored in the contents of los band in a factor of many in the contents of los band in a factor of many in the called professionally These traps are soon as a track in which the many are not as a factor of the loss of wads of fore paper and as the hand restored as we have a sary for he formand restored as we have a sary for he formand restored as we had a track in which the many as a loss of the same and most of the

One of the very few instances in which a professional magician uses his sleeves for disappearances is that of making a handkerchief vanish. The performer wears on his left wrist, as you or I would wear a wrist watch, a small round box resembing a pill box. Inside this is a powerful spring, like a clock spring. It is connected to a strong cord, which passes under the cost, into the right sleeve, and terminates in a hook at the right wrist. The book is usually fastened temporarily to a finger ring on the right hand. Fastened to a handkerchief, it pulls the latter up the right sleeve in a flash invisible to the eye. Some of the spring "pulls," as they are termed, are filled with a device that holds the spring until a button is pressed with the flager, or against the body, when the apring flies auto action.

AROUT twenty years ago a European of magerian caused a sensation with a trick that is absurdly simple to anyone acquainted with chemistry. His dress and makeup resembled the popular conception of the devil. He astounded his audiences by producing puffs of smoke anywhere he desired, with bare hands. Spectators carried glass vases to him, and at his touch the jars would fill with smoke, without the faintest sound of explosion. Some credulous persons actually believed that the smoke was produced from the "lower place." The secret was never revealed to the public, but among magicians



The mysterican "floating indy." She is really suspended in the air by an S-shaped ston, her called a "gooseneck gammack."

it was known. In his left sleeve was a rubber balb, connected with a tube that passed down the right sleeve. In the sleeve the tube led to two bottles, one containing hydrochloric acid; the other, liquid arimonia. The bottles, in turn, were connected by glass tubing which pierced their rubber corks. When the rubber balb was pressed, air was forced into the arimonia bottle, causing ammonia fumes to mix with those of the hydrochloric acid, and so producing a white chemical smoke, which issued from a slender tube at his wrist

A FEW years ago a famous magician with a fancy for large illusions invented what is now known as "Walking through a Brick Wall." It was immediately a sensation. As the curtain rose, the audience saw a large square wood frame, on rollers, and a large pile of bricks. A man dressed like a bricklayer placed the bricks as position in the frame, making a solid brick wall. The cross section of the

wall faced the audience, and at each ade, near the center of the wall, a screen was placed. The performer went behind one of the screens, and while a committee was surrounding the stage he apparently walked through the wall for he quickly appeared from behind the acreen on the opposite aids of the wall.

It was a real brick wall, sure enough. But on the stage floor was a small carpet, which concealed trapideous in the stage. The performer merely required an assistant to open the trapideous, allowing him to crawl underneath the wall and up to the other side.

AT ONE time conjurors were notorsom among thrater managers for "cutting their stages to pieces" with trap-doors. Nowadays, however, many stages have concrete floors so the practice of cirting "traps" is almost obsolete.

Homous in which the element of possible death is present have always been popular, although usually there is little danger to the performer. The mulk can escape is an

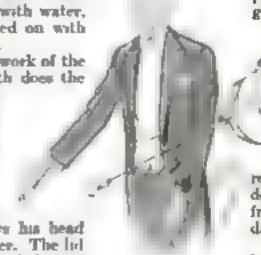
you an have tree guesses to explain how a thanking rail can be which can you pick from this "forcing deck," You guessed it.

example. To the layman, it would seem physically impossible to escape from a can filled to the brim with water, the hid being locked on with borrowed padlocks.

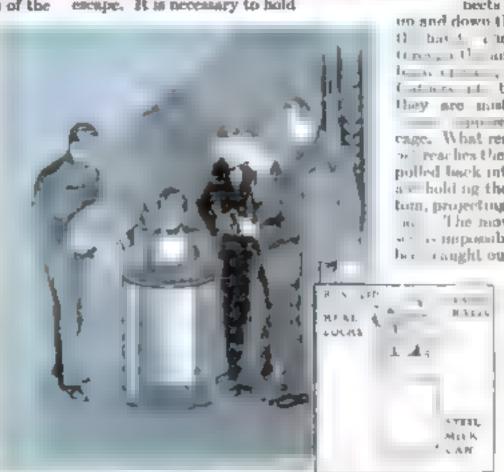
Here again, the work of the expert metal south does the

trick. The can is so made that on examination it appears untampered with. It is faled with water, the magician, wearing a bathing suit.

steps in and draws his head down into the water. The lid is quickly locked, and the can surrounded with screens. The magician, however, has merely to push up on the lid, and a top part of the can, consisting of a false shoulder, lifts up to allow escape. It is necessary to hold



How the vacidities had been up into the right sieve by a hundred rord from a spring on left near,



Drowted in the milt can? Hardly. The magicum lifts off the trick top, padiocks and all, as shows in the drowing at right

the breath under water for only a minute. When the lid is replaced everything is as before, and the examining committee from the audience find the scaled locks intact and untouched?

THERE are two important tricks in which live birds and fishes are used. One is known as "Fishing in the Air" and the other "Dove Catching in the Air" In the former, the magician, with rod and line, estebes live goldfish from the air and deposits them in a bowl of water, where they can be seen swimming about. In the latter, a pole with a net at the end is used, and live, white doves are accomingly caught in the air above the audience and deposited in wire cages, where they are very much alive.

These, again, have been made posmble by mechanical genus and inventiveness. The handle of the fishing rod contains concealed compartments for two live goldfish, with wet sponges to keep them alive. The "bart consists of a tiny metal tube stitched to the fishbook. Inside of the tube is a shred of golden-yedow silk. When the performer jerks on the pole, the golden silk is jerked out of the

tube automatically, and being kept in motion, it looks for all the world like a flapping goldfish. As the performer grasps the piece of suk in his hand to

remove it from the hook, he deftly substitutes a live fish from the handle of the pole, then drops the live fish into the howl.

The "Dove Catcher" is a brass tube about five feet long, with a wire hoop and net at one end. Inside of the tube, at the net end, are a few white feathers fastened to a metal rod, which passes down the tube and connects with a metal band sliding

to and down the outside of the take near the hard are performer waves the net time, at the air, and, moving the alding hard the air, and, moving the alding hard the air, quickly forces the wrote they are mutaken for a dove. The movemently in damped into a wire cage. What really happens is that, as the presches the cage, the fake feathers are polled back into the tube, and an assistant projecting a live white dove into the air improvement is no quick that it is improved to the air.

An expert sharpshooting artest of Europe once was approached by a young man who proposed a novel publicity scheme which, he said, would make the sharpshooter famous. The two formed a partnership and both became wealthy. The novelty was this: The young man, boiding a Japanese ombrella in his hand, climbed to the top of a steploider. There he momentarly covered

himself with the umbrella. The sharp-shooter fired at the umbrella, which dropped to the stage floor, the young man having vanished. Not until the death of the inventor was the secret learned by other magicians. A figured background was used, and a piece of the same material was fastened as a screen across the lack of the steplander so that the authence apparently saw the real background through the ladder. When the sharpshooter fired, the young man simply dropped down behind the ladder, and the screen of background material tacked to the ladder and him from view.

PERFORMANCES of tricks in which imagiciates use ingenious mechanical contrivances offer an opportunity for mechanically, scientific minded men to study and try to fathom the wonders that are employed to entertain and mystify. I have given here only the barest outlines of some of the most noteworthy illusions. In another article I will give the details of other familiar tricks,



"Fighting Jack" Kenion inspecting a Paris starm how during his recent trip to Europe to study fire-fighting methods.

High in the Air

Killing Fires

MORE thrilling experiences from the life of John Kenlon. New York City's veteran fire chief. "The best way to fight fire is to prevent it," he says, "and the next best way is to starve it to death." In this fascinating article he tells of modern scientific methods and devices which smother flames before they get a start, and prevent conflagrations.

MAGINE a steel blowtorch twelve feet wide and five hundred feet high, sponting a solid jet of flame into the interior of a \$16,000,400 modern office building! Imagine that flame developing a temperature of \$2,400 degrees as a funous draft sucks it upward. And finally, picture the condition of the building after that blowtorch had roaced through it for any hours!

A week of twated steel? A pyre of amoldering ashes? Fortunately, neither Merely a filing cabinet destroyed, a few desks burned, some fireproufing chipped off a single office—and the total damage not exceeding \$25,000! That, in brief, is the amazing consequence of the second Equitable fire in New York C ty—a fire which dramatically proved the assertion of John Aculon, the city's veteran chief, that "the best way to fight fire is to prevent it the next best way is to starve it to death."

Fire prevention and fire "starvation" are the two major chapter headings in the science of modern fire control. Or to put it in terms of John Kenlon's life story, they are the dominant factors in his seventeen years' experience as chief of the New York Fire Department.

WHEN the first Equitable Building burned to the sidewalk in 1912, it became apparent to Kenlon, just entering upon his career as chief, that the old ideas of "fire-proofing" would have to be abandoned. He determined that a new technique of fire-resistive construction would have to be devised. As the Fire Department member of the Board of Standards and Appeals—the body that dictates building legislation in New York—Kenlon laid down his specifications for the "Standard Fire Resistive Building of

Off duty, the weter on chief, like any normal citizen plays golf and enjoys other recreations which large him for the big ,ob of mastering the fire denon.

the Highest Type." They called for a building that would resist a temperature of 2,000 degrees Pahrenheit for four hours without material injury to its structural parts. The new Equitable Building on lower Broadway, rising out of the runn of the old one, was built in close conformity to Keulon's specifications. And it was these that made it possible for the new building to resist the fire which broke out at three A.M. on February 16, 1946.

THE fire started in a twelve-bytwelve-foot pape shaft, extending from the basement to the roof, and containing the main steam, gas, and water pipes that supplied the building. A bursting water pipe brought a midnight crew of plumbers, carrying a portable electric light, to make re-They entered the shaft through a fire door on the thurtyfifth story and after working a while discovered a fire in the bottom of the shaft. A short circuit in the portable electric cord probably ignited the felt covering of a steam pape. The beat generated by this flame caused the twisting and breakage of an uncovered six-inch gas pipe, which shot a roaming tower of flame up the shaft and through the fire door on the thirty-fifth story, left open by escaping workmen.

The blazing gas quickly filled the thirty-fifth floor and began to devour the contents of the unprotected offices. A few pieces of furniture



The spectacular Sherry-Netherlands blaze of 1917 For ten boom it raged unchecked in the thirtyeighth story scalloiding of the partly built hotel.

were quickly consumed, and the Fire Glutton decided to attack the building itself. But what was there to attack? Licking its evil lips hungrily, the Fire Glutton could only twist helplessly around concrete-covered steel columns, bollow-tiled walls, and wired-glass window frames. And when firemen at last sealed the broken gas pipe by a deluge of water poured into the shaft, the fire died of boredom and undernourpshinent, Or, an Kenlon said "It was starved to death."

WHIEF KENLON called this econd Equitable blaze "the highest fire in the history of the world." How, you may sak, d.d. he force effective streams of water 550 feet into the air, to quench B fire in the thirty-fifth story? He didn't. There im't an engine in existence that could pump a fighting stream that high—or a hose that could stand such pressare. But, following his own specifications for a model bunding, the Equitable had two 18,000-gallon tanks on the fortyfirst story, and was also equipped with two eight-inch standpipes with a pumping capacity of 4,000

gallons a minute. Kenion merely ordered his men to connect the house lines to these outlets, and the fire was under control (except in the pipe shaft) within

an bour.

"Reserve tanks and standpipes running from cellar to roof are essentials in akyseraper fire-fighting," and Kenton after the fire. "Without these two weapons, firemen are helpless. No water tower is effective above the afteenth floor, and hose inter current be dragged much higher.

BEFORE Kenlon will O.K. any sky bazard, he personally inspects the tanks and standpipes. Architects and cogneers know him as a 'lough hotabre because he frequently maists on extensive changes in the size and location of the interior water supply.

The spectacular Sherry-Netherlands

blaze, which on April 13, 1027, raged unchecked for ten hours in the thirtyeighth story scaffolding of a nearly completed Fifth Avenue hotel, furnished New Yorkers with a taste of the ultra-theatment in sky fires. It also gave specific point to Chief Kenlon's contentions about barld age in the process of construction. After the Commodore Hotel fire of 1824, which threatened the Forty-Second Street business district and proved that the "almost finished" buicking is an especially dangerous fire risk, Kenlon urged that "fire-elevators." encased in fireproof shafts, should be put in operation as soon as the steel skeleton of a building was erected. These ele-



The encrement waterfront and shipping of Greater New York add to Chief Kenkin's problem. Here firemen are mon pouring streams into the blamen hold of a vessel, following an explorous.

vators, for fire use only, could quickly boost firemen and chemical apparatus to the source of a blaze. In the construction of the Sherry Netherlands Hotel thin provision apparently was neglected. As a result, the Fire Department was faced by an uncontrollable blaze in a partially completed building, without fire elevators, tanks, or standpipes,

SINGLE fireman with a forty-A gallon chemical tank could have gene of on the elevator and extinguished that he at any time during the first twenty manates, 'declared kendon, ' But see what actually occurred. We had to climb thirty-eight stories-nearly the he ght of Washington Monument-carrying heavy apparatus on our backs. By the time we reached the fire we were extremely fatigued, the fire was beyond the reach of chemical apparatus, and needed 4,000 gallons of water a minute. But

perther the standpipes nor the reserve tanks were available. The building was outside the high pressure area, and the nearest bydrant was 100 feet away from the burning aide of the building, " The New York Fire Department,

bailed as the greatest in the world, suddenly seemed antiquated and futile. Unbelievable as it sounds, the nearest water was fully one third of a mile away! For mx hours Kenion bovered over the brink of humiliating defeat while rocketing embers from the burning botel were scattered over roofs and terraces of neighboring buildings. But with its usual good fortune, New York was spared & serious conflagration, the fire burned itself out at last, and the Sherry Netherlands blaze passed into lastery as one of the few great "waterless" fires on record.

KEVLON resolved never to be caught again in such a precaught again in such a predicament. He immediately demanded a meeting of the Board of Standards and Appeals, and proreceded to shake that body into effective action. No one knows what he said at that meeting, but it is known that the inspector of

buildings was tremendously busy during the next month. Fire elevators and tempurary water tanks were promptly installed in every partially finished building and the extension of the high pressure system to Fifty-Ninth Street clong a favorite project of the chief) is soon to become a reality. If Kenlon has his way -and be will—the near-tragedy of the Sherry-Netherlands will never be reenacted in New York City

'In combating a modern fire, what single element do you drend most? The question was asked of Kenion by a prom neal aremitect at a recent convention of

New England fire chiefs.

The granted chief bentated not a moment. "The buckling and collapse of supporting columns." he replied. "They are responsible for the loss of more firemen, and for more disastrom confusion. than any other single element in my experience. And the sad part of it is." he

continued, "that with our present knowledge of fireproofing these columns, the tragedy of a total collapse need bever occur



Largely through Kenlen's effects, modern fee-fighting has become a terestric profession. Above, firemen are fearuing from an assistant. third how to attack a blase in a tall building, represented by a model.

FOR a horrible example, take the three-alarm Butler Brothers fire of December 29, 1927, building which this fire destroyed was an eight-story commercial structure at 495 Broadway. Responding to a midnight alarm, we found a small but very hot fire consummer some crates and excelsior in the basement shipping room. Evidently it had been burning for some time. for the fire had entered the elevator shaft, which acted like a flue, causing tremendous (Continued on page 169)



Paving the aloping a des of the great earth dilas with stone blocks for protection from the sea. Electric creams unload the stones from barget-



Like log rafts, these willow easts are floated to the dike, where they are laid on the earth to form supporting bods for the hancy stone paving.

A Garden Salvaged from the Sea

How Engineering Magic, Flinging a 28-Mile Dike Across the Shallow Wastes of Zuyder Zee, Is Reclaiming a Thousand Square Miles of Dutch Farm Land

By EDW IN KETCHUM

TEARLY a thousand moure under of land, now under occur water, will be torned into contrated fields upon the completion of a twenty-eightenic-long dike, now being thrust across the month of the Zoyder Zee, in Holland. When the great dam is finished in 1984, a railroad and a bighway, connecting the east of Holland with the west, will run along its top. Behind the dike ten feet below sea level, farmers will till the rich loam of this greatest of sunkern gardens.

For seven hundred years—since a break in the dikes in the thirteenth century—the shallow "Southern Sea" has cut into Central Holland with a wide waste of unnavigable water. It is expected that the land now being reclaimed will support from \$00,000 to \$00,000 people. It will add one tenth to the arable land of the nation.

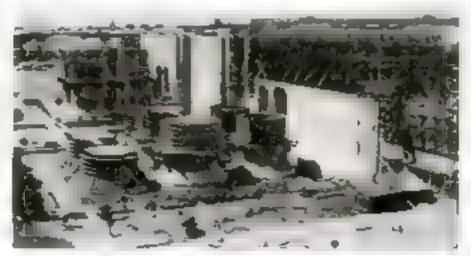
In all, 2.027 square miles he under ten to mucteen feet of salt water in this arm of the sea. Some of the land, unfit for agriculture, will be used to

form an artificial lake to hold water brought down behind the dike by the Yssel River. Two hugo locks and a system of thirty sluces in the fike will allow the water in this artificial lake to escape into the North Sea. When the wind blows from the northwest into the month of the Zuyder Zee, it probably will be impossible to discharge water through the slaces, but the extent of the artificial lake, it is besieved, will permit storage of the water brought down by the river for several days until the wand changes,

The material which will form the great sea wall, 300 feet thick



Sinck portions behind the enclosing dam indicate land to be set nimed, covering nearly is thousand square indeand burdering an arcticual lake formed by the Yusel Rever-



The Zoyder Zee dilte system will include the world's largest steamship for in, shows here under construction. They will be 2,275 feet long.

at its base and rising twenty-three feet above sea level, is mostly earth brought from the bottom of the North Sea, by a line of suction dredges. However, the porthern part of the dike, most exposed to the waves, will be constructed of a kind of boulder clay found in the Zuyder Zee itself. It has shown that it is proof against the strongest ocean currents.

An interesting phase of the construction is the use of willow mats. They are placed under a top layer of stone blocks who 't pave the sloping ades of the dike as protection against the crosson of the sea. They keep the blocks from sinking into the soft earth. By the time they have rotted, the earth will have settled firmly into position. The mats are made on the mainland and towed in strings to the spot where they are needed.

THE total cost of the dike will be about \$185,000,000. It is an two sections. The first, from the eastern usualland to the small island of Wieringen, a distance of a mile and

a half, has been completed. The longer dike, pushing across nearly twenty in less of open water, from the opposite end of Wieringen to the western mainland, will be finished in about air years. This longer dike cuts across the shallowest part of the Zuyder Zee, where no part—except for two channels between Wieringen and the mainland, where the wall is already built—is deeper than twelve feet.

The originator of the project is Dr. C. Lely, Minister of Public Works in 1918, when the scheme was approved. He had conceived of the plan twenty-seven years before.

Useful Kinks for the Radio Fan

Choosing the Best Antenna

Tests Reveal Trick Aerial Devices Are Not Worth the Mending a Loudspeaker — A Homemade Tube Shield

ONSIDERABLE confusion exists as to the relative effectiveness of various types of outdoor antenuas. You probably have read the Statement that a hundred foot outdoor anterna or about right. That is correct only when reception conditions are such as to require that length. While a hundeed-foot antenna is a good average, there are thousands of cases when a different length would give better results.

You may be located in the heart of a great city with several powerful broadcosting stations within a few unles of your home. I nder such conditions, the standard handred-foot nuterina would have a te idency to cause broad turing.

Another radio listener may be in a final town boodreps of miles from the pearest station, or in a location parts is larly poor for reception. Often an antenna 150 or even 200 feet long will give much better results in such eirenmistances.

Don't be satisfied till you have tried various lengths to find the correct one for your particular cond tions.

Remember, also, that the effectiveness of an antenna depends largely on its height, and on the distance between its ends meas red in a straight line. Coding the wire into a small spiral, helix, or other Inney formation insmediately cuts its efficiency to that of a mingle wire no longer

than the formata.a. One bundred feet of wee coiled into a apringlike form fifteen feet long would, for example, be no better than a single were fifteen feet long.

NOTHER radio A delumon is that you can take a shiny copper hall or the reaupites of an antique wash boiler, mount it on a pole mx feet high, and immediately bring in stations

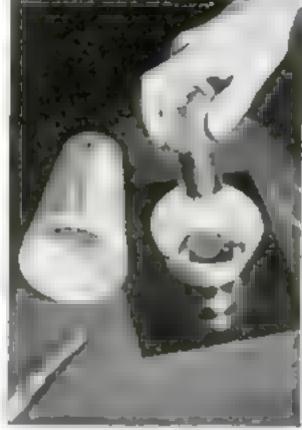
from all over the country. There is nothing to thuridea. Such a metal piece is no mure effective than a plana piece of wire sticking up in the sir to the same height. Tests of various types of these so-called untennas in the radio laboratory of the Popular Science Institute of Standards show them to be a waste of money.

Fig 2. Using a phonograph to co-

wind a burned-out loudspeaker mil.

A Novel Tube Shield

THE radio fan who likes to build things I for houself will find that the small size of milk shaker sold in many stores can be made into an effective tube shield. The



The erroll sixed call's shaker is ronverted into an effective metal tube should,

fitting of such a shield is shown in Fig. 1. The cover in fastened under the tube socket. Be careful that the socket terminals are not short-encurted. You can,

of course, drill bales through the cover of the shaker for the wares to the socket terminals, and also a hole on the shaker streff for a grad connection if the tube is of the shielded

Repairing Your

THE most common trouble with a loudspeaker is a burned-out coal. This happens to be a defect which can be remedied without difficulty by

anyone who likes to truker and enjoys constructing radio apparatus. Figure 2 shows a numble way to rewind such a cod at home. An empty thread speel is jammed onto the stud in the center of the phonograph turntable, and the loudspeaker cod form is glued or otherwise clamped to it after the old wire has been strepped

Obtain an old Ford spark coil or any other make that can be broken open readily. Open it and locate the end of the fine were wound in layers outside the heavy primary winding. This secondary were may not be of exactly the same size

as that in the loudspeaker coil, but it will be near enough to it so that the coil will function.

Set the phonograph speed regulator so that the record table will turn as fast as possible, and let it wind the wire for you. The fine wire easily breaks, so you will have to be extremely careful. The chief difficulty on this job will be in getting the wire to unwind from the spark coil without catch ug and brenking. You probably will find that the spark coil will have to be mounted on an easily running bearing so that it will turn easily.

IF THE trouble with the loudspeaker in merely a falling off in volume without signs of chattering or distriction the magnet may have jost most of its magnetern. Remagnetizing is deficir t unless you have special apparatus. The nearest nato service stat on that speciaires in repairing nutomobile magnetos will be abse to do the job, if you can dismount the apparatus and take the magnet to the service

A common trouble is steel shavings between the pole pieces and the armature. Passing a piece of paper between, and at the same time blowing air past the pole pieces eventually will get rid of them. Sometimes they exo be removed with the end of a needle that has been strongly magnetused.

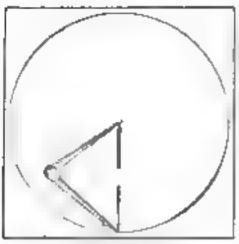
A B C's of Radio

THE tipe of resestances to secure Cvoltages for radio and audio amphilier tubes in electric self may seem mysterious Actually, though, the principles involved are fairly simple

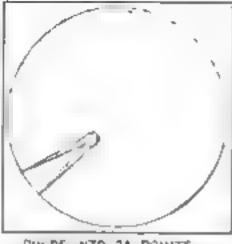
All voltage is relative: may register six vilts positive with respect to one wire and be negative with respect to another The grid element in the amplifor tube must be accurative with respect to the filament wire, and the plate of the tupe positive with

respect to the other take elements. When current is forced through a resistance a voltage can be energy decrease its terminals. In the amplifier tube circuit the plate return current in forced through a resistance. The voltage devel-oped across the resistance is applied to the grid.

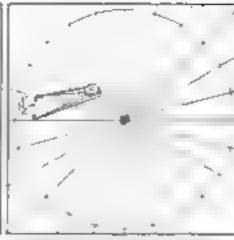




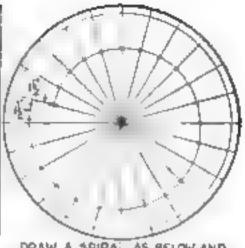
ANY CONVEN ENT SIZE



DIV DE NTO 24 POINTS BY STEPPING OFF WITH COMPASS



DRAW RADIAL L NES THROUGH POINTS LOCATE IN SPACING



DRAW A SPIRAL AS BELOW AND DRILL AT RADIAL INTERSECTIONS

Making a Television Disk

If You Are Looking for New Thrills, This Article Will Help You to Start Delving into Radio's Latest Marvel

By JOHN CARR

SOLEMN faced young man arbor teens gazed gravely at a sluny red motorcycle. The time had come for a momentous decision. Should the fascinating

speed machine be sacrificed on the alter of science? Were the experiments he was making in the hudding science of wireless worth the sacrifice? Science won. The motorevels was sold and the money went into more apparatus.

This all happened in 1910, and the young man who made the decision was Edwin H. Armstrong, who years later won fame and fortune with his invention of the regenerative circuit and the superheterodyne.

Countries other young men who got into radio in its infancy have won high places in various branches of the vast industry

Television, the newest scientific infant, may be equally good to those who begin delying in its unsolved problems today.

In the September usue of Popular Science Monthly, the problems confronting the felevision experimenter were outlined. This article will show you exactly how to make the television scanning disk. A succeeding article will show you how to assemble the rest of the apparatus and receive "visious," as they are being called.

The television seaming disk is simply a circular sheet of thin metal with a spiral of small holes drafed in it. This disk rotates in front of a neon lamp.

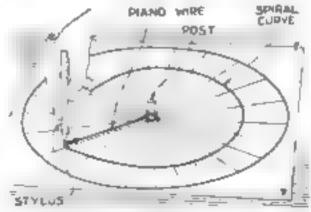
The holes in the spiral are so spaced that for each revolution of the disk the holes in succession sweep across every portion of the picture area represented by the plate of the neon tube. First the hole farthest from the center of the disk sweeps across the top edge of the picture. As this hole passes beyond the edge of the

area, the second hole starts to sweep a path past morde the path of the first hole, and so on.

The number of holes in the receiving disk must be the same as in the transmitting according that at the broadcasting station

At present experimental television transmission is being carried on with disks having twenty-four thirty-six orfortyeight holes.

The size of the scanning disk is determined by the size of the plate in the number of hotes in the apoid. With a neon tube having a plate one and a half mehes square, the



Fow to scribe the spiral for the holes, using pinns wire seed styles. Detailed contractions and measurements are given in the article.

maximum picture it will illuminate will be one and a half mehrs wide and one and a half mehrs high. Because the forty-eighthole spiral necessarily must be larger than the thirty-six-hole spiral and the latter must in turn, be larger than the twentyfour-hole spiral, it is possible to make one larger disk with all three spirals in it.



Television, arount accentific infant, offers untold possibilities to the amateur wireless experimentar in his house workshop,

Then, by mounting the neon tube so that it can be moved in line with any one of the spirals, you will be prepared to receive from any station using a spiral with that same number of holes—provided, of course that your motor drive can be varied in speeds at which these various spirals are driven.

The method of laying out the spiral is quite simple, but it is well to experiment with a large sheet of paper first,

PIRST draw a circle of any convenient size. Then step off on the circumference the number of holes there are to be in the sparal. You can do this without the use of a protractor merely by trying different compass openings until you find one that comes out just right. If, for instance, the first time you step the compass around the circle, you find that you pass the starting point before you reach the required number, close the compass a bit and try again.

After you have the points on the circumference located draw from the center of the circle through these points. Then, with a ruler, set (Continued on page 140)



Front view of the two-tube receiver with added knob.

Adding an R. F. Stage to Our New Set

By This Easy Step, You Can Develop the Receiver Described Last Month to an Up-to-Date Two-Tube Outfit

By ALFRED P. LANE

of Popular Science Montaur there appeared a detailed description of the construction of a simple one-tube radio receiver designed particularly for beginners. Several novel features were embodied in the set. It tuned the abort waves as well as the broadcast band, and additions could be made to it later on.

The a grow procedure in making these Montrous to the que-tube circuit is first to add a stage of radio-frequency amplification, and after that add the necessary niche amplifier stages for loadspeaker volume. There are several reasons for this. First, the radio-frequency stage can be operated on the 45-volt B-battery you already have purchased for the detector stage. The need for a B-el manator therefore is postponed until required to fully electrify the set after the audio stages have been added. Second, if you en counter any trouble at all, it is more likely to be in the radio-frequency amplifier stage than in the audio amplifier stages,

and it is easier to find the trouble and correct it when there are only two tubes.

The receiver described here is the onetube set shown last month plus a stage of radio-frequency amplification. It is, therefore, a complete two-tube set suitable for

headphone reception. It is much more selective than the onetube outfit and will give better results on distant stations.

Plug-in coils are used so that you can tune the short waves as well as the regular broadcasting. The stage of radio-frequency amplification works meely through the broadcast range, but you will find that it cannot be used on the short waves. Any ordinary form of radio-frequency amplification is

almost meless on the short waves. Consequently, it is not absolutely necessary to use a plug in coil to tune the radiofrequency stage. A simple home-wound on lean be used. In fact, if you are not interested in the reception of short waves, plain bome-wound coils can be used to tune both the radio-frequency and detector stages at a considerable saving in the cast of materials.

Details of the necessary coils for variable condensers of various capacities are given on Porotais Somnon Monthly Blueprint No. 98, which shows the construction of this two-tube set.

A feature of this receiver that will appeal particularly to beginners and students is the ease with which the receiver may be adjusted for best results in any given local ty. By moving the coils Al and 42 farther away from coils Bl and Bl, the selectivity can be increased, and if the user is located a long distance from a broadcasting station so that selectivity is not so important, the sensitiveness of the receiver can be increased to a marked extent by using onil Cl in place of Coil Al as the autenna coil.

If YOU have built the one-tube receiver, the cost of making it conform to the arrangement in this article will be limited to the price of the additional parts and one tube of the \$26 type. This is the A. C. tube that operates on 1½ volts A. C.

For your convenience, we list the parts needed to build the two-tube receiver in two sections. The first section covers the parts already in the one-tube outfit and the second lists the additional parts you will need to add the stage of radio-frequency amplification.

These parts you have:

A1, B1, C1-short-wave collect, meluding

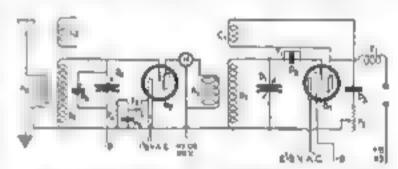


Fig. 2. Technical wiring diagram. Note that A? which was the attenue coil of the one tube set now becomes the plate coil for the added radio-frequency amplifier tube.

exten coils to cover the broadcast band of wave lengths.

D1—variable condenser, .00014 mfd. capacity,

D2-grid condenser, 0001 mid capacity with clips.

D3—fixed condenser, 0005 mfd, enparity, E1—radio-frequency choka cod, 55 millabenries inductance.

F1-grid leak, 8 megchnis.

F2—variable resistance, 0 to \$,000,000 ohms.

GI—socket for heater type 227 vacuum tube.

These parts you need

At. Rt. C'-mounting and broadcast band cods (or bone-wound cod).

D4 variable condenser, 00014 mfd. capacity.

D5-midget variable condenser.

Do bypass condenser by mid. capacity.

F = 6-ohm potentiometer

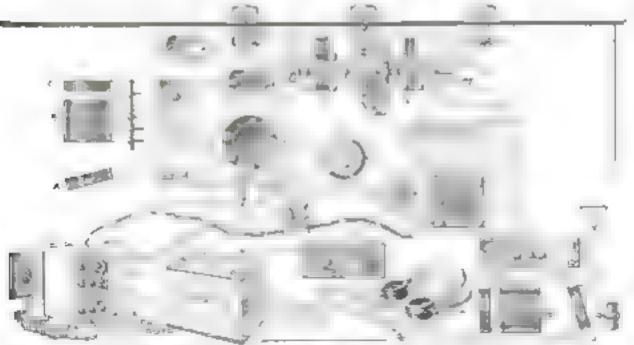
Fa -2 000-ohm fixed resistance.

6. standard X. type vacuum tube socket.

H osculation controller.

One M-inch shaft coupling.

If you prefer to make the tuning unit instead of using the plug-in code and the special mounting, wind a plain cod



Pig 1 This pictorial diagram will make it easy for beginners to follow the layout of parts and wiring of the two-tube set. It also shows the bettery, power transfermer, and phone connections.

on three-noch cardboard or composition tubing, connisting of 92 turns of No. 34 wice for BS and ten turns of wire right next to it for AI. This cod and the similar program cod at AI, BI, CI, tune the waves from 550 down to about 235, so that if you do not want to bother with the smaller stations on the waves between 295 and 200 only one cod AA, BI will be needed

If you are not interested in short-wave reception and wish the set only for bring-

ring in broadcasting on the regular bands, you can eliminate the phig-in coils entirely and wand at home two fixed turing muts. If you do that it would be advisable. to use larger variable condensent at D1 and D4. Using three-inch coil forms at both points, here are the winding specifications of suitable turing units for the two most popular sizes of variable condemers: Using .00035 condensees at DI and DL, wind AI and A2 with ten turns. B1 and B . 60 turns, and CI with \$2 turns. For ,0003 condensers, word B1 and $H_{\rm C}$ with 50 turns, other coils the same. Use No. 22 wife

THE midget variable condenser D is necessary because of the effect produced by antennas of different lengths.

The oscillation controller is a small bakente case containing a small fixed condenser and an adjustable resistance. While it does not give quite as consitive results as the usual balancing condenser, it has the ment of being easy to adjust and it is foolproof, points which will be appreciated by the beginner.

The first step in adding the stage of

rado-frequency amplification is to mount the variable condenser D_i. The shaft of D_i can be pulled through the drum dial far enough to connect the shaft coupling to it, or if you can procure a perfectly straight piece of quarterment brass rod you can cut a piece long enough to reach from one variable condenser through the drum dial and the rotor of the other variable condenser.

ANOTHI It hole will have to be detiled in the panel for the undget condenser Dā. This condenser is necessary, otherwise the

radio-frequency and detector stages will not tune exactly alike owing to the effect

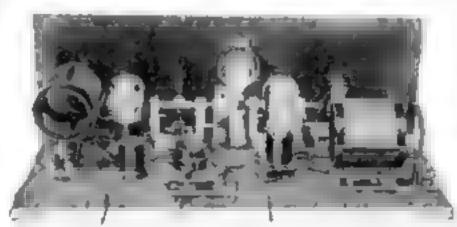
of the antenna cal

The other parts can be mounted on the baseboard as abown in the photographs and in the pictorial diagram. Absolute accuracy in the piacement of the parts is not needed. Tuning unit A2, B2 must, however, he parallel to the back edge of the baseboard with the grid end of B3 pointing toward the detector end of the set.

As you will note from a study of the wiring diagrams in Figs. 1 and 2, the circuit of this set is just like the one-tube set described last month, insofar as the detector wiring in concerned, except that A1, which was the antenna cod, now becomes the plate cod for the radio-frequency amplifier tube. Follow these diagrams and you will have no difficulty with the wiring. Note that the rotary plates

(the frame) of condenser DA are connected to the rotary plates of condensers DI and DA, as well as to the F terminal of coil mounting AB, BB and to one end of fixed resistance PA. If you use the plug-in coil at AB, BB and you are some distance from the broadcasting stations, use CB as the antenna coil instead of AB or if you wind your own coil, increase the number of turns in the autenna coil

After you have made all the connections



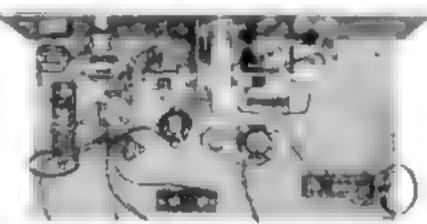
Henr view of the two-tube receiver with tubes in place. Make sure that the tuning unit at the right is placed as shown, with grid end to the left.

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTH! 1 Blueprint No. 98, describing in still greater detail the construction of this modern two-tube receiver, may be obtained for twenty-five cents (see page 102).

A complete list of parts approved by the Popular beience Institute of Standards for use in constructing the receiver will be mailed with each blue-

print or sent free to readers who wish to work from this article. Address requests for advice or information to: Rodio Edtice, POPI LAR SCIPNCE MONTHLY, 250 Fourth Avenue, New York City





View of set from above, showing relative positions of cell assessings, condeasers, tube sockets, and so on. Follow this layout by eye measure,

as shown in the wiring diagram, proceed to make the additional connections to the A-power transformer. This means connecting the 1½-volt twisted leads from socket G2 to the 1½-volt binding posts on the transformer, and also running a wire from the center tap of the 2½-volt winding to the ground terminal.

Note that the wire that supplies B-current to one terminal of cod 1/ and which the diagram of Fig. 1 above connected to the 45-volt terminal of the B-batters may be connected to the 45-volt terminal of an additional B-battery connected in series with the first one, if you desire to apply macty volts to the plate of the radio-frequency tube. This will slightly increase the radio-frequency amplification.

Be sure to check all connections at least twice. Then you may put the 227 tube back in socket GI and put a type 236 tube in socket G2. Now plug the filament heating transformer into the wall socket and after the usual wait for the 227 tube to attain operating temperature you are ready to tune a station. Serew in knob on F2 notil the set is in oscillation, and then turn the condenser tuning knob until you hear a whistle that marks a station. Serew out the knob on F2 until the squeal stops and then loosen the set screws that hold the rotor of condenser D4 to the

shaft after setting the knob of condenser $D\delta$ so that the plates are one quarter engaged. Now, with your furger on the rotor of condenser D4 and your other hand grasping the condenser tuning knob on the panel, move the rotor of the condenser and the tuning knob until the station at an loud an possible. Then tighten the set screws. If you wish to tune the mage station again, merely turn the dial to the same number and adjust the knobs on F2 and D5 until the signal in as lond as possible.

If YOU find that you cannot get and of the whister even when the known of F is all the way out adjust the oscillation controller with a screw driver. There is a slot in the shaft that projects through the top of the partrument for the purpose.

These instructions apply only on the broadcast band of wave lengths, that is, if you use the plag-in code for the coil with the largest number of turns that tunes from \$35 to 550 meters and for part of the coil that tunes from \$25 to \$50. Below that point you cannot

use the radio-frequency stage, so when you wish to tune the short waves, pull the tube out of socket 62 and move the antenna wire from the bonding post that is wired to one end of coil A2 over to the bindmy post on coal of that is connected to the P term and of socket G2 by way of the oscillation controller H. Then the plug-in coil for the wave band you desire in placed in the mounting at Al. BI and the receiver is used in its single-tube form. To facilitate changing the antenna wire, you can fit it with a battery clip. It is not necessary to change the ground wire, since the necessary

ground is obtained through the wiring of the receiver

While it would be a simple matter to fit a switch to the panel to shift the antenna, it would not be of any particular value, as you have to shift the plag-in cuits anyway, and while you have the top of the cabinet up for this purpose you can change the antenna wire. Most of the time the receiver will be in use for broadcast reception on the waves above \$35 meters.

HAVE yest built a POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY radio receiver? Thousands of them, constructed in all parts of the country, are giving extraordinary satisfaction. Every new radio set presented to our readers first must have passed the rigid tests of the Popular Science Institute of Standards. Yet all are an simplified that a beginner can readily follow the construction details.

New Novelty Finishes

How to Decorate Art Wares in Brilliant Modern Modes at a Fraction of Store Prices

By BERTON ELLIOT



Candlestick with marbled finish obtained by drawing it through a film of deating colors.

decreating offers many opportunities for making amart Christinas gifts at a cost far less than their actual worth and market value. Because of their individuality, such gifts are far more appreciated than once that are hought. Boxes, hook racks, book ends, and povelties finished in the modernistic fashion and in colorings to correspond with the decoration and furnishings in the home of

sonality.

New treatments and fashions are being constantly brought into popularity. At this time the trend is toward the modernistic cangles, triangles, rectangles, and geometrical forms. The use of pure color in the decoration of farniture,

the recipient, are gifts of real per-

accessories, and art wares is a prevailing characteristic, so is the use of rich gold and silver for edgings.

After objects have been finished in the usual manner with enamel, lacquez, or other painting materials, we can decorate them in any of the following ways.

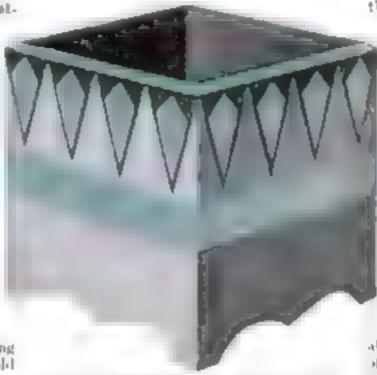
First, with art transfer patterns (decalconian as). Modernatic designs have been developed by transfer manufacturers, and many decorative requirements, therefore, can be met from putterns avada se at most up-to-date paint stores. The method of applying transfers is now we i known and was covered



Quarmed tape is used to make marks for shorlding certain parts of the design before pointing.

in detail in the July, 1927, issue of Popular Science Monteux. Usually the manufacturer supplies beef instructions with the transfert.

Steneds are also obtainable in nearly every locality. Since the advent of



Modernistic design applied to a ported plant holder by the new and very couple method of using masking tape, as illustrated in the photographs below.

sprayers, stenciling has been used extensively for the decoration of furniture novesties and accessories. The stencils should be held very tightly against the surface to guard against blurred or ragged edges.

I'ms or tacks cannot be put into fine art wares and furniture, but a stencil usually can be held down with weights around the edges, or holes can be made in the stencil at intervals around the edges and gummed paper or pieces of tape piaced over the holes and pressed through unto the surface being decorated. Ordinarily this will not leave any mark on the surface, but in case if does, the remaining adhesive can be readily removed with a cloth moutened with water or a mild marture of half gasoline and half water.

When steneding is done with a sprayer, any type of material may be used—enamel, lacquer, or paint. The surface surrounding the stened design must, of course, be protected from the spray. Cut a hole a little larger than the design part of the stened in wrapping paper or newspaper and place the mask on the surface you

are decorating. Then fasten the stencil in position over the bule, letting its edges overlap the mask.

When stenching is done by pouncing with a brush, lacquer has a tendency to pick up the undercoatuups; if carefully done, however, it can be put on through the stencil openings with a soft camel a-

hair brush.

Oil colors reduced with inspenting are ideal for stencibing but, of course, give a flat finish. The design can be brightened up, however, with a cost of clear variable or lacquer applied with a small bright over the design part only, or as a protective coating over the entire surface.

Another method of obtaining modernstic designs, and one which periods more manyadeal treatment, is to take a sistance design in the new dress goods or dropeness or from a magazine illustration trace it on a sheet of oded paper, and rut a stencil with a sharp kinfe or more blade, leaving the necessary. "Ties"

at frequent intervals to prevent portions of the design from dropping out.

Those with a talent for free-hand drawing can make original designs for itenests or paint directly on the piece being decorated. In (on mind on page 30)



After it has protected one part while another is being painted, the masking tape is poeled off.



Nothing more modern than these pieces can be found in the most exclusive storm.

Smart Gifts Any Man Can Make

Novel Skyscraper Book Ends of Utmost Simplicity— A Modernistic Bookshelf and a Low Cubby-Hole Stand

By HERMAN HJORTH

O MATTER what style furniture you have in your home, you can safely introduce a few accessories or small pieces in the popular modernistic mode. It is true that they are costly to buy, like everything else that is considered smart and fashionable, but you do not need to go to the stores for them; you can make them yourself.

Even when your furnishings are in strictly period style, some of the smaller accessories can well be modern. They will add the touch of originality and color that is greatly to be desired, they will provide the accents—bright spots of interest.

Look at the book ends illustrated. What does their vigorous set-back shape remind. you of? More than anything else, a modern skyseraper, so bold and rectangular. In their abarp and vivid way, they give you the modernistic mode in miniature. let you can make them at trifling cost and with little expenditure of time and trouble. Let them pit their bulk and weight against half a dozen brilliantly bound volumes on your book table, or, if you think some friend could make better use of them, box them up and set them aside until Christman. They will be a more up-to-date and, being handmade, a more welcome present than you could hope to find in any gift store.

Two other modern pieces are shown. One is a hanging bookshelf with a mirror at the back of one of its three compartments, in this compartment a bit of colorful pottery or someother ornament can be



TALK turns to the modernlatic style wherever furniture men meet. This is fortunate for the man who likes to
haild furniture because the
new styles are so simple. That
is why POPULAR SCIENCE
MONTHLY so promptly prepared
the present series of articles on
modernistic furniture. Four
blueprints are now ready—
Nos. 88, 91, 93, and 100 (see
the list on page 102).

placed, while the books go in the two end divisions. The third piece is a characteristic low stand with cubby boles for this, that, and the other.

All three pieces are of types which proved to be popular at modernistic exhibitions in New York this year, but they are not copies of commercial designs. They were developed especially for the readers of Populas Science Montrell by the writer with the assistance of William H. Varnum, Associate Professor of Applied Arts at the I niversity of Wisconsin, who is a recognised authority on industrial design.

To aid those who wish larger working drawings than can be given in the magarine, a blueprint has been prepared with scale drawings of the three pieces, together with lists of materials, tools, and operations. The blueprint, which is No. 100 in the list on page 102, will be sent to any reader for twenty-five cents.

It is the bold grouping of the primary mass of the book ends that makes them reminiscent of modern buildings. The black edges and surfaces accentuate this grouping and give the planes a sort of sharp, mulit relief.

Exceedingly simple of construction, the hook ends (see page 117) require little more than the squaring of the blocks and the smoothing of the surfaces. Any light colored but fairly heavy wood like birch or maple is suitable.

Plane pieces of wood of sufficient length to serve for both ends. For example, four sidepieces 1/2 by 8% by 3% in. are needed; they should be cut from a piece of lumber squared to 3/4 in. thick, 8% in. wide, and about 16 in. long. A miter box will be a great belp in cutting the ends square. The pieces should be acraped and sanded perfectly smooth. If the sand-paper is wrapped around a block of wood, the danger of rounding the corners will be minimized.

The shaded edges and surfaces should be isequered black before the blocks are glued together. First the heavy contral block is screwed to the upper base piece; then the sidepieces are glued in place, finally the lower base piece is added. Spread the glue (Continued on page 117)

Banjo Clock Built for \$10

All You Have to Make Is the Case—The Works, Brass Ornaments, and Glass Panels Can Be Bought Ready-Made

 B_{V}

CHARLES A. KING

bave wished to make a barjo clock case but hear tated because of the difficulty in obtaining autable movements and ornamental brass work? That is no longer an obstacle, for the clock distrated, although expensity designed for readers of Popular Science Mostrate, will fit one of the standard sets of brasses sold for use by anatour craftsmen.

Such a left usually meludes an eight-day movement, a silvered dual, a bronze-plated ands, a pair of pierced hands, two aide brauserolls, an eagle final, and two decorative glass panels. The cost is in the aeighborhood of seven dollars. To this, of course, must be added the cost of the wood, which is trifling, and finishing materials—not more than ten dollars altogether. White-wood, hirch, gum, or any wood which will take mahogany cannot be used, if genuine mahogany cannot be obtained.

Make the top drum in segments as a hierarch by lines I-3 at B. Twelve segments 3 in thick will be nested, or 18 pieces 15 in thick, each with the grain running length-

wise. Make a pasteboard pattern and out the usude curve of each segment securately, but leave the outside curve with sufficient adowning for working it down to size after the drum has been

ghed. Lay each argment so the smalle concides with a log-in, carde drawn upon a piece of pastelioard. Bodd up the draws and glue and fasten the argine at a with braids. Break the joints about as addicated by lines 1 % whether the segments are in two or three layers. He agree the inside is just 4 % in, in distinctor and 1 % in, deep.

FASTEN on the 14-an.

Thack with glue and brads, and make the outaide of the drum 5 14 m. in diameter and as smooth as possible.

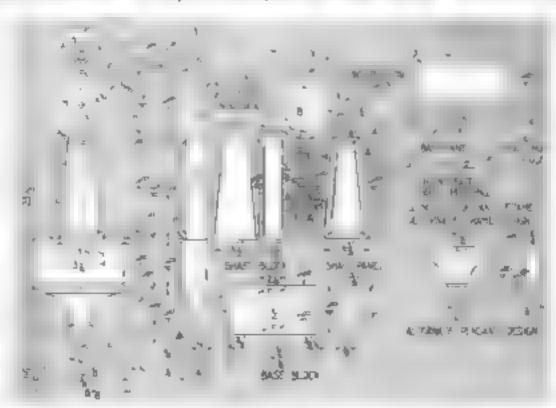
Get out the shaft block, 1½ by 3½ by 8½ m., tapering to 2 in, wide at the top. Prepare the base block, 1½ by 4½ by 7½



Most decorative of all timeptones designed to hang on the wall, a bonjo circle is also one of the easiest to ensetract.

in, with two porces θ_n by $4\beta_k$ by $4\beta_k$ in, glued and bradded on the ends as at C to cover the end wood.

Plane a flat place at D on the dram to rest upon the top of the shaft block,



Front and side views of the banjo clock case; how the dram is built up in segments; the shaft and base blocks, panels and moldings, simplified have and pendant designs,



Glue and fasten drum and shaft with 11/2-in. No. 8 screws. Plane another flat place 11/2 in. wide on top of drum at E to receive the finial base.

Either dowel the base block and shaft together, or bore holes F and F through the base block and fasten the shaft with glue and series.

The molding for the glass panel frames must be rabbeted, but the face may be either flat or round as at A, the latter is preferable, but it is more work.

A OTHER charge exists in making the corners of the frames: they must be nutered, glued, and bradded, but may be left plain or covered with a small piece of wood glued on as at G. If rounded molding has been used, however, the squares must be set in as at G. Do not fasten the panels to the blocks until after finishing the clock.

Make the final base and the pendant with the grain running vertically in each. They may be band sawed if a very forchand saw in available. Note the simpler alternate designs. Be sure that the forms are true and that the corners

are straight. Pasten them in piace with glue and brads.

Make a piece 1/4 by 3/4 by 5/4 in. to fit under the shaft panel frame as indicated in the drawing at H, and glue in place.

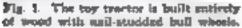
Smooth and sandpaper all exposed surfaces carefully. Stain all pieces and apply three or four light coats of shellae. Rub each coat with No. 4 0 sandpaper. Finish the last coat with wax.

Fill the panel frames with the ready-made glass panels. If these are not used, plain glass may be cut to fit the rabbets of each frame and either left as it is or decorated by hand or by fitting a picture behind the glass.

Fasten the frames to the hase and shaft with a few ¼ in, No. 19 brads. Set the brads, fill the holes with colored putty, and touch with wax. Put the brasses in place and install the movement, dial, and eash.

Toy Fire Engine Pumps Water

Sprinkler Cart Sprinkles, Dump Truck Dumps, Tractor Makes Tracks — EDWARD THATCHER Tells How to Build Them at Trifling Cost





TO TOYS are equal to those made by Daddy. And here are some that are quite simple for him to make. They are toy tractors and trucks, strongly built of wood and as large as the expensive ones sold in the stores. They "work" too! The fire engine squarts a good stream of water from the hose; the sprinkling truck sprinkles water just like

a big one, the dump truck has a houst that tips up the body, and the tractor, being quite large and heavy, makes a none like an engine exhaust as it rolls along on the cleans of its bull wheels.

To aid readers in constructing the toy, a blueprint has been prepared with larger drawings and more details than it is possible to show in the magazine. This blueprint is No. 101 in the Popular Science Montrary series and can be obtained for 25 cents (see page 102).

Let us begin with the sprinkler shows in Figs. 4, 5, and 6. The chasses is made of a single length of pine or whitewood board 1/2 in, thick, 4 ½ in, wide, and 17 ½ in, long. This board is cut at an angle underneath at both ends as shows with a chisel and plane. The running boards may be a single piece of 1/2 or 1/2 in, stock, 6 ½ in, wide and 8 ¼ in, long, gloed and screwed or nailed to the bottom of the chassis. All corners of the chassis and running boards should be incely rounded.

The bood and radiator may be made from a single block of soft pine or whitewood 2½ by 5 by 4½ in., or, as in all the models shown, built of several layers of ½-in. boards, glued together bread-and-butter fashion, as ship models are made. This block may be sawed with hand saws or band sawed out, then planed to shape, and the ends finished on

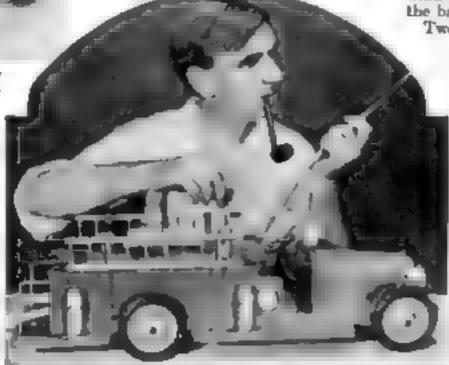


Fig. 3. Mr. Thatcher equally distinguished on a craftsman in metal and a toy designar, throws a stress; with the fire nogine.

a disk sander, if you have one, or with a sandpaper block.

The filter cap is a length of 34 in. dowel

set in a hole bored for it.

If a bale is to be bored near the end grain of the wood, as in this case, it is better to bore it before the block is cut off at this end, to avoid splitting. The block forming the bood and radiator is nailed and glued flat on the chamis.

The cub is made of pieces of \$6- or \$1-in, whitewood or pine or laminated wood (plywood). Two pieces of the same size and shape (4% in, wide and 4 in, high) are

cut for the front and back of the cab. In the one used as a front, an opening is sawed with the coping saw to represent a

windshield. A smaller opening is cut in the back for a rear window.

Two adepieces are next cut out; they are 2 in, wide at the bottom and 2% at the top, and are 4 in, high, Windows and the front edge of each aide are cut as allown.

The seat is a single block, nailed and glued to the floor of the chases. To it the sides and the back of the cab are nailed and glued. The front of the cab is glued and nailed to the hood block and to the floor. It is a good plan to put the front in position first and then drill a slanting bole to receive the dowel rod used to support the steering wheel.

The steering wheel is a large wooden button mold screwed to the end of the dowel, on which it may be turned. When the wheel is in place, the index, back, and top of the cab may be put in

place. The top, 4 g m, long and 4% m, wide, has all its upper edges well rounded over with plane and saudpaper.

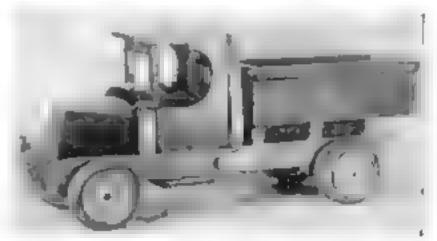


Fig. 2. The dump track has a foolproof damping mechanism, the principal parts being a dowel, a speed, and a piece of tape.

Two dozen fruit jar rubbers will be enough to make these for the four whoels, five being used for each of the two front wheels and seven for the wider back wheels. As sold now, jar rubbers have a little lip on one side; this may be easily trimmed away with the ecissors.

Saw out or turn up four disks of wood, each one being as wide as your tire is to be. These disks should be of the same diameter as the central opening in the jar rubbers. Next saw or turn slightly larger disks of thin wood for the sides which hold the jar rubbers in place. All these disks should have a hearn, hole drilled through the center.

If you have a lathe, you may save much time by roughly (Continued on page 128)

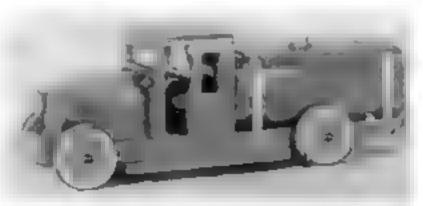


Fig. 4. A discarded tin can serves at the tank of the sprinkler track, and fruit par rubbers form the tires on the wooden whech.

Stenciling Christmas Cards









A Simple New Way to Prepare Your Own Yuletide Greetings

Bγ

F. CLARKE HUGHES

well as gold and therefore were far more

These designs are large enough to be traced just as they are and transferred to the stencils. You may, however, prefer larger curds; and, indeed, larger dengm

brilliant than the reproduction













are, within limits, easier to cut and handle. The originals were about twice as large as they have book reproduced. To enlarge a design, draw over it a

series of horizontal lines of in, apart and cross them with a series of vertical lines. id in apart, or scratch a series of M-in. equires on a piece of cellulaid and tack it over the design. On a sheet of paper, draw a series of either 34- or 34-in. squares, depending upon whether you wesh to make the dengn half as large again or twice as large. Now draw the design free-hand by placing in each 34or 16-in, square exactly what you see in the corresponding 16-in, square of the design from which you are copying.

When a design in considerably smaller then the eard upon which it is to be used that is a contrabally is suiwe closu to a we that

and I have been sgn, of there operation of the second colors being distance P # 10 1 4 -- F 2 P16*

The brilliant and beautiful originals of these Christmas cards were produce by a muple stenching method. Anyone can make cards of equal chare-

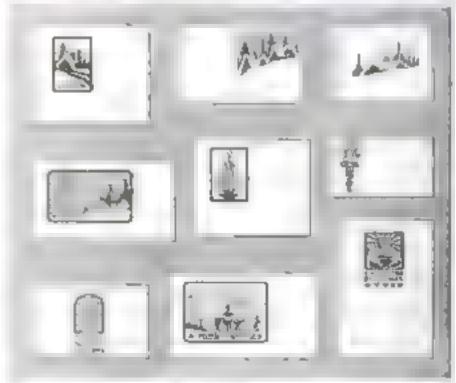
INDIVIDE Christmas cards carry with them a louch of mdeviden sty and attractiveness not to be found in any much nemade cards. You have only to design and make your own cards to be certain they will be prized and preserved by all who receive them.

Of the many different methods used, the buole on that process has been the most popular one thus fur, but unless the cutting and practing are skillfully and carefuly in the results are anything but gratifying It is a question whether the fin sheet card made by this method ordinardy warrants the time and labor required in its production.

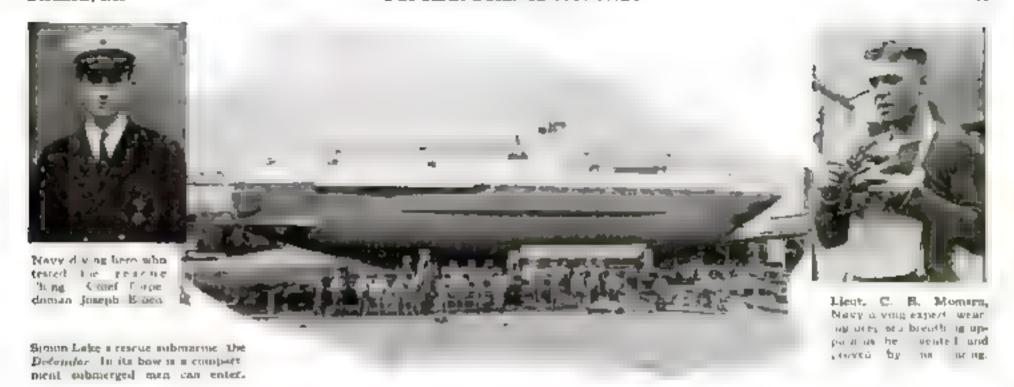
The accompanying illustrations show a simpler process for making attractive Christmas cards at very small cost. It is

a stenerling me-st by which anyone --produce a number of attractive cards in a surprisingly short time. It has mont advantages over a other methods yet tried, but perhaps the greatest one is its speed and simplicity

The design of a Christmas card should be in keeping with the segson. " eral suggestions are given above. though, of course. originals contained a variety of colors as



Thumb-out sketches to indicate how the designs may be placed on correspondence cards and note paper of various sizes and shapes.



Risking Death for Invention

Heroic Divers Brave Perils of the Deep to Test Newest Devices for Submarine Rescue

By ELLSWORTH BENNETT

headed by Lieut. C. B. Momben, crawled from beneath the rim of a diving bell 155 feet below the surface of Chesapeake Bay not long ago, they staked their lives contrageously on the succession.

a new aubmarine rescue device which had been tried out for the first time in open water only a few weeks before. Yet their safe climb up a buoyed cable to the surface was a crucial test for which previous beroum already had paved the way.

The story of the Momeen "lung," which may play a major part in undersea rescue of the future, abounds with the exploits of brave men. Rusking even death, they helped design and test the diminative, two-pound breathing mask that, replacing cumbersome diving equipment, may spell safety for every undersea prisoner.

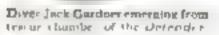
It is one thing to invent a submarine rescue device—and another to try it. Lieutenant Monisca, co-inventor of the "long" with Chief Gunner C. L. Tibbale and F. M. Hobson, Naval engineer, did both.

One of them sat in a round metal compartment, where the first episode in the "lung's" trial took place. Perched on a stool, in the Navy's compressed air test chamber, which can simulate the pressure of the sea at any depth, he breathed pure oxygen through a hose and mouthprece. Doctors had warned him not to.

It was danger is they feared, to breathe the constituted gas into r high pressure, such as a diver night experience more than thirty feet down But the gage needle that showed the equivalent water depth of pressure in the constant Bakered are not the shall to



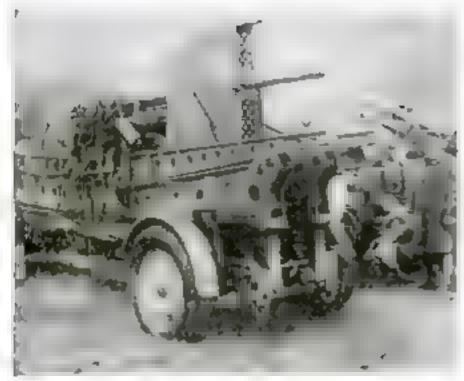
The schmarine investor. Simon Labe, istending at left) watches diver demonstrate how submerged men enter his new vacue mail.



a hundred feet—a hundred at d hity—two hundred. Still the chareber's solitary occupant telephoned to watchers outside, standary car vito birst open the door are drag her out, that he felt no ill effects. The ing's" vitally in portant princial was vindicated at cond supply plain oxygen a stead of is apply plain oxygen a stead of is appressed at one of the casenters of the supplied device.

now for a practical one. Wendd the diving mask work under water? At the Washington Navy hard, men wearing the Monsen lung were lowered to var as depths in a diving bell, from which they escaped and floated to the surface.

d ontinued on page 130)



shrunk, since 1828, at least one and a half miles and perhaps as much as two and a thred miles, as indicated by a slight increase in the speed of the carth's rotation. Thus, he contends, as evidenced by the fact (hat the day is shorter by a small fraction of a second each year.

The actual decrease in thickness of the earth, he computes, is less than three mehes, bill it is sufficient to alter the speed of rotatuna, so delicate are the balance of forces con-

trolling it.

Speedy Antiaircraft Gun Joins Army's "Gasoline Brigade"

THE latest addition to the equipment of Uncle Sam's experimental mechantsed army, described in a recent usue of Popular Science Monthly, is this new untimecenft gain which can be rushed from pace to place by the speedy truck upon which it is mounted.

The gan weighs more than eight tons and fires a three-inch shell. It is the largest piece of field equipment in the musoline brigade," which has set a pace for Army maneuvershibty. In a recent test, these emplements of war were transpoeted in record time from Fort Leonard Wood, Maryland, to Gettysburg, Ps.

The purpose of the experimental fighting body is to test the ability of new inventions to speed up the transportation of forces and large guns from distant points. At Camp Meade, Md., last summer, the "gasoline brigade," operating in all sorts of weather, demonstrated its superior mobility over borse-drawn units.

Button on the Dashboard Jacks Up the Car

TOW many times have you come to a 11 bumping stop with a flat tire, wishing you could juck up the wheel merely by pressing a button on the dashboard? A new French invention makes this possible, according to the Automotive Division of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

A permanent sack in the form of a papumatic puton and cylinder is attached to each wheel, being arranged so that its lower lifting end is on a level with the axle, while the car is running, in order not to decrease road clearance. In the cylinder a double telescopic piston operates, allowing a relatively long stroke, and at the end of the piston is a broad lifting head. The first half of the operation, resulting when the button is pressed, thrusts the lifting head down to the ground and the second lifts the wheel.

World Growing Thinner?

THE world's belt tightened two miles I in the last century! This is the conclusion of Professor Bruno Mevermann. of the astronomical observatory of the University of Goettingen, Germany. He says the distance around the equator has



HURTLING over the water at nine-ty-three miles an hour, George Wood, brother of Gar Wood, famous motor boat tweer, recently puloted his new speed boat. Most America 111 to a world's speed record. This was his average speed for his six-lap dash over the one-nauticalmile course on the Detroit River. Two \$10,000 engines, of twelve cylinders each, which make up the power plant of the craft, shattered the air with a deafening roar as Wood (left) and bet mechanic. Orlin Johnson, crossed the finish line.

Stunt Flying No Cure for Deafness, Says Expert

THE popular idea that stunt flying I will cure deafness is all wrong, according to Lieut, Col. Levy M. Hathaway, Flight Surgeon, Office of the Chief of the Air Corps, Washington, D. C. Defective hearing is common among aviators, he says, and instead of curing deafness, flying tends to heing it on

The roar of unmuffled, high power motors, together with the effect of rapid changes in atmospheric pressure on the debrate structures of the gudstory apparatus, soon dulls the sense of hearing. Altitude flights and air maneuvers, practierd in an attempt to remedy deafness, are not only useless, he concludes, but may be actually barmful.

Flying "curen" are undoubtedly due to psychological effects on the subject under treatment, according to Dr. Paul V. Winslow, an car specialist of New York City Many slightly deaf persons, Dr. Win-

> slow explains, think so much about it that they make themselves deafer than they really are, This psychological "dealiest" may be remedied by mental stimulus such as a first plane flight gives, be mys.

Teaching with Movies

CTUDENTS in 15,000 🔁 schools in America ree "movies" as part of their educational work.

The Bureau of Education, Department of Interior, Washington, D. C., reports that many cities are equipping all new schools with portable projectors as well as larger ones in the main auditorium. This enables teachers to show pupils the actual acenes and processes they are studying. The result is the nearest approach to learning by travel that is possible for the average student.

Times reasons are given by the Bureau for the rapid increase in school movies. Safety film has done away with the danger of fire, saturfactory portable machines bring the pictures to the classroom, and improved mechanism enables amateurs to operate projectors without long training.

Lame Hunter Invents Swift Motorized Sled

BECAUSE lameness
prevented Carl Eliason of Sayner, Wis., from keeping up with fellow hunters, trappers of the northern trails soon may substatute motorised sleds for sledge dogs and anowskoes. Lliason has invented a snow speeder which he mys will do aeventy-five miles an hour, and go anywhere a man on snowshoes can travel. The sled is powered by a two-cylinder motorcycle engage.



The inventor (front) with three passengers on his posterized stad-Propolice by cardina tread, it is stated by moving front potners,

Porto Rico Grows a New Fruit—Sweet Lemons!

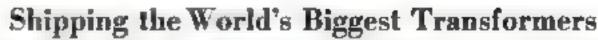
SWEET lemons may take their place beside oranges and plums as a table delicacy. A new variety, as large as grape-fruit and sweet enough to eat without sugar, has been developed by growers in Porto Rico, it is reported. Another unusual quality of the fruit is said to be a remarkably sweet, penetrating odor. The lemons are being used as perfume in linear closets on the island. Cultivators of the new fruit claim that the flavor lasts as long as two months.

Novel Fire Rescue Tower Rises 220 Feet

A substitute for extension ladders and ble nets for rescue work at fires a found in an ingenious new life-saving and hose tower invented by James A. Anama, of Harrison, N. J. Carried on a fire truck and raised by the truck motor, it consists of two telescoping parallel steel poles, each in five sections, and rising, when extended, to a height of 220 feet. They can be slanted at any angle.

Up and down the steel poles runs an elevatorlike steel platform, capable of carrying twelve persons, and kept level by

halancing weights. The whole structure rests on a turntable by which, the inventor claums, it can be swung to a high window in ten seconds. The rescue platform is moved by steel cables running from a drum on the truck and passing over the top of the lower



SPECIAL railroad cars
of novel design had to
be built to transport the
world's two largest electric transformers from the
Pittsfield, Mass., plant of
the General Electric Company, where they had
been constructed, to West
Orange, N. J.

Flat cars with depressed centers solved the difficult problem of safely transporting the huge coils, one of which weighs 151,550 pounds. Each huge machine was slid onto the low-slung platform of the special car, where it was lashed firmly by guy wires stretched from the top of the transformer to the sides of the car.

At West Orange, engineers prepared special ma-

chinery to drag them to their destination in the switching station of the Public Service Corporation, located at the top of a mountain, where they are to be per-



Special railroad car for transporting largest transformer-

mancotty installed. They are too heavy even for a locomotive crane to lift. Their use can be seen from the photo above.

Seventeen-Year Locusts Due Again in 1936

A OTHER brood of creads, or "seventeen-year locust," will appear in 1986, according to J. A. Hyslop, of the Department of Agriculture post survey. It will be broad number X which last appeared in 1919, when it spread through the central and eastern states as far south as Georgia.

The insects that appeared in certain castern states last apring belonged to brood II. These nony visitors, any Hyslop, are not, as a commonly thought, destructive to growing crops. Their only damage is a negligible number of leaves that fad from trees and shrobs because they have been slit by the female insects in laving their eggs. Steps are being taken by directors of a number of parks to preserve the unusual insects, which are in danger of being externinated,

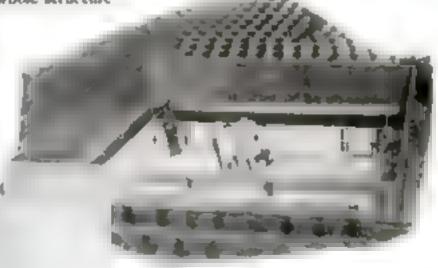
Tons of Waste Paper Go to Make Fireworks

SEVENTY million pounds of old newspapers went to the Orient and became firecrackers, among other things, last year. A five-induou-pound shipment of disrarded newspapers goes from Los Angeles each month to manufacturers in the Orient. They are used in making fireworks, toys, boxes, wall linings, and novelties in China and Japan.

The value of the year's export was \$685,425, according to Commissioner S. S. Sandberg, of the U. S. Shipping Board,

Beetles Test Human Food

BETLES have become "official tasters" for men, along with the white rat and the guines pig. Workers at the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station, 5t Paul, have begun using them in testing the effects of various foods. The abort life-cycle of the insects and their rapid increase in numbers add to their value in such experiments, it is said.



Latest Style Boxing Ring Rises Through Floor

"THE next bout of the evening will be——" Above the dur of shouting fight (ans crowding the arena of the new Dreamland Pavilion in Son Francisco, Calif., the announcer bellows the names of contesting pagnists. Immediately, out of a large square hole in the floor at the center of the pavilion, appears a platform, rising like an elevator It is the roped arena. The boxers are in their corners with their seconds, awaiting the gong. The referce stands in the center. At last the platform comes to rest above the floor. The gong rings, and the battle begins.

Such in the latest unnovation in the fatic sport—the disappearing busing ring. It has proved popular not only with the light fane, but with the puglists, for whom it saves the inconvenience of having to elbow their way through the crowds to reach the ringside. Now they can take their places, undisturbed, in the basement of the building.

When no boning bouts are being held, the ring platform can be leveled even with the floor of the pavision for dancing and other entertainment.



The inventor demonstrates a working to odel of his ingraious tower for fire rescue work.

Aluminum Replaces Copper in High-Tension Wires

MPPER, long the standard material or electric wires, is being replaced by aluminum in many new high-voltage lines, in spite of the fact that copper is a si ghtly better conductor of electricity. Alamanam wires can be greatly increased in strength by the addition of a steel core. enabling them to be strung more tightly. Moreover, aluminum wire has a greater diameter for the same weight than copper, due to its lightness, and the broader errorlar cross section reduces the electric leakage that occurs in high-tension lines. at sharp angles and curves.

Planes Pick Up Mail on the Wing in Tests

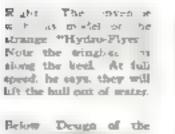
THE idea for a device which will permit mail planes to swoop down over small towns along their routes and pick up sacks of mail without stopping was embodied in a small model of an invention wade by Dr. L. S. Annau, of Scattle, Wash and pictured in the October POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY.

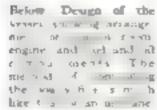
Now the device in full size has been tested successfully by pilots at a reattle flying field. The piane drags an iron ball at the end of a wire into the wide open mouth of a large formel-shaped trough, as shown below. At the marrow end of the charmel, the bad catches the sack of mador package, which is released by a spring It is ther drawn up to the body of the plane as it speeds away. Another use for the avent in would be the picking up of to not full of gasoline, thus refueling the place on the worg-



A plane picking up much don't not testa at Southe Winds I am a Schoeman, the pilot sets the will week my ba is hed. This sucker. steering forming agency the trough of her the e higher to say keep count.

Right The antic statem? rough a white to be Jehveren The weighted ball from the prane enters the funnel mouth, and passing to the narrow. end, ratches mail, which in release in a spring.







Submerged Wings Speed New Motor Boat

N "LNDERWATER aprolane" 13 🔼 the way Aldo Curioni, of Larchmont, N. Y., the inventor of a curious "Hydro-Flyer boat describes an unusual finned keel he has devised to propel and direct the eraft. When not in motion the boot it

Faster Planes Will Speed Up the Air Mail

PLANES with a top speed of 140 miles an hour, and a cruming speed of 180 miles, will speed up the air mail, according to plans completed by air mail operators with Post Office Department approvat. Air mail now travels at about a h advod in to an hour speed. New right school desiration of the light light that in Sun France of Sult Lake City areas and aid in claps of a whole business can be to The finne real read to send a tricing the tal lett r

Curtiss baleon planes of a new type will carry the mail over the eastern half of the journey; Boeing planes modeled after Navy attack agent will be used in the western a Phese small, fast planes are to see a control vely; air passengers will travel in large cubin ships. Thu separation of mail and passenger service has been found necessary because of the unpp a vario artig w I pegt cally doubled in the first month of the to be less rates

flat bottom, or plane surface, will rest on the surface of the water. But when the powerful engine begins turning the propeller at the end of the deep keel, driving the heat forward, the inventor says the wing ke, submerged how along the keel will lift the main besty of the yearel entirely out of the water, enabling it to attain great speeds by reason of the reduced resistance.

The pilot in an included control room wall guide the vessel by means of a control system similar to that used man a rplane. A rudder har, operated by the feel, steem the boat to right and left and a vertical lever operating the underwater fine regulates its up and down movements. Fuel is to be stored in large compartments at the how and stern at each side of the coutrol and engine room, while the oil supply is to be kept in tanks in the keel of the strange ship.

A full-smed craft embodying the new ideas is now under construction. The designer believes that the rocket principle of propulsion can be applied to the vessel.

Experts Reveal How Much You Can Lift Safely

HOW much weight can you carry— safely? Not more than forty percent of your body's weight, continuously or as much as fifty percent, now and then is the conclusion of British investigators, as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statastics. A couple of pails of water, weighing, say, forty pounds, is just about the safe limit for a man weighing only 100 pounds himself, although the load may be increased by a half if it is compact and easity basidled.

The greatest carrying feat by a human being on record occurred in 1898, when P. J. McCarthy, at St. Louis, Mo., staggered sideways eight steps with a ton-and-aquarter load on his back. Later be raised a stone-laden platform weighing 6,870 pounds with his back, but made no attempt to carry it. That no feats remotely resembling these should be attempted by the average man is emphasized by the British experts, who made their investigation in the interests of

factory employees.





Machine Unloads 1,000 Tons of Coal an Hour

A THOUSAND tons of coal an hour poured out of the hold of the E. M. Young, a Great Lakes coal carrier, recently, when a new type of unloading machine set a record by emptying 8,000 tons from the hold in less than eight hours. The work, if done by manual labor, would have kept a gang of men busy for from seven to ten days.

Huge scrapers in the hold of the vessel brought the coal to a chain of buckets. These carried it to a moving belt con-

Twin Liners to Set New Records for Size

TWIN giants of the sea, each thirty feet longer than the Lemahan, are being constructed in termining. The liners, to be named the Luropa and the Bromen, will measure none hundred and thirty-eight feet in length, surpassing the longest ship now affoot, the British Majoric, by twenty-three feet.

This is the first time in history that two such giant ships have been under construction at the same time. It is expected that when they are launched, next April, they will be able to carry 3,400 passengers from Southampton to the United States in five days.

Their supremacy of the seas, however

will be short lived. As told in the September issue of Puruan Science Monthly, the keel has been laid in Belfast, Ireland, for the 1,000-foot British liner Occasio. When this super-vessel of the ship lanes takes the water, early in 1932, it will require a longer pur than any now in existence.

Waste from Stamps

A CURIOUS example of waste of postage stamps when their perforations are punched. Uncle Sam is seeking to sell these tiny disks of paper, which have been accumulating at the tremendous rate of four tons a month.

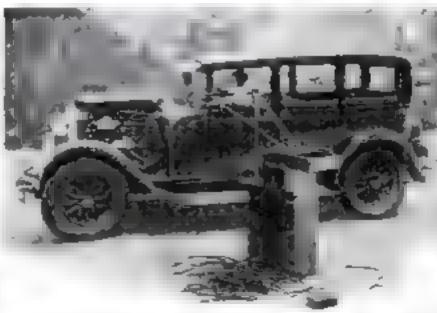
veyor that passed over the side of the ship and piled the fuel on the dock in black mountains ready to be loaded into motor trucks and harded away

The unloading device is moved from one end of the ship to the other, as the work progresses, operating down one batch after another until the vessel is empty, ready for another cargo.

Auto Runs X-Ray Machine at Patient's Home

AN INGENIOUS traveling X-ray machine, which goes to patients who are unable to come to it and which operates from the motor of an automobile, has been devised by Dr. Chester B. Moses, a member of the staff of the Dencouess Hospital Buffulo, N. Y.

The motor-driven generator, carried under the hood of the car, as shown in the photograph below, supplies the current. It is permanently wired to the instrument panel of the car, where Dr. Moses plugs in with a flexible extension cord connecting with the portable X-ray machine. The cord will reach from the street to any room of a house. Thus, patients unable to go to the hospital for examination can be given X-ray treatment and have X ray photos taken in their own rooms.



At the petient's home, the X Ray machine is ron from the rector-driven generator seen under the hoof of the cur-

Ship Turbines Do Work of Half-Million Men

IT WOULD take the combined effort of half a million men to equal the daily work done by the two turbines on the largania, the electric vessel recently launched at Newport News, Va

The turb neadebver 17.688 horsepower, which is about equivalent to the work of 185.724 men. But, as the working day for men is eight hours and the turbines labor twenty four, to arrive at a true comparison we must triple the number of men, making it 557,172.

Invents Floating Turbine for Power from Waves

A NFW attempt to capture the restless power of ocean waves is seen in the working model of an ingenious scheme devised by George E. Faucher, a Los Angeles inventor. He plans a 1,000-foot "wave turbing pier" which he says will supply sufficient electricity for the needs of an entire city.

The invention is a "v"-shaped open-



The inventor with a small working model of his proposed 1,000-foot wave turbing pier.

work structure with a series of turnine paddle wheels along each side. The point of the "v cuts each incoming wave in

two, sending it along each side, spinning the wheels and generating electricity. The whole structure, says the inventor, is to rest on an air-tight float and will be anchored well off shore, so that high and low tides will not interfere with its functioning.

This invention is one of many attempts to take power from waves, tides, or differences of temperature in the ocean. The experiments of Dr. Georges Claude, French physicist who has generated electricity by using the differences in temperature between water at the surface of the ocean and at the depths to run steam turbines, was de-

scribed in the October issue of Popular Science Monthly

Model Niagara Measures Flow Over Falls



Above Rogners testing effects of an forming of the model Nagara Right Moste future after passer internal

CAN marks there the present around of water by discreted from Nagara.

Will I marring its section and the

not American engageers, as we has for its own experts, the Ningara Falls Power tompony has just completed the remarkable working model shown in the accompanying photographs. It reproduces faithfully the proportions of the actual falls, whose horizontal dimensions are reduced 100 times, while the vertical scale chosen is one to twenty-five, to emphasize depth. Running water in hydraul cally correct quantities is fed by an electror pump. The entire model covers a third of an acre-

First the mode, was used to demon-

Know Your World

TO TEST your knowledge of the world you have in, see how many of these twelve questions you can answer. Cor rect answers are on page 148.

- How did ley Greenland get its name of "green"?
- Where did wild elephants once live in the United States?
- What government prohibits alcohol and tobacco?
- 4. Where is a city water supply pumped for more than 300 miles through pipes?
- Where are ratiroad bridges built of bamboo?
- Where does enrisparille conse from?
- 7. Where was the ancient capital of the Inca Empire?
- 8. What island is called the "fabraltar of America"?
- 9. What are the steppes?
- 10. Where is household bot water supplied by the sun?
- 11. Where are the greatest prehistoric ruins in the United States?
- What is the highest town in the United States?

strate the present appearance of the fails, with \$6,000 cubic feet of water a second being drained from the river shove them—a fourth of its total flow

When twice this quantity of water was diverted, the flow over the Canadian or Horseshoe halfs recoded to the center while the American Falls were left almost hare. When a dike was submerged in the "river at a point above the falls and artificial islands were inserted in the Canadian channel to distribute the water, both falls regained their former aspect.

Super-Highways Proposed From Coast to Coast

TWO transcontmental motor speedways to span the United States from coast to coast would link hast and West by automobite, in a remarkable plan that has attracted interest among engineers.

According to the scheme as ontimed by R. A. Carpenter, chief engineer, West Chicago Park Commissioners, a 3-km in le Northern Transcontinental Highway would connect Boston, Mass., and Portland, Ore., while a parallel 4,800 mile Southern Transcontinental Highway would join Savannah, Ga., with Los Angeles, Calif. Each would be 250 feet wide, and would be divided into four lanes—two outer three airty feet wide each for light truffic and two inside drives fifty-six feet wide for buses and trucks. Fifty-mile speeds could safely be maintained, he says.

The speedways would be elevated to cross all local roads and railways.

New Vacuum Tube Control Runs the Elevator

LEVATORS are stopped exactly at the floor level with vacuum tubes like the ones in your radio set, in the latest control system perfected by the General Electric Company. Several the same mounted on each elevator car. When an elevator approaches a floor, the operator throws his lever to "off" position, but the car does not stop immediately. Instead the eac glides slowly to rest, stopped at exactly the right place by means of electric coils installed in the shaft that actuate power relays through the vacuum tubes.

t sinalar device also using tubes, enables at operator to depress buttons on a
parel corresponding to all floors at which
to comparts desire to alight, and start
up knowing that at each stopping floor a
signal light and bell will remaid him of
the stopping control, the operator
with the shaft; he could
run his car with his eyes shut,

Magnet Does the "Impossible"

THOUGH experience has taught that redhot iron and steel cannot be attracted by even the most powerful electromagnets, a young electremm of a Newport, by,
steel will attempted the
impossible—and succeeded. Now his five foot

magnet lifts tors of red-hot from and

He discovered that if just the corners of the huge castings were allowed to cool, his magnet would lift the whole piece of red-hot metal and carry it through the air. Now the injects are rushed out into the storage yard as soon as the molds are stripped off, and in a few minutes the magnet picks them up with no trouble at all, two of them at once, as you can see from the illustration below.



The five-foot electromagnet lifts two red-hot engots at once. In order to make this possible, the camera of the contage are allowed to cool.



Molten Iron Poured from "Thermos Bottle" Car

MOLTEN iron, transported ten miles from the Hamilton Coke and Iron Co. Hamilton, Ohio, to the American Rading Mid Co., Middletown, Ohio, is seen here being poured into a ladle from the remarkable car in which it traveled. Employing the principle of a thermos bottle, that car is able to keep metal in a mosten state for an long as forty eight hours, as told in the October issue of Populas Science Mostelly. The car has been a eknamed "land submarine.

Hampered by Sun Spots

SUN spots, \$3,000,000 miles away, affect the discovery of oil and moverals in America. This is the conclusion of Prof. George H. Peters, astronomical photographer at the Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C., who has made daily photographs of the spots for years.

In the oil and mineral fields, many avestigators search for changes in the values of the earth's magnetism to reveal the presence of various formations underground. Sun spots are credited with causing frequent magnetic disturbances on the earth. During these magnetic storms, investigations in the field are visueless, and searchers receive telegrams from the observatory warning them when such disturbances are near.

Road Signs in Pictures

ROAD signs, in the universal language of pictures, are being introduced in Europe as an aid to international motoring, according to Py ke Johnson, American representative at the recent International Road Congress in Paris. Several European countries have adopted a code of pictures to replace words on signs at curves, bridges, and crossings. The plan will aid motorists to find their way where the language is unfamiliar.

Chinese Making Type for 10,000 Characters

MANY an American printer might falter at the gigantic task nearly half completed by a Shanghai printing establishment, which has been working for three years to make a complete set of type so that 10,000 Chinese characters—most of China's alphabet—can be printed. It will exceed by several thousand the number of characters now being used in the printing of the largest of Shanghai's Chinese newspapers.

Since a single symbol, in Chinese, may express a whole idea, an imposing array of type is required by the squalest printing establishment, and the newest alphabet, which will provide each of the 10,000 characters in five different anea, will be a boon. Each "letter" must be photographed, and the impression from the resulting plate tediously tooled by hand. Four more years will be required to complete the work.

Is Man's Size Changing?

ARE we growing larger or smaller physically? Were men 3,000 years ago taller or shorter than the average man of today? To answer these questions, 200 skeletons taken from ancient Bahyloman rums on the island of Kish, in the Persian Gulf, will be measured. The results will be compared with the measurements of the people living in the same region today.

This comparison is expected to reveal whether the physical formation of men has changed. The skeletons, dating back to from 600 to 1.500 n.c. are being abipped to the Field Museum, in Chicago, where the examination will be made.

Know Your Car

MODERN improvements in automobile design and construction more than offset the tendency toward more rapid wear caused by higher engine speeds. The oil filter is one of the most important. The air cleaner is another.

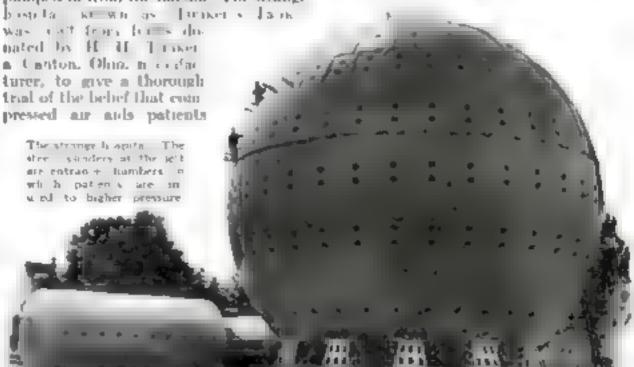
With the oil filtered and dirt kept out of the incoming charge of gasoline and air, the oil in the crank case would retain its tobreating qualities almost forever if it were not for one remaining course of contamination. Dilution by unburned guioline will, in time, rob the oil of its lubricating properties. In summer, when the motor starts promptly and bests to running temperature quickly there is I ttle dilution, and the oil need not be changed very often, but in winter it should be changed frequently because excessive choking, slow warming, and low running temperatures greatly merease dilution. Cheap gazobue makes matters still worse.

Birds Their Own Doctors

BIRDS that protect their own wounds with a plaster of down plucked from feathers are reported by a French naturalist. He says he has shot wondeocks and partraiges that had unhealed previous wounds. In every case, the wound had been dressed with the down.

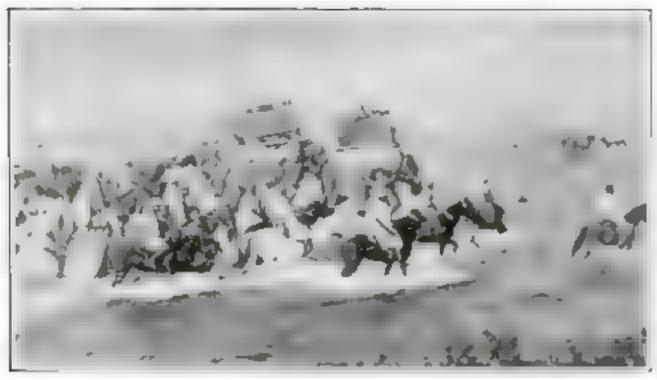
Huge Steel Ball a Compressed Air Hospital

A life PITAL, the shape of an orange, in which the patients, it is said will have under a constant are pressure of thirty pounds, has been constructed in Cleveland. Ohio. The millionidollar steel ball is an tight, and the pressure within will be maintained by powerful air compressors. Fresh air will be pumped in from the outside. The strange best to see the wings former's lank.



suffering from dailottes and other maladies. In tests the ball is reported to have been found leak-proof at twice the internal pressure it was designed to accommodate.

Steel exhaders form entrance chambers in which air pressure is slowly raised from normal to that within the globe,



Afghan Ruler Plays Safe When He Hunts

WHEN the Ameer of Afghanistan Wages bunting, almost everyhody in his kingdom knows about it. His preparations assume the proportions of an army on the march. The Palace Guard turns out in force, armed as if to repet an invasion. The ministers and subordinate officials of the Ameer's court ride to the hint with their monarch, and direct the affairs of the cavalende.

The monarch himself sits high in the cushioned howdah of his favorite hunting

"Cannibal" Mosquitoes Are Barred from America

NOWAR will be waged in the I mited States between "cannibal mosquitoes" imported from France and our own flesh-biting variety—that is, not unless officials of the Department of Agriculture change their minds. The department recently refused to grant a permit to bring into this country any of the predatory French species which were expected to fight Long Island pests, as described in the August issue of Populan S TENCE MONTHY.

To tell the truth, Dr S. A. Rohmer of the Department of Agriculture explained, his experts are rather wary of the so-called "cannibal" How can they be save it would est only other mosquitoes, and not attack human beings? In fact, they frankly express the opinion that the strange "heneficial" mosquito whose discovery in Brittany was reported by a French entomologist. Dr. Legendre, is actually no more than a variety of our common rain-barrel mosquito, with little of the nice discremination in choice of det ascribed to it.

Your Christmas Tree's Age

THE tree you set up at Christmas time and decorate with all sorts of ornaments takes from aix to ten years to grow, according to the American Tree Amociation. Norway, red, and white sprice and balsam fir make the best "Christmas" trees.

The hest trees for posts, the locust and oak, are grown in from twelve to twenty years; twenty five to thirty years or more are required to produce poles.

elephant. An attendant handles the hunting guns, and loads and passes them to his master at the proper moment. It would be a hardy heast indeed that got closer to the Ameer than the Ameer wished. The photograph was taken as the Afghan ruler and his hunting party forded a stream on the return from the chase.

Subways May Carry Mails

SUBWAYS may be added to the present mail-carrying network of airplanes, trains, steamships, and motors, according to the U. S. Post Office Department. Plans are being considered for dispatching racks of mail over New York City's underground rapid trainst system. If this cannot be done without holding up passenger trains while sacks are being loaded and unloaded, an alternate plan is to build a new subway exclusively for mail, possibly modeled after London's new automatic subway.

Arrest 219 Pilots for Air Traffic Violations

TWO hundred and nuseteen pilots were arrested for breaking traffic rules of the skyways during the last year. Their offenses included taking-off or landing at surports in the wrong manner, low flying over congested areas, stant flying with pay passengers, dropping heavy objects, carrying explosives, flying without a becase, carelessness, and flying an overloaded machine. One pilot was caught sinugiling aliens into the country in his machine.

The First Patented Rose

A NEW rose, "Lady Canada," recently exhibited in New York City, has just received a registered trademark from the Commissioner of Patents at Ottawa. According to its grower, it is the first flower ever patented in Canada, and probably in the world. The official protection gives him the sole right to use the name in the sale of cuttings and flowers of this variety

Peanut Vines New Fodder

PEANUT vines are being added to the rations of farm animals. According to Dr. D. B. Jones, in charge of the protein invest gation laboratory, I. S. Department of Agriculture, properly-cured peanut vines rival alfalfa and clover in feeding value.

Peanut meal, made from note from which some of the oil has been extracted, is being tried with good results as a bog fattener. When the annuals were fed whole peanuts they often produced undescrable "soft" pork which does not command the highest market price. This tendency is said to have been overcome by feeding the meal, which retains its high percent of valuable protein but reduces the oil content.

New "Flivver" Monoplane for Beginners



AWAY can run faster than the speed at which the newest "fire-time to ground, amoreing to its Ashim North Carolina, to idea The internal selection with anding speed of twenty miles an hour, it is claimed, makes

the machine unusually safe for beginners to use in practice. A converted Model T Ford engine powers the little plane, which is twenty feet long, with a wing span of thirty-one feet, and weighs complete only 500 pounds. In the air its crusing speed is fifty miles an hour. It was designed especially for sport and practice flying, and will sell for approximately eight hundred dollars.

This Car Runs with Water as a Lubricant

WHEN an Elyna, Ohio, motorist fin shes filling his radiator, he lifts the hood of his machine and pours water in the crank case in place of oil to labricate the motor. He cays he has driven 137,000 males since 1923 using only this upusual lubricant.

No graphite or grease is used and the continued operation of the machine, which is said to have made a trip from coast to enset, is asembed to bearings piacte of a new metal alloy, and to specially designed pustons and piston rings. The alloy used in the bearings is the invention of E. M. Wilhams, of Elyria, Ohio.

Round-Up Nets 70,000 Rats in Ohio Factories

TWO bundred pounds of "bamburger." Lauty loaves of bread, ten pounds of peanut butter, and forty-eight came of salmon are being used in a rat round-up. that recently netted more than seventy thousand rodents in varsous industrial plants situated on the banks of the Cuyanoga River a Cleveland Ohio.

W. M. Amana, a gut extergonation expert, working with the Cleveland Board. of Health of rected the attack. The tolbits, aprinkled with an odorless, tasteless poison, were put in paper bags and scattered in the factory basements as though they had been descarded by workmen. Day after day the slaughter of the destructive rodents continued, until many thousands had been killed.

Huge Canal Locks Nearing Completion

EACH year nome tons of shipping will be lifted more than forty-more feet as it passes between the thick concrete walls of the largest canal locks in Europe, now being completed near Hanover, Germany

The new locks, said to be exceeded in size only by those in the Panama Canal conneet the old Mittelland Canal with the Hanover-Lahe Conal They consist of two sets of locks, side by side, but operating independently of each other. Each is 738 feet long and thertyn ne and a third feet wide. The concrete work in the structure

required about 387,000 cubic feet of material.

Other locks, which will dwarf these assisters and even exceed the furnous structures of the Panama Canal, are being built in Holland as part of the Zuyder Zee reclamation project. These munt steamship lifts will have a length of more than 2 000 feet, a depth of 102 feet, and will be eighty-one feet wide. The



One of the impresse concrete ship basins of the new German canal locks. It is longer than three city blocks and nearly forty fast wide.

gates, to be of the sliding type instead of swinging, are being designed to admit the largest vessel likely to be built in many years. They will lead to the artificial harbor of Amsterdam.

French Airplanes Aid in Predicting the Weather

FLYING weather bureaus have been established in France to aid the Meteorological Bureau in their predictions, Three airplanes make regular observation trips aloft each day. One reports conditions over Paris, another watches the vicinity of Lyon, and a third ascenda from Smnt-Raphael, on the Riviera.

> Gen. Deleambre chief of the Weather Service. explains that lack of information about weather conditions on the sea and above the clouds cause inaccuractes in French weather reports. More planes will be fitted for aerial observations soon.

Simplify Codes

THOSE who send cables In code will have to limit the words to five letters imstead of ten, if the proposal considered by representatives of telegraph and cable lines on five continents, recently, is carried out words in the past have been accepted under the condition that they could be pronounced in English. German, Spanish, French,

Datch, Italian, Portuguese, or Latin. Man of the ten-letter words cannot be protesting all these tongues and car has a ject to being held responsible for more it errors in transmission.

the new proposal limiting the code words to five letters would call for an accompanying reduction in rates.

Electricity Parks Cars in Novel Garage

YOU drive in, stop your car facing an elevator, and electricity does the rest, parking the innehate or one of the upper

floors of his automatic skysir quer garage being hadt pear the Grand Central Stat on in-New York City

to electric parker "invented b. Mr ton A. Kent, of New York tive is an heart of the noveplan. Plas is a low truck which trus on tracks urder the natoq = dea From this truck rises a. pastform which calches under the rear axle horoung of the car-It then hads the enr along grooved ranways outo an ecvator which whose it to an upper floor where the "parker

directs it to a vacant space. controlled by an operator who present various buttons at the side of the ele-



openies or country, for last on any flower of the forms of

a lastrated the c

who are not be a large that the

upperse to a solid verillation to be the twenty for a linear of the carries to the enginee, the street utes and that in a rish \$70 cars The "electric parker" runs on tracks under the car,

an hour can be handled. and a rising platform catches under the rest axie.

Queer Island Dog Kingdom Ruled by a Terrier

A lonely island, inhabited only by dogs, has been reported off the coast of Africa by French sailors, who believe the animals have descended from pets ship-wrecked or abandoned there. The island, called Juan de Neva, her in unfrequented waters between the African coast and Madagascar. So far as is known it has not been visited by ships for years. No one lives there, and the island has been considered valueless.

When the captain of a French vessel landed recently, he was faced by a large mongrel dog, evidently part terrier, who appeared to be the dog king of the island.

When the captain threw a stone at him, the dog stood his ground, howling like a wolf. Immediately dogs appeared from all sides, according to the report, and forced the intruder, who was without weapons, to beat a hasty retreat

His Hobby Is Collecting Miniature Books

A Li hputian library is the hubby of James D. Hendemon, of Brookling, Mass., who has collected tray volumes from all over the world. Among the little books, which he reads with the aid of a magnifying glass, is a complete edition of Shakespeare printed on pages little larger than postage stamps. A full set of Dickens, and a tiny Bible which rests on a desk only hand sigh, are other features of the unusual collection. The tiny size of some of the volumes can be appreciated by comparing them, and their miniature bookcase, with the book of average size standing on the table at the right of the picture below.

The bookrase itself is a remarkable example of miniature furniture building. It is complete even to leaded glass doors.

Radio and Airplane Aid in Missionary Journey

Radio will play an important part in a \$40,000-mile missionary trip into soluted districts of Australia, led by the Rev. G. M. Scott, an Australian elergyman, whose party carries wireless sending and receiving equipment. Wherever be finds settlers requiring immediate help, the missionary will send a radio message to headquarters of the Australian Mission, and assistance will be sent by airplane.



The ministure library. Compare its volumes with ordinary book at right.

French School Trains Women as Engineers

Only women are admitted to a new electromechanic matitute at Paris—Prance's first excusively femanic school of engineering. Its graduates will be as well qualified for high technical positions as male applicants, for its equipment is said to be an examplete as that of any school is the world. Its founder, Mile, Paris, is herself an engineer of wide experience.

The students receive thorough instruction, not only in the theory and principles of electrodynamics, but in construction and actual operation of electrical machinery. In their shop work they learn how to domantle or assemble dynamics, generators, transformers, and so on, gaining first-hand knowledge of the function and operation of every part.



Girl students in France's first feminine whool of electrical engineering. Mile. Paris, the founder, is seen at the left teaching the students how to dismantle a dynamo, and how each part works.



Champion Radio Fan Uses Chorus of Speakers

One ordinary londspeaker an't enough for O. Mampe, of Pahsade, N. J., owner of what he claims to be the most elaborate prients radio apparatus in the country. This confirmed radio fan has fitted a large battle board to several dynamic cone-type speakers, so that he can get any volume from a whisper to a thunderous rose.

He asserts that distortion has been address to a minimum, even at volume ifficient to chake the rafters.

Huge Indoor Ocean Beach Planned in Germany

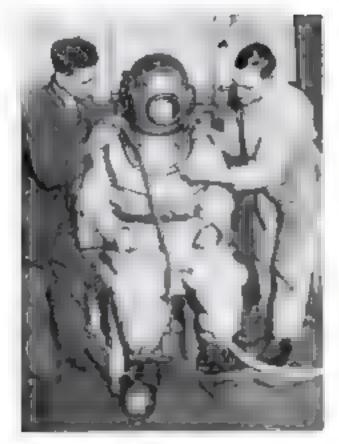
An instation senshore, under a great dome of glass and steel is planted in Germany to provide wrater bathing under summer conditions. In the center of the instation occase, a large said ball will be surmounted by a restaurant where bathers may dose, wearing beach paparass and magning they are spending a holiday at Deauville or the L do.

the most wall aground the most ature ocean and the sandy beach will allow 1,700 people to he in the sand and bask in artificial aunshine supplied by huge lamps giving off eltra-violet rays. The lamps will hang from the roof, 150 feet above the pool.

Professor Karl Stocheck, of the Technical College at Charlottenburg, suggested the unusual beach

Would Improve Auto Lamps

Automobile lamps constructed so that their light would be visible from all angres, is an improvement suggested to the Society of Automotive Engineers as a means of reducing the bazards of night driving. While the cowl lights on some makes of cars can be seen from the side, the lamps on most automobiles are visible only when seen head-on, especially when dimined or in bad weather. Inder some conditions of driving, such as in turning corners and on curves, for example, this causes the ent-re car to be invisible to other motorists on the highway.



December, 1926

Deep-Sea Diving Is Hobby of British M. P.

His colleagues may have their golf or shooting or whatnot for recreation but when Caption bottney Streatfield, Member of Parliament, wants to enjoy binsielf, he goes for a deep-sea days. The British legislator has been a confirmed diver in his leisure time for the last twelve years, and has gone down as far as five fothoms. As far as bobbies go, the diving M P seems to be in a class by himself. The illustration above shows the diving law-maker being fitted with a new start of "sport" clothes.

Pumps Air into Brain for X-Ray Study

By paraping ramified are into the brain. Dr. Max Lucia dies for of the X-ray department of a hospital at Basel, bwitzerland, has been able to moreover the exact location of tumorous growths through X-ray photographs. These pictures of the brain after the air has been pumped in, show the healthy cells as white stains and the diseased ones as almost block.

In locating growths in the spinal column, Dr. Ludin injects, material of air, a fluid that photographs well. This fluid runs down the spine until it is stopped by the growth. An X-ray photograph thus reveals the exact location of the discussed portion of the spine and simplifies the physician's diagnosis.

The Sky's Blue Measured by New Color Chart

The blue in the sky is being measured by an ingenious color chart prepared by a German physicist and color expert, Professor Wilhelm Ostwald. It contains all the sky colors, from the bluest known to almost colorless gray. By comparing the colors of the chart with that of the sky, and picking out the shade that most nearly matches, the amount of blue in the sky can be determined, says Professor Ostwald.

Eskimos in the polar regions and

aviators high in the air are said to see the bluest slaes. The United States Weather Bureau, in Washington, D. C., reports that the blueness of the sky depends upon the amounts of dust and moisture in the air. After a rain the sky is bluest.

Metric System for China

The latest convert to the metric system is China, whose Nationalist Government recently replaced the old measurement standards with the system used in practically all countries except England and the United States.

His Keen Ears Test 230 Loudspeakers a Day

Both radio loudspeakers and radio amphiers for phonographs are tested for tone by comparison with a master speaker and over their entire musical range, in the experimental laboratory of a Chicago radio manufacturing concern.

One of the expert testers, Mortin T. Of en, is said to have tested more than bulf a madon speakers, averaging 250 every day for almost eight years. An accomplished missional, he has developed sensitive ears that can recognize sounds as high-pitched as 10,000 vibrations a second. Such sounds are insudible to the ears of the average person.



Martin T Other testing the took range of a new load speaker. He can recognize sounds must of us use't hear

Huge Flying Sign Flashes from 2,000-Foot Height

A huge electric sign, sinety feet long and six feet high, circled in the sky 2,000 feet above Broadway, in New York, recently, testing out a new form of advertising—the suplane signboard. Flaring red letters, taking up the entire lower wing surface of a gent bombing biplane, afternately flashed the name of an advertiser and his address,

The roar of the plane's three motors, total agreedy 1,000 horsepower, attracted the attention of the thrater crowds below. The power for the sign was generated by dynamos which occupied most of the space in the cabin of the plane. They are capable of producing 7,000 volts. The letters giving the firm's name and its address were superimposed upon each other is order to permit the change in the wording of the sign.

Since the sign was not visible to the plot or the electrician to the cabin of the plane, small lights on the edge of the wing, each connected with one of the letters, indicated that it was flashing.

Explains Why Actors Are Free from Paralysis

The reason few actors have paralysis a because they give their emotions exercise? This is the conclusion of Dr. Julius

Heller, of Germany, after an investigation of the causes of death of more than 1,460 actors. Only one and a half percent of the group studied deal of paralysis. This percentage is much lower than that of any other professional group investigated.

People in ordinary walks of life, Dr. Heller explains, have to repress their emotions more than actors, so part of their nervous machinery atrophes from disuse. This tends to make them more susceptible to

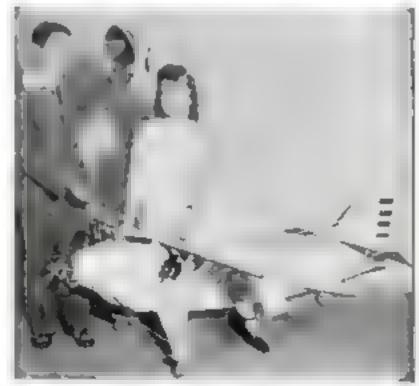
paralytic attacks.

Boy of Eleven Builds Prize Model Plane

A model of a tri-motored monoplane, almost as long as the budder, won for Tony Veriatti, an eleven-year-old San Francisco boy, first prize for the most interesting model shown at a recent tournament in that city. The budder named his white monoplane the City of San Francisco.

The First Coin

Only four known specimens exist of what is behaved to be the first comever minted—a Greek gold deaching which experts think was struck off about 700 s.c. One of these in the collection of J. P. Morgan, New York banker, is conservatively valued at \$3,500.



How would you like a ride? Tony Verlatti, age cirven above a girl friend the prine winning model monoplane which he built.

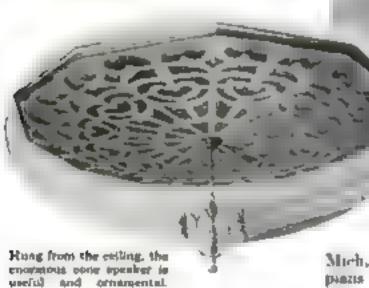
Strange Glasses Turn the World Upside Down

SIDEWALKS seem to hang above your head, people appear to walk with their feet in the air, and clouds and buildings change places when you put on the strange "upside-down glasses" with which students at Clark University, Worcester, Mass., are being tested

Wearing the inverted vision lenses. Norman L. Munn, a graduate student at the university, made a two-weeks test during which he saw only a topsy-turvy wor-d. At the end of that time be prepared a report of his experiences. This will be used as a basis of study by the students in the psychology classes of the university to determine the effect of inverted vision upon the coordination of the senses.

Huge Cone Loudspeaker Covers a Ceiling

THERE'S plenty of mune in the air when programs come from a buge cone loudspeaker which takes up almost the entire ceiling of a room in the home of



a radio enthusiast in Oak Park, Ill. It serves a purpose both useful and ornamental. From its center is suspended an overhead lighting fixture. It is said to reproduce radio programs perfectly.

U. S. History Recorded in Postage Stamps

A "NORSE-AMERICAN" series of stamps, commemorating the arrival in America of first immigrants from Norway in 1603, is the latest of many depicting the history of America, according to the Post Office Department. Twelve previously issued begin with the Columbian Series of 1893, illustrating the discovery of America, and include the Victory stamp of 1919, celebrating the ending of the World War, 1920's Pilgram Tercentenary issue, the Huguenot-Walloon series of 1924, and the Lexington-Concord issue of 1925

Special stamps commemorate other events—the 1926 Battle of White Plains stamp, the 1927 Burgoyne Campaign stamp, and the 1927 Vermont Sesquicentennia, stamp. Occasionally individuals have been bonored by a stamp same, as the Ericason Memorial Stamp of 1926 for the Minitar's Civil War builder. A special air stamp was issued as a tribute to Lindbergh's New York-to-Paris flight.



Out for a walk in the spaidedown world. A student testa lumed with the sidd glasses.

Safety Tunnels

UNDERGROUND subways or passageways for pedestrians at dangerous street intersections in Highland Park.

Mich., have proved an successful that pages for additional tunnels are underway. School children using two subways already provided are able to cross busy streets in safety.

Meanwhile annular tunnels tried out in Los Angeles, Calif., and described in Populas Science Monthly, have been welcomed by auto-shy pedestrians.

Largest Magnet Is Heavier Than a Locomotive

THE world's largest magnet, a 120-ton monster that weighs more than many a locomotive, has recently been completed at the Believie laboratory of the French National Research Bureau. Resting on massive pillars, it will aid in important researches in light, electricity, and radioactivity.

Torrents of water cool its huge copper coil, which carries a terrific electric current of 5,000 amperes—enough to light, may, six thousand ordinary lamps. According to the designer, M. A. Cotton, it

can maintain its powerful magnetic field

unabated for hours, if necessary, during

prolonged experiments.

Painting the Towns Red

AN UNTSUAL donation received by the Lapland Geographical Society is a recent abonymous gift of red paint—\$1,500 worth. The nameless donor specified that it was to be used to paint farm houses along the Torne River valley, in northern Sweden, so that the color-dotted landscape may set an example to dreary Finland homesteads across the border.

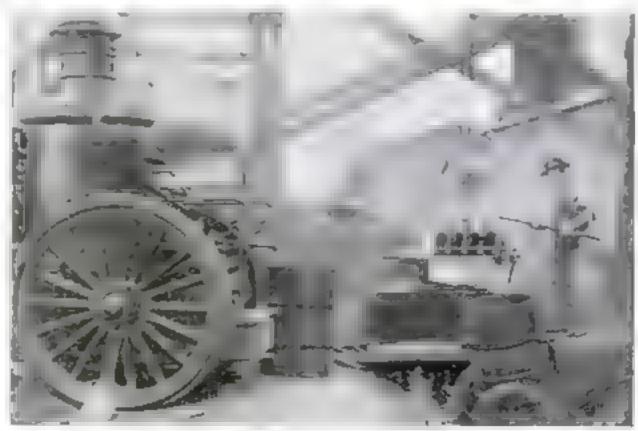
The Society has distributed the paint and now the valley dwellers are pointing

their towns red.

Old Fire Engine Has Job Cleaning Plane Motors

CLANGING dashes down the street behind galloping houses are over for the old-fashioned fire engines, but one has found a job on an aviation field in St. Louis. It has solved the problem of cleaning dirt and grease from airplane motors that are to be overhanded.

The old boder produces the steam that is sprayed over the motors under high pressure, the steam being carried to the work through a long flexible hose terminating in a possile held by the mechanic. The new application of the discarded apparatus saves the workput the labor of cleaning the motors with rags,



Steam generated by the old fire engine change greats and dire from simplese motors in the shop,

An Improved Depth Finder for Coast Survey

ECHOES from the sea bottom are enabling the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey to map the ocean floor along the Atlantic seaboard more accurately and speedicy than ever before, through the use of an improved "fathometer," or some depth finder, developed by Dr.

Herbert G. Dorsey.

From the bottom of the survey vessel, the instrument sends out continuous sounds, and catches the schoes as they rebound from the ocean floor. Since the speed of sound is known, the clapsed time between the sending of a sound and the return of its echo is a measurement of the ocean depth. This measurement the sensit ve instrument records on a dial. Recently a cable ship with the new some depth finder surveyed the ocean floor from the Asores to Newfoundland in the record time of seven days. Part of the time it made continuous soundings while steaming at full speed.

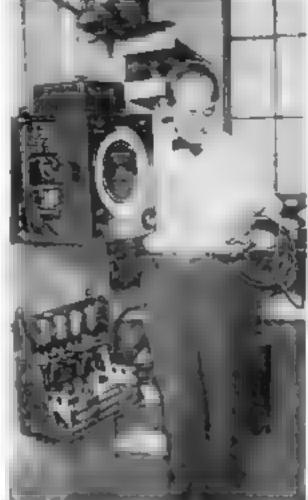
Lamp Burns for 23 Years

WHEN "Lindy" was three years old, was screwed into a socket in the window of a Grove City, Pa., store. It has been on the job ever since, giving continuous light for twenty-three years. Another number lamp, installed at the same time, burned out only recently. Both of these old-timers have been presented to Thomas A. Edwon.

Builds Auto from Parts of Twenty-Seven Others

TWENTY-SEVEN standard automobiles contributed parts to a miniature homemade car in which the builder, Charles R. Gifford, of Tampa, Fla., intends to tour the United States.

The midget macrine, pretured below is less than three feet high and weight 1,200 pounds. It has a sixty-right-right wheelbase and a forty-inch tread. In tests it is said to have above speed of sixty five index an hour



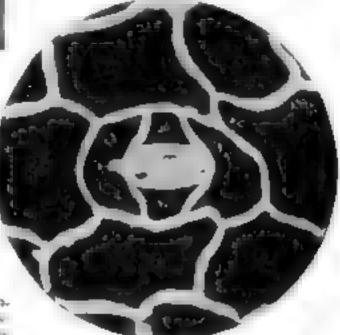
Dr Herbert G Dorsey with the apparatus used in his improved ocean depth finder,

Over Mt. Blanc by Air

ARIRD'S-EYE view of the Alighest mountain in Furope, the famous Mount Blane, is now provided travelers through the inauguration of a French light-seeing air line circling the peak. The aerial buses are two-passenger cabin planes that fly at an altitude of 14,000 feet, mounting from an air

field near the railroad leading to Chamonic, France, from which most of the avcents on foot have been begon. The planes fiv at scheduled times, and reservations can be made in advance.

The hour-and a had flight earling the 13 782 foot purisole of the mountain, costs about \$20. A shorter flight over lesser peaks at an altitude of 8 800 feet taking about biteen initiales, costs \$3.50,



Interior Tides May Slow Down the Earth

THAT the earth's interior, like its occass, has tidal movements is the

theory advanced by Prof. Benjamin Boss, of the Carnegio Institution, to

secount for the known fact that the earth is slowing down and its days growing

longer at the rate of about one accoud

every 100,000 years. Originally friction

of the ocean's tides across the bottom of

shallow seas was believed solely responsible, but this, Professor Bom says,

could cause only two thirds of the observed slowing. Tides within the earth would account for the difference, is has

Apparently, he adds, there is some relation between the erratic speeding up

and slowing down of the earth from time

to time—a recent discovery credited to Prof. E. W. Brown, of Yale—and carth-

quakes. If this can be definitely estab-

lished. Prof. Bott sees the possibility of

advance warnings of severe earth tremora.

suggestion.

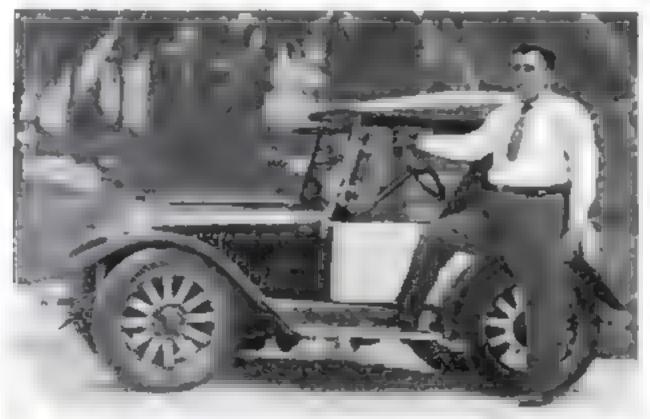
"Lungs" of Leaf Revealed in Motion Pictures

Like animals and homan beings, I leaves have hings or they would sufficient. The "stomata "as the breathing ceils are called, a soch not ment from the sunlight the rain, and the air, How these ceils work is revealed remarkably by a recent long shows a giptore for called "Secrets of Nature," which presents highly magnified pictures of the leaf a breathing organs. The view above shows the structure and arrangement of the cells. At nighttime or in bad weather they close up and wait for the sun to show again before they open. Then they work feverishly to make up for the time they have lost.

New Cloth from Plants

SOON you may be wearing clothes made of kendyr. That is the name of a fiber plant, discovered recently growing in large quantities in Asia, and found to produce textile years of high quality. A cloth made half of kendyr and half of cotten, tests show, is attractive and direction.

Two tons of kendyr a day is to be turned into cloth by a new machine built especially for the purpose.



The ento mangel and the man who built it. It is made of parts of twenty-seven different cars,



Odd Machine Plays Sound Effects for the Movies

MERELY by pressing a button almost ML any imaginable sound can be produced on this machine, according to its inventor, A. W. Nichola, of New York City. He is seen assembling the complicated inechanism designed to make movies more realistic. It is equally adaptable to dramus and news rects.

He says has invention, on which he has worked for twenty-five years, can be played as simply as an organ. When a train rounds a curve in a picture, the operator presses a button and a remotic railroad which results; when an auto comes to a sudden stop, a shrick of brakes accompanies it as another button is pressed. The presuming is operated through

Canadian Tar Sands Tested for Roads

electric motors

IN THE far Athabaska country of western Camaia, famous in stores of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, tar much are being mined to make reads of a new kind in the Jasper National Park, Alberts.

Over gravel roads, the bituminous sands are spread to a depth of about two mehes and form a layer similar to asphalt. These sand deposits along the Athabaska River have long been thought to contain possibilities for road building, but this is the first practical test to which they have been subjected.

Whalers of the Antarctic Aided by Wireless

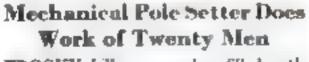
WHALERS who go down to the sea in shaps are taking science with them. The vessels, putting out from the South Shetland Islands into the Antarctic Ocean, are being equipped with wireless to direct the operations of the small boats that leave the mother, or "factory" ship, in search of quarry.

One of the greatest dangers of whaling in the past has been the possibility of becoming acparated from the mother ship during a fog or prolonged anowstorm while pursuing whales in a small boat. An example of the value of this method of communication between the large vessel and its brood is found in the wrecking of the Southern Queen, a large Antarctic whaling stup. When it struck a submerged techerg and began to sink, all the small boats were immediately notified by radio. The fleet of whale catchers highed to the ship's assistance and took off all the members of the crew in safety.

Chemists Trace Source of Ancient Copper Weapons

DETECTIVE work by chemists recently trailed the copper used in ancient Mesopotamian weapons to the mines where it was obtained. Archeologists wanted to know where the men of Sumer, oldest of Mesopotamian kingdoms, got their copper. Interptions on bricks failing to tell them, they sought help from the metallurgical chemists. These men examined the copper of the old weapons, comparing it with specimens from Persia, the Black Sea region, Cyprus, Egypt, and other neighboring countries to see if they could find the





ROCKY bills or marshes filled with underbrush are boulevards to this ingenious new machine for erecting telephone poles. It can go anywhere a man can walk. Perched on the brink of a precipitous incline, it swiftly bores a seven-foot hole in the earth; then a derrick at its business end swings a forty-five-foot pole boddy into position and drops it upright.

In a recent test the whole operation averaged less than six minutes for each pole. Only three men are required to run the continuous-trend juggernaut, though it does the work of twenty.

Seasick for Twenty Years

HALF a million miles on shipboard, and seasick every voyage, has been the strange experience of James Barger, a sixfoot, two-hundred-pound sailor who has been in the U.S. Navy for twenty years. He has circled the globe three times.

Ink and Stain Made from Sequoia Seed Cones

A RIVAL of the seventeen-year locust A is the grant Sequoia tree of the Pacific alope, which sometimes retains its seeds for aixteen years before dropping them from the cone. These trees are in no burry. They are called the oldest living thing on earth. Some of them are believed by scientists to be more than three thousand years old.

An interesting method of protecting the sects from weather and insects during their long wart is a coating of waterproof at digermproof gloss which covers the cone. A recent experiment with this gloss showed that when it was removed from the cone and disselved in water it made a good withing flied or furniture stain of a rich narroon color.

New Roads, 10,753 Miles

A ROAD stretching from 6 braiter to within 600 miles of Yokohama could be made with the new highways under construction in the United States during 1968. The Government reports that the total indease of these new roads came to 10,755, costing the states and nation \$204,000,000. Since 1917, 71,884 miles of new roads have been completed and opened for motor traffic.

I nusual Locomotive Uses Its Steam Twice

THE unusual photograph below is a bend-on view of one of the twenty new-type locomotives recently put into operation on the Boston and Maine Rail-road. Two unique features are the placing of the belt above the pilot instead of everlicual and the feedwater heater which

forms a rowl in front. This device saves nearly lifteen percent of the fiel by utilizing the exhaust steam to warm the water before it enters the boder, thus cutting down the length of time necessary to generate steam.



Front view of the estricus loctmotive, showing coul formed by the novel feedwater bester.

Mountains Commit Suicide With Volcano Blasts

A VOLCANO is a mountain committing suicide. This unique definition a suggested by the National Geographic Society which says the mountains of the bouth Pacific are destroying themselves with volcanic activity.

The virties of a volcano outweigh its vices, it is pointed out. Without such vents, the energy pent up for long periods might cause havor over large areas.

The United States is said to own one fourth of the 417 active volcanos of the world. However, the only active crater in the country is Mt Lassen, in northern California. Kilanea, the Hawanan vent is called the most active volcano in the world. Into the huge crater of another volcano in Hawan, Mount Halekala, half the District of Columbia might be dropped.

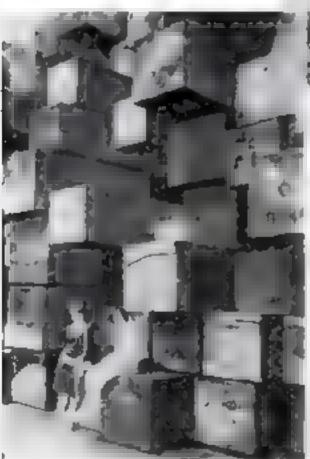
Model Plane Sets Record for Weight Lifting

CARRYING more than its own weight, a tiny, rubber-band-propelled model airplane, built by Arthur Horn, of Brookline, blass, sped down a wooden runway and rose gracefully into the air for a ten-second flight at a recent meet in Boston.

The little plane weighed thirty-four grams. Before the propeller was released for the start, forty-four grams was added. The flight is said to have established a national record for weight lifting by miniature airplanes.

A Mountain of Giant Timbers for China

Some of the largest tembers of the Pacific Northwest were recently piled upon the wharf at Scattle, Wash., for chipment to China. The size of these gunt timbers can be appreciated by comparing them, in the picture below,



Giant Douglas fir timbers ready for ehipment. Compare their size with that of the two girls.

with the two girls of average size, photographed at the base of the mountain of wood.

The bulk of the timbers are of Douglas fir from the great forests of western Washington, and represent one of the chief industries of that state. The largest ones, in cross section, measure two and a half feet square.

Find Saber-Toothed Tiger Had the Toothache

THE sad plight of the giraffe with the fore throat seems to have been equalled by the saber-toothed tiggr with a toothache. More than a thousand paws of this mighty hunter of prehistoric days are being examined at the Los Angeles, Calif., Museum, where they were collected from the tar pits at Rancho la Brea, known as "The Death-Trap of the Ages."

The teeth of these animals, caught in the treacherous pits, along with the Woolly Manimoth and the Gunt Sloth of its day, show the presence of many tooth disturbances, such as pyorrhea, dead teeth, and alisewees in the tooth sockets,

The jaws are being examined with the X-ray to discover the condition of the tooth canals. Many of the long frost saber teeth that made this animal the terror of its day have dropped from the jaws and others are shown to have been greatly worn, although no tooth cavities have been docovered.



Novel Photo Shows Size of Extinct Giant Bird

FOR the first time a photograph in composite has been produced to show the comparative sizes of a human being and the extinct New Zealand mostlargest bird ever known to have lived. These birds, abundant in New Zealand 400 years ago, vanished, it is thought, because of their canmbalistic trait of eating their own eggs during a shortage of their natural food. Numerous skeletons of most have been found in various parts of New Zealand, yet no trace of an egg has ever been found. The specimen in the photograph was reconstructed from one of these skeletons.

The extinct had resembles the ostrich-Built for ground locomotion, it had bage legs, and claws with which it could easily have torn a man to shreds.



Links of Huge Chain Weigh Nearly a Ton Each

THE toppling dome of the famous St. Paul's Cathedral, in London, will be

held together by a huge chain of stainless steel which has been constructed especially for the purpose in a Shelfield, England, steel works,

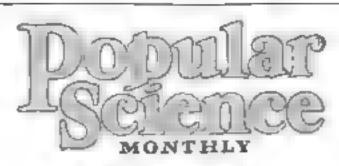
The cathedral built more than two centuries ago by Sie Christopher Wirn, was condemned in 1983 as a "dangerous structure" when the dome was found to be gradually tipping toward the northwest. The first plan was to rebuild the upper structure entirely, at a cost of at least \$2.500,000. However, by injecting croisely into the weakened pillars and energing the dome with a grant 441 foot steel than a the expense will be avoided.

The lasts of the chain, which are shown in the picture above, each weigh nearly a ton are, are made up of three and four bars alternating throughout the thirty links. Each our is nearly fifteen feet long.

New Sound-Absorbing Stone Kills Noise in Rooms

BUILDING stone that absorbs sounds has been found in Florida. The rock is somewhat porous, filled with tiny cavities which souk up sound waves that come to it when used in walls and ceilings of rooms.

Tests by the late Professor Sabine, of Harvard University, showed that extreme pointers in a room is caused by the reflection of sound back and forth by walls and collings. The pores of the new stone prevent this echoing and silence the barsher sounds that come to it.





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Breaking the Rocks of Knowledge

THE Illinois State Museum, Springfield, a curious stone column is being erected. It is formed of blocks from the various strata of the earth is surface, arranged in the order in which they were deposited ages ago. The base is of Altyn limestone from Glacier National Park, estimated to be more than 400,000,000 years old.

These blocks hold the secret of the world's original food supply. Plant life, according to the beliefs of science, preceded animal life because the latter depends upon it. Rocks antedated plants because they are the source of soil upon which vegetation lives.

Het the life-giving power in the rocks becomes assimilable only when by a process of erosion it is broken into fragments that plants can use. Similarly, in the realm of knowledge, it is the process of breaking up the great discoveries into forms that the average person can grasp and assimilate that releases their power. Harvey's discovery of blood circulation had little effect while only a few people understood it. Radio, understood by scientists for years, became valuable only when it entered our daily lives.

The fundamental purpose of Popular Science Montally in to break up science into terms that anyone can grasp easily. No discovery and invention can be ready powerful until it is understood by all intelligent people.

Always New Wings to Try

A FEW days ago an emment engineer speaking over the radio, declared that ultimate perfection had been reached in aeronal tical engineering. No further change, he said, was likely to occur in the fundamental design of aircraft

The next morning, newspapers reported that Juan de la Cierva, young Span shinventor of the autogoro, successfully had crossed the English Channel in his odd windmill plane. As told elsewhere in this issue, this flapping aircraft conforms to none of the accepted rules governing airplane design.

The wise man of the rods seems to be in the class of Thales, who in the sixth century is c. held that the world is flat and floats on water. He probably knows now however that it is unwise to assume that things as they are will never change. There are always revolutionists who will challenge tradition.

True, many of them are wrong, but from secondasts who have been right have come the really great advances in science. The simple truth is that there is no such thing as ultimate perfection in scientific achievement, or, for that matter, in any department of human emicavor.

Royal Gifts for All

Dr Marston Taylor Bogart of Columbia University predicts that soon synthetic perfumes will duplicate and replace the costly natural perfumes.

"Synthetic perfumes," he says, "need little labor while the natural process is very expensive. A few vats and study will do

the work of acres of growing plants."

Once again science is revealed as the great leveler. In its gifts to mankind it ignores distinctions of wealth, birth, or class; it considers no special privilege.

With the automobile, it brings distant pleasures to the doorwards of the day-laborer and the millionaure alike. With electricity, it lights the hovel and the mansion at the same time.

Now it as endowing the work-worn shop girl with the delicate fragrance of a queen. There is real democracy in science.

A Just Decision

A LEGAL case, recently decided, may well interest scientists and inventors. The Supreme Court of the United States held that a state could not tax, as meome, royalties received by one of her citizens for the use of patents. A patent, it ruled, is a right granted by the Federal Government. Since a state cannot destroy such a right, it cannot tax it because the power to tax, in the words of the famous Chief Justice. John Marshall, is the power to destroy. The decision goes a step further and holds that a tax on income derived from the right amounts to a tax on the right itself, and therefore cannot be levied by a state.

Rivals to Be Respected

SUPPOSE you were told of a akyseraper four times as high as the tailest building, built without brasting material, blueprints, or steel girders?

Of course, no such building exists. But ante, constructing colony dwellings ten feet high, above and under ground, erect,

in proportion to their size, skyserapers that hig.

And Dr. Frank E. Lutz, of the American Moneum of Natural History, tells of ant-hons in Colorado that are able, uninstructed, to build conical pits in loose earth, at the bottom of which they want for unwary ants to skile down into their powerful jaws.

"How," be asks, "can the larva that never saw a trap, never saw its parents, learn to make and work such a contraption to

its advantage?"

As interesting problem in heredity and instruct! We can learn much from the insects, tacking gunt problems in their ministure world. For, as is pointed out elsewhere this month, they are the greatest enemies of man on earth.

They Are Saying—

"IN has another billion years ahead of him is which to learn to live at least a million times more wisely than he now lives."—Robert A. Milikan,

"We may have glass pavements for city streets, glass roofs for houses, glass furniture and plumbing."—A. E. Marshall, consulting engineer, Corning Glass Works.

"Lafe can exist in the interspaces as well as on the planets."

—Sir Oliver Lodge.

"The barking of dogs, the clatter of milk cans, the explosions of motors, the newy parties returning from dances, all late at night, form an increasing menace to the public bealth,"—Dr. John Stevens, English physician.

"With an airplane we can map as much territory in one day as we could cover in a month by dog-aled."—Donald B.

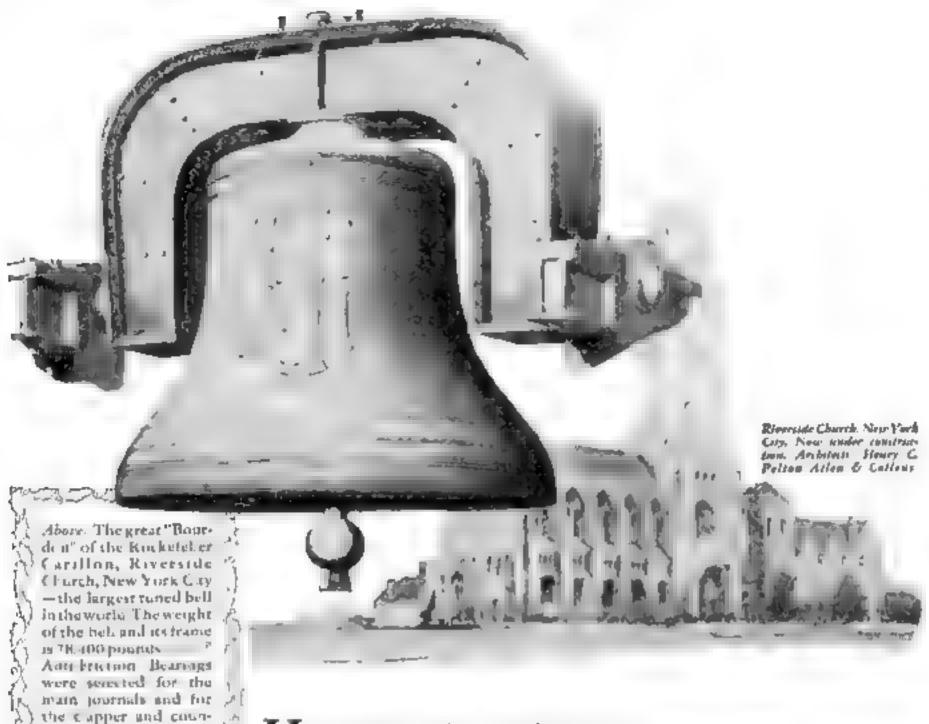
MacMillau, explorer.

"The last to automobile owners at the hands of 'gyp' operators of gasoline pumps in \$40,000,000 a year. The American Automobile Association.

"Walking will be easier for nearly everyone in the United States, within a year, as a result of the recent discovery of a method of measuring the plushibly of leather." John A. Wilson, president, The American Leather Chemists' Association.

"If flying becomes as common as motoring, man's physique will undergo drastic alteration, eyes and cars being affected first."—Lt. Col. Levy M. Hathaway, Chief Flight Surgeon,

"By mating the more energetic varieties we may produce busier bees."—Dr. Lloyd R. Watson, Corpell University



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Singling a song of industry all through the year—speeding giant trains along their way—helping great dredges delve into river bottoms—whirling all mechanical things along toward greater achievement... And then at Christmastide, when the spirit of the Day envelopes the world and glad tidings speed through the land, the same anti-friction bearings help swing the giant bells that send their sonorous voices out over a great city singing, "Merry Christmas".

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The "Bourdoo" is one of seven new bells that, when added to the fifty-

three hells now in the Carillon, will make the Rockefelier Carillon the largest in the



THE HIGHEST PRICED BEARING IN THE WORLD

Can Your Car Stand the Cold?

Timothy, a Timid Soul, Thought His Couldn't, Until Gus Told Him a Few Easy Ways to Make It Winter-Proof

By MARTIN BUNN

CHILL wind whistled an accomparament to the squeal of the brakes on Gus Walson's machine, as the veteran auto mechanic stopped his car in front of the Model Garage and tooted his horn. The doors awarg open and a mangled odor of burning kindling wood and bot steam piper greeted his nostrils as he drove in.

"You heat me to it." he called to his partner, Joe Clark, as the latter closed the doors behind him. "I was going to suggest that wo'd better start the furnace. A bit of heat feels good on a day like this.

"Howdy, Mr. Timothy," he added as he enught aight of a thin, neat little man whose physical tangarficance was in startling contrast to the huge sedan he owned. "You're the first customer this "West, er-" the good little fellow

hesitated, "I was just remarking to Mr. Clark, here, that I'm afraid it's about time to put my car away for the winter and I wanted to sak you if there are any special precautions I should take. '
'Why put it away?' questioned Gus

of notice

'Oh' I couldn't think of keeping it in composition ad water ' said I nothly, apparently quite hornfied. "Everybody tells me winter weather is extremely hard un a car, and you know I take a lot of pride in this machine. I'd hate to have anything happen to it." He stroked the broad, thiny mud guard like an old mast fondling her pet cat.

"You're dead right about winter wrather herig hard on cars in general," Gus agreed, "but that's no reason why it should be hard on your car if you treat it like it ought to be treated. The extra wear winter takes out of a car can be blamed on the owner's ignorance or carelessuess morety-nine times out of a hondeed and the limitedth case is due to conditions you'll never encounter.

PIMOTHY brightened percept bly "If that's really true, Mr. Wilson 'be said, "I'm exceedingly glad to know it. I rather districted the idea of doing without my car all wroter. It s the only amosement I have."

"Don't you worry about its being true " Gus asserted. "You just pay at tention to what I tell you and I'll guarantee that at the end of the winter your car won't show any more wear than it would after the same number of miles of summer driving. You'd better get out a pencil and a notebook, so you won't forget.

'All ready?" said Gus. "The first thing, then, is to find out what parts of



the car can be put on the black by cold weather, then we can figure out how to stop it. Cold weather raises hob with the cooling system, for one thing. Cooling systems are designed to keep the motor temperature well below the boiling point of water, even in the bottest summer weather when the air that shoots through the radiator gets up to eighty degrees, or eveb more

"THE us in winter ray be fills, or even eighty, degrees colder, and it soaks the heat out of the radiator so fast that the motor never gets a chance to warm up the way it ought to. Cold oil doesn't flow as it should and that means the motor doesn't get the proper lubries tion. Cold gasol ne doesn't vaporaze and you literally keep spraying the cold cylinder walls with raw gasoline. If you keep a motor running that way the rings, pistons, and cylinder walls wear to beat the band."

"But my car has a thermostat control to prevent the water from circulating if it is too cold," objected Timothy.

'That kind of a thermostat helps a lot " Gus agreed, "but it has one disadvantage in very cold weather. It slows down the water circulation so much that the water flowing into the bottom of the cylinder sacket in cold and the cylinder walts are kept cold enough to condenne quite a lot of gasoline. However, it's easy enough to fix that by covering part of the bottom of the radiator so the water will have to careadate faster. The main point is to see that the motor operatre just as warm to writer at it does in PERMITTEE

In other words. Timothy interrupted, "I should watch the thermometer on the radiator cap and see that after the motor warms the running temperature is the same as in summer.

"I and a the idea and to in, "but you can't do it with that radiator thermonseter. It doesn't read within a mile of right in winter, especially if the water level in the radiator is a bit law. You've got to have one that reads directly from the water in the cylinder jacket or the outlet bose. I can fit one of that land."

"What proportion of alcohol and water do I have to use in the radiator?" Timothy inquired.

"You won't use any if you take my advice," Gus growled. "Alcohol really has nothing to recommend it. Of course at well keep the radiator from freezing, but you either have to run the motor too cold for best efficiency or else keep puttant in more alcohol every few days to make up for the alcohol that boils away."

"CPEAKING of boiling away the aloobol," Joe interrupted, "reminds me of the time I nearly got purched as a rum conner by a green prohibition agent. It was one of those mild spells we have every so often in winter and I'd been hitting the high spots till the motor was good and hot. I was leaving a trail of alcohol fumes strong enough to poison a dog, and this dumb-bell officer whills it and takes after me, thinking I had some cases of liquor and one of (Continued on page 141)

A Radiotron for every purpose

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Handy Kinks for Car Owners

A Convenient Place for the Road Map -How to Stop Tire Rim Creaks -Other Ingenious Ideas You May Find Useful

built with the top so low that every time you go over a severe bump, your hat brushes against the ceiling. This results in soiled spots, unless special precautions are taken. The amplest of these is shown in Fig. 1. Pit a piece of cloth, matching the top material as closely as possible, at the point where your hat strikes. When soiled it can be removed and washed.

A Ground for the Timer

ONE of the most haffing ignition troubles is a pone ground on the

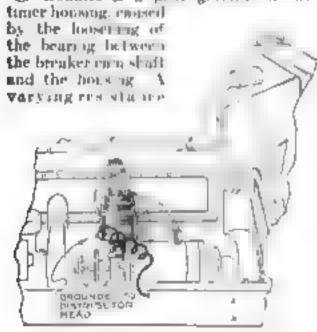


Fig. 2. Effective ground for timer housing.

thus is introduced into the path of the correst

You can eliminate trouble from this source by the method shown in Fig. 2. Faster one end of a piece of stranded insulated wire under any convenient serew on the metal part of the timer housing. Connect the other end to any serew on the nearest fixed metal part, such as the frame of the car. This wire will provide the necessary path for the current

To Stop Rim Creaks

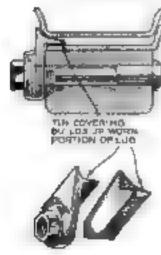
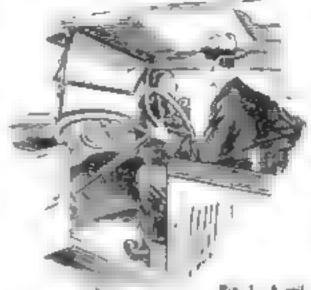


Fig. 5. Sheet tin cuvering reserve work lags.

60 much that they no longer can be clamped solully against the rint, a disagreeable creaking noise is produces You can remedy the troulue hy oversize lugs or by fitting a piece of sheet Lin over each hig. as shown in Fig. 5, at the left.



Pig. L. A ceil ing rioth prolerts the hat.

Novel Place for Licenses

AUTO owners' and drivers' licenses often become muplaced, and then you are out of luck when a traffic condemands that you produce them. However, if there are pull curtains at the windows of your closed car, you have an



Fig. 3. Rolled in a curtain for safe keeping.

excellent place to keep them. Pull the curtain down, tuck them in the roll, as shown in Fig. 3, then let the curtain roll up again. They will remain where you

Ten Dollars for an Idea!

P. D. Villwock, of Edwardsport, Ind., wine this month a
\$10 prize for his suggestion of a
curtain road map (fig. 4).
Each month POPULAN SCIENCE
MONTHLY awards \$16, in addition to regular space rates, for
the best idea sent in for motorists. Other contributions used
are paid for at the usual rates.

can always find them. After being in the curtain a while the cards will become set to the rolled form and when the curtain is lowered will curt about the roller instead of daugling

A Handy Curtain Road Map

ORDINARILY, when you want to consult a road map, you have to unfold a large and hard-to-handle sheet of paper. A convenient way to carry the map is to fit a roller curtain just above your windshield so that it can be pulled down, as shown in Fig. 4. Glue or otherwise fasten the map to this curtain. The

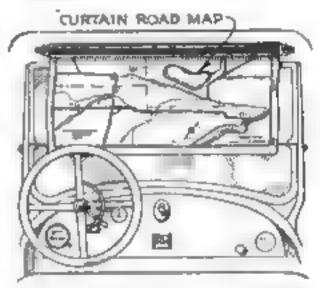


Fig. 4. Gland un a curtain above windshield.

map will cover the windshield and make driving impossible, but you would have to stop the car to study a map anyway.

A L seful Electromagnet

THERE are many times, in auto repair work, when electricity can be made to save a lot of work. For instance, if a steel ball that operates as a check valve in the oil line is in such a position that it will not roll out by gravity, you may have to turn the part upside down to let it roll out

A homemade electromagnet, shown to Fig. 6, will do the trick. All you need is a small quantity of bell wire and an iron rod small enough to go in the bole. Yind a coil of the wire around one end of the rod, attach the ends to a storage battery, and you will find that the other end of the

rod wal act in the same way as an electromagnet and pick up any small steel or ron object.



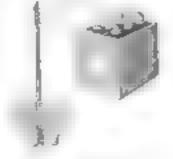


Fig. 6 A sample magnet works from battery,





Your boy is safe when he is working with tools and wood



Set No. 904, 12 tools oak cabinet. Price \$15.



Set No. 907, 7 tools in cardboard box. Price 55. This set includes plans for roaking a tool cabinet.



Set No. 902, 20 tools oak cabinet. Price \$25.

Fun for him—plus something more—this working with tools and wood.

A chest of tools will keep your boy's mind occupied profitably. Your boy's spare time deserves your thought—your guiding influence.

And—did you ever stop to think—how few toys make lasting gifts? Tools, with Stanley Plans to get him started right, will keep him interested all year 'round—and many years to come.

There are 25 Stanley Plans: boats, doghouses, tables, chests,

work benches, etc. They sell for 10c each at your hardware dealer's. There is, also, our new book "How to Work with Tools and Wood". Your hardware dealer has this, too. You can get it for \$1.

On the left are three typical Stanley Tool Chests. There are 16 altogether, ranging in price from \$5 to \$95. Ask your hardware dealer for catalog showing them all. Or write to us for a free copy of Catalog No. Se35. The Stanley Works, Advertising Department, New Britain, Connecticut.

STANLEY CHESTS

The all-year-'round Xmas gift

River Romance Returns with Packet Models

How to Build a Stern-Wheel Mississippi Steamboat

By E. ARMITAGE McCANN, Master Mariner



OUR Messesuppi steamboat model should have its main deck laid by this time, if you followed the suggestions given in the last issue.

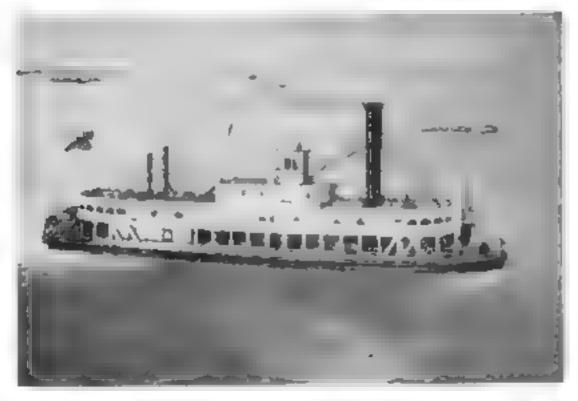
Those who missed that article, which was the first in our new slop model series, can easily make up for lost time, if

they wish to build this unbountly decorative, romantic, and original little boat, by sending for Populan Science Monthly Blueprints Nos. 64, 93 and 96 (see page 102). These sheets contain complete full size drawings of the boat and its various parts.

We must not forget, while building our stern-wheel giver packet, that it represents what has been called America's most typical boat. It is a real native, like the American Indian cance.

Clyde Fitch described it in his characteristic style when he wrote:

"The steamhoat is from 100 to 300 feet long and from 30 to 50 feet wide. It is from 40 to 70 feet high above water, but it does not extend more than three feet into the water. That is because that is all the water there is. A steamboat must be so built that when the river is low and the sand burs come out for air.



the first mate can take a keg of beer and run the boat four miles on the suds. Steamboats were once the brasts of burden for the great Middle West, and a city which could not be reached at low water by a steamhoat with two large hot stacks, twenty-five negro roustahouts on the how end and a gambler in the cabin. withered away and died in infancy. But the milroad, which runs in high water or low and does not stab itself in a vital spot. with a snag, came along and cleared the steamboat out of business. There are only a few left now, which is a great pity, for the most decorative part of a great river is a tall white steamboat with a chime whistle and a flashing wheel in the far foreground."

This type of boat, however, has not vanished by any means. Most of those now in use are entirely up-to-date for their purpose. They have steel hulls,

By following our new series of ship model articles, of which this is the second, you can build a model of the Suckeys State as realistic as the model shown at the left.

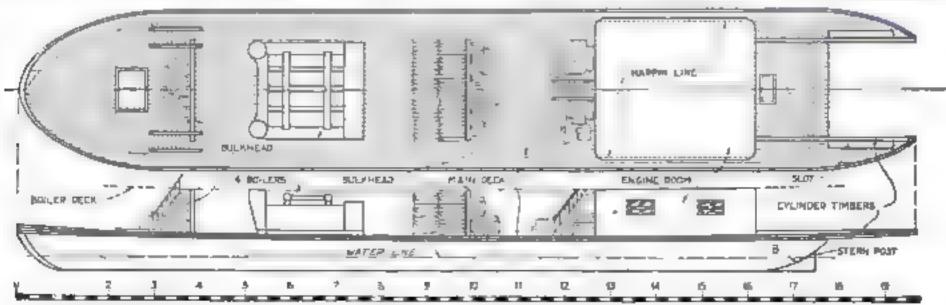
steam machinery to handle cargo and gangways, electric lights, and everything of the latest design.

There are not many of the hoats still "runmng passengers," but there are show boats, excursion boats, and an ever increasing number of freight boats, More-

over, this type of boat is built and shipped to many parts of the world where similar river conditions obtain.

On the main deck nearly everything necessary must be placed before the next deck (the boiler deck) is laid.

The engines we have inclosed in an engine room because it is hardly worth the trouble of making dommy engines to show, and this block makes a good support for the next deck. This engine room is just a block of any wood 1/2 in, high by 3½ in wide and 3½ in, long. It will be painted white and can have two windows painted in either side, and double doors in the middle, abaft. Cuts are sawed on either side up from the bottom about 3/2 in., no set to come exactly outside the cylinder timbers, previously described. The ends of the pitmen work in these slots. The block is butted up to the (Contaved on page 108)



View looking down on the main deck of the model and a side elevation, both showing just what parts are put to place before the second, or

"Tell Me What to Turn,"

Says the Man with a Lathe—So Here for Gifts

> By WILLIAM W. KLENKE Author of Art and Education in Wood-Turning

Word flatting is repidly becoming one of the most popular home shop bobbies.



ORTABLE motorized house workshop outfits are now available that give the anateur woodworker the use of a lathe and other mach ness. These have aroused new enthusiasm for the old-time

With the help of articles on the use of a lathe such as are published from time to time as Post has Science. Measure and with the aid of a textbook or two, anyone can easily master wood turning at home and then make beautiful, useful articles from scrap or waste material.

and most fasconding art of wood tigging.

"But what shall I make" or "What shall I turn next?" is the question that the beginter scott asks. A variety of attractive objects are suggested in the accompanying illustrations. They were selected because of their sortal kty as I historias gifts and because they are small and relatively simple. In making them, the following outline of the processes will be of assistance to the mexperienced wood-turner:

Flower Molder. Step F-Base. Stock 14gm, thick and 32gm in diameter. Turn on a screw chuck. Work the bottom side.

to correct form. Rechack and turn face. Step II—Shaft Bore hole for test tabe, plug hole and turn around that hole. Fit the shaft dowel into the base. Step HI Stam and polish in the lathe.

Teapot stands.

Step I—Turn the bottom to shape and rechuck. This operation may be mouted, if desired to samplify the turning Step II Turn the face side. Step III Stain and polish in the lathe. Step IV Fasten an etched copper or German silver top to the stand.

Preture frame moldings. Step I Turn the face side or prolding design, Step II Stain and polish in the lathe, Step III—Rechuck and turn the relate for the picture and

glass. Five designs are given below. Lady's scriting act. Look around the

house for a small ink bottle about the sacindicated on the drawing Step I How part. Turn out the inside of the box t. 51

the bottle. Step II - Rechnek and turn the outside. Step III Cover Turn the inside of the cover to fit over the neck of the buttle. Step IV-Rechark and furn the outside of the cover to design Stain and posish in the lathe. Step V - Make the base and serew mato the box part from the bottom.

Undoir scatch case Purchase the watch first, a cheap one with radialite face will be satisfactory. Step I. Turn

the face portion first, recharking and turning the back to fit the watch. Step II—Turn the back portion, fitting it to the face portion.

Serving act. Step I—Base: Turn the bottom ade. Rechuck and turn the face side to design. Step III—Turn the disk on both sides. Step III—Turn the cushion holder. Step IV. Turn the shaft re-

tween centers. Step V-Ween gloing the parts topotter do not fasten the

disk, it should be free to revolve. Cement the brase dowels in place.

For the beginner, a few general
hants may be
beloful. Before
starting the lathe,
see that ad adjustmentage fastenest.
Start all work on
slow speed Long,
sender work that
has been rechacked and large,
beavy pieces must
always be turned

slowly. Do not remove the work from the lathe w thout mark og the center and the end of the wood so that both may be

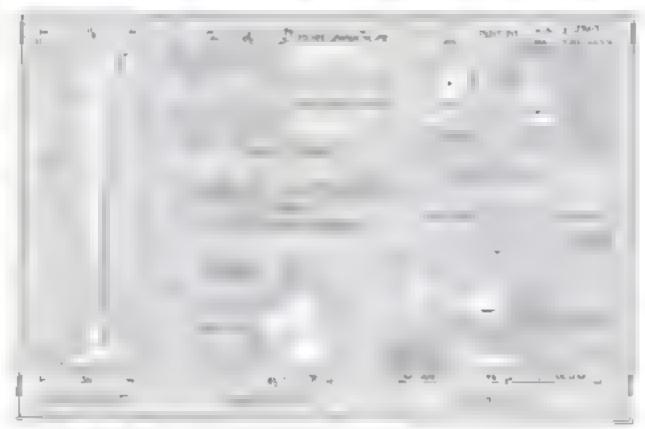
> returned to the same place at a future time. This keeps your work oncenter,

Never feel the article you are turning while it is spining while it is spining around or you may be injured. Stain must not be applied while the wood is revolving, because of the centrifugal force.

For detailed instructions on how to perform the fundamental wood-turning operations, see the series of graceles on wood-turning by Herman Hjorth which appeared in the March, May, June, July, August, September and October, 1928, maues.



As a gift for any woman, what rould be more appropriate than this graceful sewing set?



Mr. Klenbe's long experience in word turning guarantees the practicability of these designs. The dimensions have proved satisfactory, but they can be moduled by the individual worker.

C & L 158

This blow-torch is especially made and priced for the man who likes to do odd jobs around the house, or to tinker with mechanical things. It will lost a lifetime if it is not abused. The usual retail price is about five dollars. Most hardware, electrical and automobile accessory stores have it—or can get it for you quickly. Look for the red handle.

Whatever you need in a blow-torch you'll find in the Clayton & Lambert line

PERHAPS you use a blow-torch only once in a while. In that case you don't need a torch built for hard use on every kind of a job, every day and all day. And you don't need to pay the higher price, either. Not when you can buy the new Clayton & Lambert 158.

It's a low-priced blow-torch—just what you want -but we don't know where you can buy a better blow-torch at any price, outside of the Clayton & Lambert line. It's busky, with a strong, thick base that protects the tank. Everything in it is made to exacting precision standards, so that it works right -and keeps on working right as long as it is not abused. It holds its compression. And it gives you a hot flame in a jiffy.

On the other hand, if you do use a blow-torch in

your daily work, we believe you'll find the Clayton & Lambert 32 better suited to your needs. For in addition to the excellent qualities of the 158, it has the new, patented, Clayton & Lumbert gas

orifice. That orifice is made to the exact size for perfect operation. And it cannot be spread and enlarged by the needle-valve. Nor can it clog; every time you turn the torch off, the needle-valve cleans the orifice.

There are other refinements, too, which make a difference in performance and length of life. The difference is so notable that blow-torch users have made the Clayton & Lambert line the most popular in the world.

Hardware, electrical and supply houses sell these Clayton & Lambert blow-torches-or if they don't have them a stock will get them for you quickly. You can tell them quickly because they've got red handles.



CLAYTON

LAMBERT

MANUFACTURING CO.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN



C & L 32

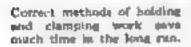
This is one of the most popular blom-torckes we have ever made. It is more expensive than the 158 becouse it is made for much harder sie. It is designed for the man who ares a blaw-torch in his daily bustwess and demands not only excellent performance but rugged ability to stand rough hondling. 32 contains the most advanced, patented C & L blaw-turch improvements. It also has a red headle



Clamps for Speedy Work

How to Make and Use Them for Fastening Parts to Lathe Faceplates and to Machine-Tool Tables

By HENRY SIMON



ARGELY, no doubt, because of the many "high-brow" production problems which constantly call for attention. some of the everyday shop tasks, such as holding and clamping work on machines, are not receiving the care that they deserve. And since these small details enter into our daily work at every turn, we pay for this neglect by a contains tax in the shape of trouble, holdups, loss of time, вписуансе, анкі spoiled work.

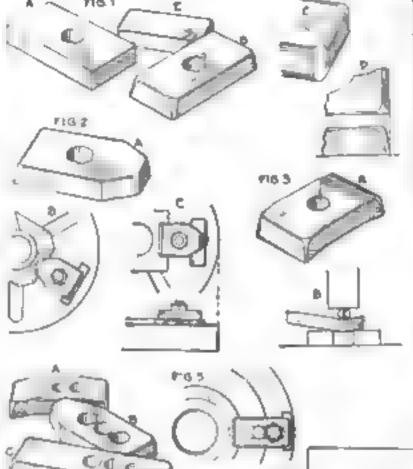
It is the purpose of the present article and several following articles to deal with some of these ever-recurring problems and to point out how, with a little forethought Jampan-stage enter [xia time, we can effect im-

provements in our practice of holding work that will sum up to an autonishing

lots, in the end.

Since holding work on machines is to a large extent a matter of clamps, let us start by giving that box of miscellaneous champing equipment under the workbench the "once-over." There are, no doubt, many shapes and sizes in there, which is exactly as it should be. Some among these clamps probably are standard products of some machine-tool equipment manufacturer. But the greater number, perhaps, are homemade, and most of these are very likely plant straps made from different pixes and shapes of coldrolled steel.

A homemade strap should resemble the amnufactured product in at least one thing—the absence of all sharp edges and corners, especially on the "air" side. Are yours that way? Or do you remember entting and bruising yourself, not once but repeatedly, on a corner such as those at A in Fig. 1, because it seemed too much trouble to remove them at the time you sawed the piece off the bar, while the



Even such a semple thing on a classe strap can be made in some ways better than others,

work was waiting for you to go shead? It will pay to go over all the strap clamps in spare moments, and round the corners and edges as at B.

To round them is easy enough, although a little forethought should be used. Do not round the edges beavily on both faces all over as at C, because this detracts from the ability of the steap to take hold. It will be fine to have them that way on the upper side, though it suffices to bevel or round the edges only enough to make the classic constructable to

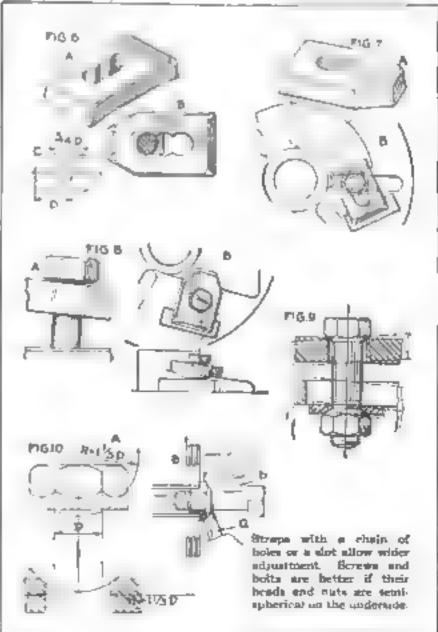
The lower edges—at least those of the ends -should only be well



"broken," because it is sometimes neceseary to take hold of a part by a close margen. A good and quick way in that shown in detail at D, which gives practically every advantage without decreasing the efficiency of the clamp. Note that the end faces are slightly heveled back for better clearance on abouldered work. The edges also should be at least broken and the corners knocked off any blocking used under the straps, as at E

There will always be cases where clamps with specially formed ends most be used If a good supply of different shapes and stars are on hand, the need for such special parts can be largely avoided.

A good way to resider strap clamps more versat le is to make one end with a blant point, as at A, of antioxed on page 86).



The 100 inch Hooker Telescope at Mr. Buson Observation which has increased the known universe by half a hillion stars. The morable parts weigh 199 tons but can be regulated dura to a minute fraction of an inch.

The telegrape to a available of supreme accuracy it in turn is dependent upon a perfect on of mechanisal scockmanishin in which Starrett Tools play a



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ATHOL, MASS., U. S. A.

How to Make Clamps for Speedy Work

(Continued from page 84)

Fig. 2. Made in this way, the strap can be used either as at B, where projections on the work require a narrower point, or with the broad end for holding as at C, where it is desired to obtain a wide bearing in order to hold down thin work It will in fact, pay to shape most flat

clamps that way

Bought clamps invariably have low "feet at the ends to insure obtaining a purchase with the ends only. A similar effect can be easily produced in a flat steel strap by kinking it under a screw press as shown in Fig. S at A and B. Steap clanips so treated are less trouble to adjust than a flat claup, which must be blocked up very nearly level to hold well.

Strap claimps, whether bought or home inade, usually have only one round hole for the screw or bolt, unless assecond hate has been made elsewhere by way of afterthought. For many purposes this mushicient, but it is by no meaus an ideal construction. Almost any clamp can stand at least another hole, as at A, Fig. 4; and three holes in line, as at B and C. will be better for long ones, especially a) nee they exampl weaken the clamp to any appreciable extent. The extra holes will often allow a clamp to be used immediately in a place where there would otherwise be trouble or delay. In Fig. 5, for instance, if the strap only had one hule in the center, the end of the slot in the faceplate would not allow it to be used at all.

N PLACING the holes it pays to use some thought. Nothing a gained, for example, by having two holes the same distance away from the ends of a

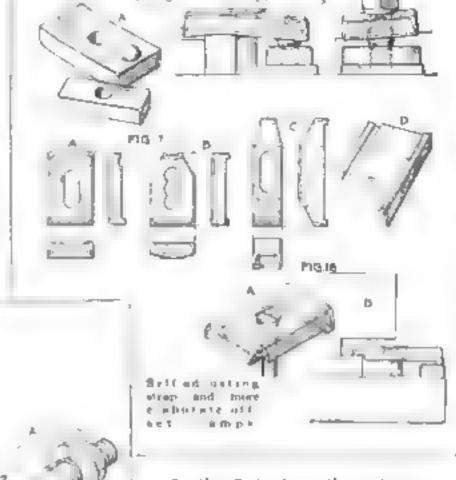
strap like that shown at A in Fig. 4. In- tageous when it is necessary to use the stead, one bole should be about center. strap crosswise of the slot on the faceplate and the other offset, as indicated. Ne ther is it necessary to have offset holes on both sides unless the two ends of the clamp are

different, as at B.

An excellent plan for shorter straps is to have a chain of holes, similar to Fig. 6 at A and B. With the strap so made, the location of the bolt can be changed by small amounts and yet the clamp posilively maintained. Since all the strength and every other advantage is retained. there is no reason why a good many of the short clamps should not be fixed this way

Such a chain of boles can be made in various ways. One way is to drill a small hole exactly centered between the end holes, and then to enlarge st. to size with a sharp and well-ground drill, using a slow feed. The proper relation between the disincter of the bolt, hole dumeter, and center dutances is shown at C.

It will pay, however, to have also some clamps with a slot instead of the chain of holes, as in Fig. 7 at A. The slot is particularly advan-



Ways to hold a clamp when loosened, qual-backing bolt and a adapt C clamps

> or machine table, as at B, since the ideal adjustment relative to the work can be obtained in the quickest way and without the time-robbing operation of changing the boit from one hose to another

Before proceed ng further with the design of claraps, let us turn our aftention to the matter of the screws or builts commonly used with clamps of every description Here, indeed, there is some room for improvement, and the wonder of it is that mechanics quite generally will get along with things they would condemn as inefficient, were they regular parts of a nanchane.

In the first place, the ordinary cap screws commonly used are made to act on parallel surfaces, but in actual holding practice, the surfaces are often far from parallel, and the condition seen at A, Fig. 8. is common. Nor can it always be conveniently avoided by a more careful choice of the blocking, as will be seen from H, where slanting surfaces on the part would require undestrable alumining under the end of the strap, unless the strap were ground to a special shape.

WITH only a trivial amount of work, the heads and nuts of cap screws can be given a ball-shaped surface on the under side which, as seen from Fig. 9, allows them a correct bearing in any position. It will be noted that the semispherical area here bears on the edge of the hole in the washer or strap instead of on the face. It is a good plan first to force into the hole in the washer or strap a ball of about the same runius as that used for the serew head and nut, in order to form a narrow bearing surface of the proper shape. Figure 10 at A shows a good way of dimensioning the several parts in order to obtain the best effect. It will be seen that the diameter of the hole through the washer or strap is what it should properly be anyway for the sake of clearance.

M/B. Fig. 10. is shown an easy way of forming the seonspherical surface on the bolthead and nut. Very little work is needed to grand the bit a to the approximate radius, and it is as easy to scratch a diagram of the head and stem, with the radius, on a piece of spring bronse and cut it out to make the gage b. It need hardly he said that screws and nuts such as these should be easebardened -something which should, indeed, be done with almost any screw or nut that (6 antioned on page 133)



Micrometer No. 11, illustrated above, is designed to have increased measuring capacity. The new shape of the frame at the anvil and spindle ends allows measurements not possible with ordinary micrometers.

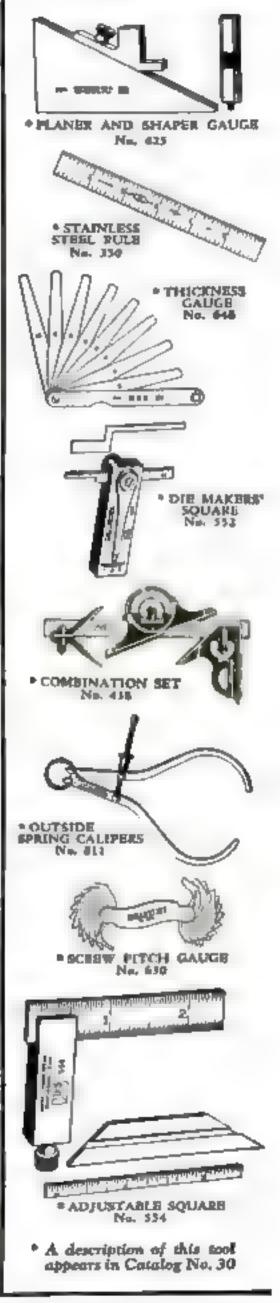
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plated, (tarnish proof), heads buffed bright. If your dealer

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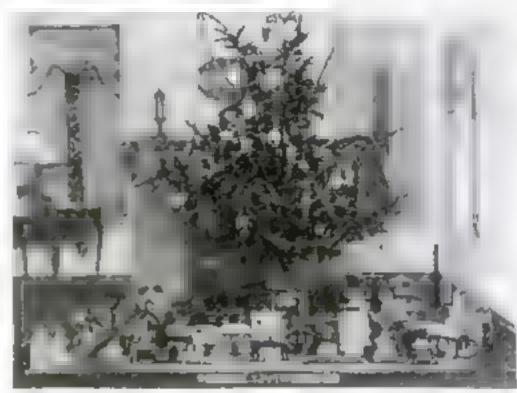


Fig. 1. Toy town, made largely of tin cans. which contains houses, power house, factory, farm, and trolley line.

Craft Work for Christmas

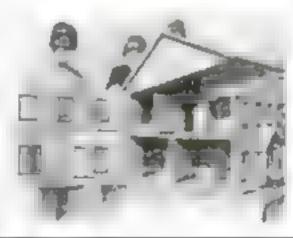
Tin Can Toys - Doll's House - Santa Claus Novelties — Archery Game — Other Projects

Y UTILIZING a variety of old tip cuts, any handy man can make durable Christmas toys at bext to no expense.

An example of what can be accomplished in shown in Fig. 1. This is a tm an toy town built by Jack M. Deckard. of Massillon, Ohio, Bean, soup, and tomato cans form the twenty-five houses, which, bowever, have real glass in the wondows and are individually lighted There is a power house and an electrically operated pump for carendating water through the village. Even the base, which is 7 ft. 9 in, wide and 8 ft long and is in five sections, was formed by soldering together tin cans. A Toonerville trolley runs through the little town, past the factory district, and out to a minusture model farm on the outskirts

Estward That chee, who is a regular contributor to the Home Workshop Departojent, is the leading authority on the use of old cans and has written a book, "Making Tin Can Toys," which should be in the library of all amateur craftsmen interested in this work

AS A gift for a little garl, a doll a A house has the great advantage



that she can amuse herself endlessly by formshing the rooms and playing the part of housekeeper.

Good doll's houses are expensive, but one can be built at reasonable cost by following the Popular Science Monthly Blueprint No. 78, which gives complete details of the house itself, and Blueprist No. 73, which contains full size drawings of the furniture over page 102). These blueprints were used by Gus C. Lordier, of St. Joseph, JH, so building the house shown in Figs, 2 and 3 for his 13 yearold daught w

He used bein, fir veneer for the walls and partitions and glass for the windows, with posteboard glued on to represent the divisions. The color is gray termined with green. The joints between the red chimney bricks were sowed into the wood and painted to represent black morter. The front and side steps are painted red and striped with black to represent red tiles. The stars and inside trim are mahogany.

The ship model standing beside the house in Fig. 3 is Continued on page 80,



Fig. 2 (at left) and Fig. 3 (above) abow a doll's home built from Partitan Science Monthly Blueprint No. 73, and a Spanish galleat ship model constructed from our Educations Nos. 46 and 47.



Hello boys! A.C.GILBERT'S SPORTS BOOK

Tells all about the 1928



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Beave soud steel track bods 14% inches long. Complete unit harmane fracure In No 71, Set and up

3's such some steel cask wheels. Has son thest. Exclusive feature. Big Grant Channel Girders, biraght and curved. Exclusive realists in No. 77 and up.

Standard holes for model Large sub I steel model building tray holding Exemuve patented feature. Many other exclusive and patented features.

1928 FEATURES SENSATIONAL NEW

Multi-unit control. Gives readom. Insures agreemful operation.

Famous 110-volt Universal Motor

Patented machine frame foundation. Evelugive Exector Control part Adaptat in makes possible general much piery near it

4 - New Count Channel Camler S raight and curven patentest forestor channel genies embedying all its features

5 Diplex Base Plate. Double standard hours possible to use axion of two same and increase adjustment adaptabalts. Exclusive patented

Cone Pulley Relical Geat Came Back etc

4. C. fullbert's Radio Sports Talks Car on orac tag radio Deniere I in Minday matt. At 8 In Law in

Time a 10 fentra. Time Thek no narea concorn WE SE Same Forth We listed the Way ington to all Britain Will be shough W W Consist With Midwards N to be or Wille to an either eth R HI has KERN KYR I SAN I SAN

and all expression in enters Red

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Besse werm drive

with P50G 110 Yel: Meter.



Boyl It's the rea thing and there's a thrill packed in every one of its many parts. Boys, this is one great outlit, and there are leasns of real sport wait og for vou, budding automotive modess. From this great assortment of disunctive, important, patented feature Erector Parts, you ean tan d 740 madels. Automobile clianar, tractors, scottcos, service care, free engine, one a book and ladger are on a a very few. Packed in a lag red brass-hound etest, has hig soud steel 1434 inch truck body, festaring famous combined too soled steel model bunding tray, 100 page man-ual, powerful electric motor, completely assentialed gear box, big red steel disk wheels with oversize balloon tares, fenders recentor bood burnper springs, steering wheek, heavy truck axles, cab top hoder, dagger eccop-in fact, 25 pounds of eccentable thrills

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Here's the set I knew will

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Name City Senter



Craft Work for Christmas

(Continued from page 88)

s Spanish Galleon made with the sud of our Blueprints Nos. 46 and 47.

FOR Santa Claus decorations on his Christmas tree, A. H. Serven, of Dallas, Texas, makes accen dwarfs, as shown in the decorative drawings below He developed these after having constructed most of the so-called "comiculis" described by F Clarke Hughes in past issues of Popular Science Montaly



An accorn which has a small or deformed acorn attached to the "saucer" is the best to use. Holes are made with an awl to represent the eyes and mouth, and a bit of bark is whittled for a nose and attached with glue. A few strands of cotton are twisted to form the mustache. Glue is ameured over all the action except the "face," and cotton is dabbed on to represent hair and beard. Evelyows may he made with cotton or put on with white ink. By whitting a body of soft pine, a more elaborate dwarf may be created. l'seces of autumn leaves are glued to the body for clothes and shoes, and two small twigs form the arms.

acts, including ship and strplinte models.

HERE'S a way to enjoy archery indoors. If you have a circle of friends in for the evening, there's bound to be keen competition and riotous laughter. Regular archery contest rules govern the game.

To make the how or bows-you will

need three or four if you wish to have a party—obtain a number of turkey wing feathers. They are all the bet-

ter if from a bird folled fast year. Dealers in archery supplies and feather dealers always carry turkey wing posities.

Cut the end of one quall just above the tip and, covering the tip of another with give, force it into the cut quall to make a bow as shown in Fig. 4. A bit of adhesive or electrician's tape wound about the joint and covered with velvet or felt forms the handle.

Arraws, of which you will need three for each bow, are made from turkey tail feathers. True off all the vanes, except those needed for feathering, and noteh the small end slightly. Straighten the quilts by unnersing in hot water for an hour or two. Out back the tips of the quilts slightly and insert a needle-pointed shingle unit, embedded in scaling wax. The arrows will fly thirty or forty feet with speed and accuracy.

Still better arrows may be made from pieces split from long joints of an ordinary case fish pole. In making the shafts round with kinfe and sandpaper, be careful to retain a portion of the hard outer layer of the case. A few cuts of the knife serve to point these, for the case is hard. They must be fletched (feathered) with

bits of feather glued on,

The target may be made from unbleached mushin, marked as indicated with stenering colors. If only one thickness of cloth is used, arrows will cometimes pass through; consequently it is better to make the target double, padding it with an inch or so of cotton batting. An iron barrel hoop or stiff piece of wire helps to hold the target in shape and permits standing it in a corner, on an armchair, or against the wall. If the target is larger than 18 in, in diameter, it will be more lakely to catch wild shots, which otherwise might damage walls or furniture. This can be avoided, however, by hanging a folded blanket back of the target,-J. V. HARRARD.

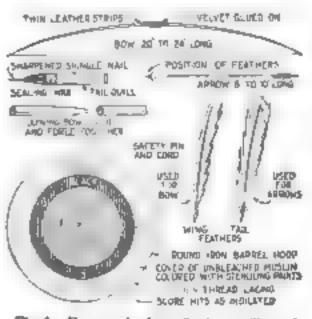
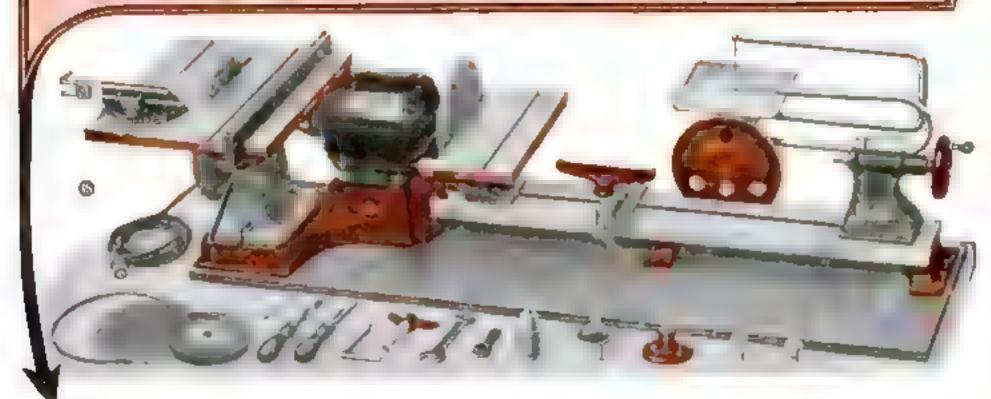


Fig. 4. How made from feather quills and arrows and target for use in indoor archery.

December, 1936

New Big Exclusive Features in the 1929 Model



New Features of 1929 Model

found exclusively in the "Delta" Handl-Shop, in addition to the many retuler exclusive advantages, make this shop one of the finest values in the workshop field. A few of the new improvements are

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With this convenient, practical workshop. It is so eary and so quick! Save money on repair work. Earn money in your spare time Complete instructions furnished. With such thandi-Shop is included, \$1 no extra cost, complete set of working draw aga, Below are a few of the hundreds of articles you can make in a jiffy with a Handi-Shop.

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Scores of Exclusive Advantages in this Big Husky Home Workshop

The DELTA Handi-Shop is a man-sized, motorized workshop, complete, efficient and PRACTICAL IN DESIGN! Does everything from building full-sized furniture, turning table legs, to finishing delicate detail work. Study the illustrations carefully Note the two-shaft motor that permits two or three operations at one time—the beavy Triple Foundation L-Shaped Lathe Bod (no rods)—the provinced arrangement of the Circular Saw that permits the cutting of large lumber without interference—the improved Tilting Tables on the Circular Saw, Sanding Disc, and Jig Saw, with many exclusive features. Has automatically oiled bronze bearings and is completely essembled on heavy veneered wood base

This combination of advantages, plus many more, 15 FOUND EXCLUSIVELY in the DELTA HANDI-SHOP! No wonder even last year's Handi-Shop was an outstanding value. And now, with the many additional exclusive features of the new 1929 model, this shop is in a class by strell - above all comparison - at a new price that is surprisingly low?

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Easy Terms

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grammed full of practical shformation on how to conphysical industrial wholstoner with pay where may it that the place dependingly little and tooks the grant of the condiper on interpretation in this bank march and 10c. which merely correct tool of interpretation. See guttpun below Ocpt. 1 120

DELTA SPECIALTY CO. Popt #

(Chrely material destrud) The ser send, without chalgation, FREE Mostrated the start of the challeng new 1920 Node and a Hamiltonian Alexandral default of 10 Day Trial Offer and Easy Processor, March 1988

Please send ma capy of "How to Make Things with a Workshop," I enclose 10c to cover cost of nathing,

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This seal on an advertisement in POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY significs the approval of the INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS. See page 5.

CUTTING OUT

OPENINGS



Why-

is there a need to choose tools carefully? The finish and polish on many kinds of tools may be the same. But you need to go further when you select a tool that you expect to last a lifetime. Keep in mind the exact balance, fine quality, and guaranteed material built into every Pexto Tool.

A few of the popular items in the Pexto line are Braces, Bits, Chisels, Hatchets, Phers, Pruning Shears, Screw Drivers, Snips, Squares, Wrenches, Hammers and other small tools.

Send for booklet, "S"

THE PECK, STOW & WILCOX CO., Southington Connecticut

Stenciling Christmas Cards

(Continued from page of)

of a suce and shape that will allow the edges to be subjusted so as to reguter the different parts in their proper places, much the same way as the printer triakes use of his color plates in penting an illus-

Viter the design to be used in carefully planned. count how many different parts or colors there must be. Refer to the illustration at the right, and you will see the idea at a glance. In the case of the Christmas card with the tree and candies, there will be five different stepcils; one for the background, one for the border, one for the tree trunk and the red candle flames, one for the foliage, and one for the white candles and the gold have and star.

It will be noticed that there are two colour on both the sheet marked D-G and that marked F.E. Two colors always can se used in this way if they are for enough sport to prevent any overlappeng of the brush strokes.

When the number of stencils has been figured out, the blank stencils abould be prepared as shown, lise a medium weight parchinent or druftsman's tracing paper mounted on the frames of brustol board or cardioard. The frames should be the same size as the finished card, and all of them exactly the same use. They are to strengthen the tian paper.

After the frames are made and the blank steneds are mounted, they may be laid directly over the face of the drawing or design and each part traced with a lead peneil. He careful that they collectively register in their correct position in relation to the others of the set.

When the different parts are traced, the stencils may be cut out very easily by laying the paper on a slab of heavy glass and drawing the blade of a small, sharp penkade along the lines. A practical knife for this small stencil cutting may be made by driving a small piece

HEAVY TRACING OPENING SIZE OF FIN SHED PAPER GLUTP FDGF 5 FRAMES MADE OF BRISTOL BOARD DARK BORDER GREEN TREE CANDLES AND GOLD BASE

How the block stancils are made by mounting heavy tracing paper on cardboard frames, a set of stancils and a stancil knife.

SMALL STENC LIKH FE MADE FROM OLD PENHOLDER WITH KNIFE BLADE DRIVEN IN

of razor biade or thin steel into an old wooden pruholder. The cutting of the lines must be clean and smooth.

The stencils, after being out out, should be sheliseked with a brush or spray to make both sides waterproof, after which they should be given a trul on a place of smooth paper to see that all of the parts register correctly. The sheets are now ready to use in making from one to a hundred impressions on at many finished

For the paper or card stock, correspondence made with paneled centers and gold edges are excellent; when they have the envelopes to match, the effect is all that can be desired. If a folder is preferred, tinted stationery with rough edges may be stenced attractively.

The actual stenening should be done with opaque water colors, preferably the ordinary show card colors. The colors should be rather (Continued on page 1 14)



After the designs are traced on them, the stencile are cut with a very less blade.



The stearting is done with show card colors applied with a brittle brush held vertically



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Put It Together With Screws

Novel Cigarette Holder Shaped Like Elephant

SHAPED like an elephant, the attractive I tile eignrette holder illustrated forms an ornamental addition to any smoking table. It can be constructed very easily from

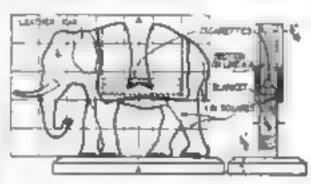


Riephant carrying a load of garcties.

stock by or by in thick and two pieces from a cigar box or other thin wood

On one of the thicker pieces, 5 by 7 m_o, draw 1 an arguines and copy the figure of the elephant. Cut this out with a coping saw removing the part in the back marked with heavy dotted lines. Add the sidepieces (blanket) and mount the elephant on a base 22, by 6 m.

Paint the base green, the elephant gray, and the blanket red, preferably with brushing facquer. Add the markings in red, and apply cars cut from a piece of thin leather.—Kennera R. Lavor.



For to lay out the elephant's body, the pieces forming the blanket, and the base

Keeping a Storm Door Shut

O MANY storm doors the catch does not engage the latch strike plate if, because of a high wind or for other reasons, the door is not shirt hard by its spring. The result is that the door remains open part of the time. A method



An extra opening in made un the strike plate. of getting around this difficulty is to drill and file another opening in the outstanding section of the strike plate, as illustrated. Then if the catch does not make connection with the original opening it at least will hold in the new aperture.

—R. P. Lixcolar

Putty for Hardwood

A DI RABLE putty for nail holes and cracks in bardwood which is to be variished can be made by mixing a little dry white lead powder with high-grade huseed oil and whiting putty and adding a very small amount of japan direct to make a still paste. This can be tinted with burnt seems to match mahogany, Vandyke brown to give walnut stiades, and raw siems for oak and other light woods. Either colors ground in oil or dry colors may be used for tinting the putty.

A pound of cheer to start the year.



With the Yule log burning brightly and a pound canister beside him of the mildest, most fragrant pipe mixture that ever came out of the South—what more could a man ask? Give him the pound can of Sir Walter Raleigh Smoking Tobacco for Christmas. It's protected made by heavy gold toil and the canister comes in a handsome Christmas carton.

Brown & Williamon Tohacco Corporation, Winston-Salem and Louwville



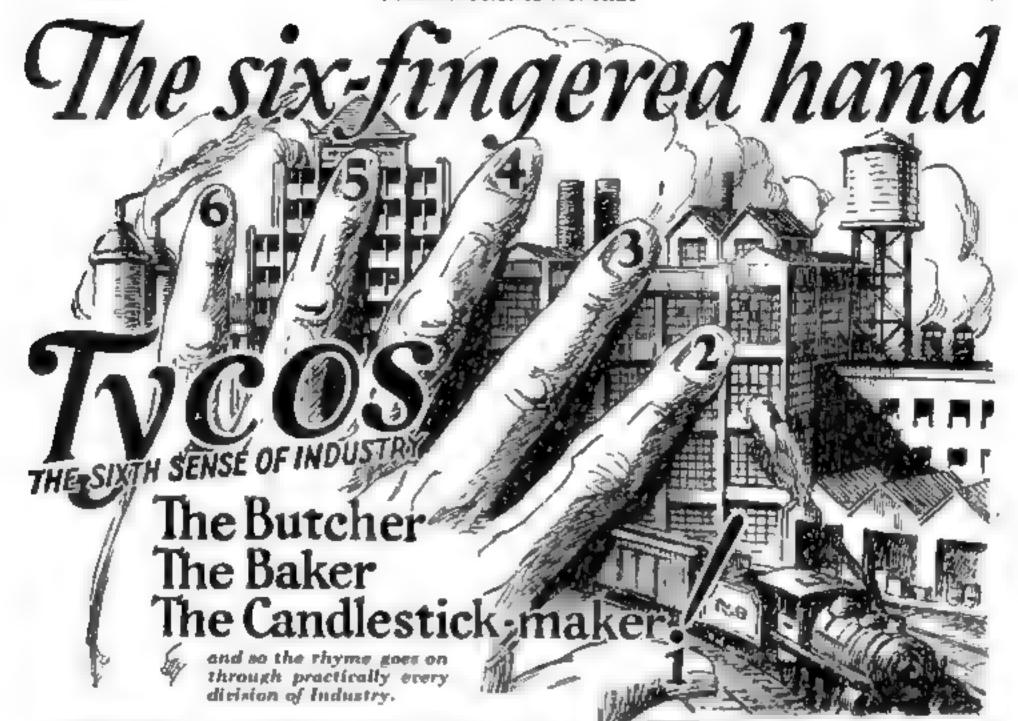
SIR WALTER RALEIGH

Who discovered how good a pipe can be

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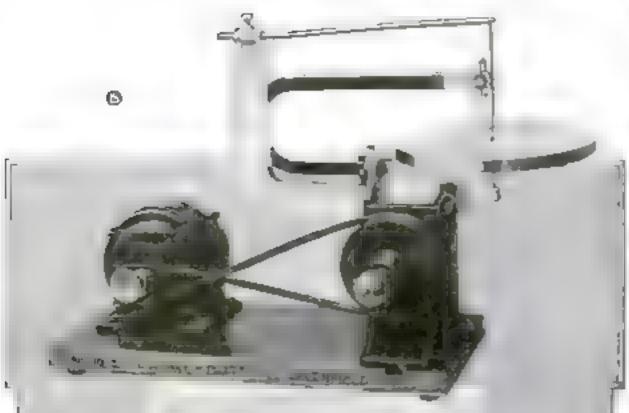
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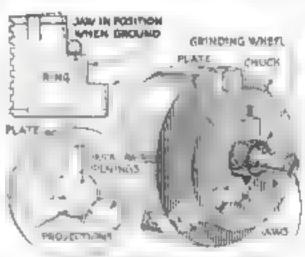
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Special Plate Used for **Grinding Chuck Jaws**

NIVERSAL chuck jaws are frequently ground on the inside while they are expansed into a ring, which serves to keep them rigid. This method is about the samplest, yet it violates all peinciples of accurate work.

In order for the jaws to hold work accurately, they must be ground in the same position as if they were in the This means that when they are ground. they should be closed in on something, rather than opened out rate a ring. There



INTERNAL OFFICING SPINGLE

Plate method of grinding chuck jawe, why the common ring method is not so good.

is always play of some sort in the scroll, and the wear may not be everywhere undorm. Therefore, if the jaws are ground while expanded into the rang, they will not be true when they are clamped on a piece of work. How they are apt to be deflected in shown by the dotted lines in the dagram in the upper left-hand corner of the illustration.

The other views of the illustration show the application of a plate made of 16-in. steel for holding the jaws white they are being ground. This plate has three slots will projections at the inner ends on which the jaws exert a slight pressurejust enough to take up all the slack. The jaws are held in the same relation to the chuck body as when they are later used to clamp work.—Prank L. Young.

How to Magnetize a Drill

ARILLINGS can be prevented from I falling maide a manifold if a magperised drill is used for making whatever holes are necessary. Any drill can be magnetized in the following manner:

Make a spool of brass or fiber tubing 3 in. long, with an opening through the core to allow the drill to fit loosely. Wind five layers of No. 18 insulated copper wire on the spool, place the drill in the central bole, and connect the terminals of a storage battery to the ends of the wire. Pull the drill part way out of the core while the current is flowing and tap it lightly with a small hammer. It takes only a few seconds to magnetize the drill.

Drill slowly as the point breaks through so as to give the magnetized drill more chance to collect particles of iron. It is also a good idea to remove the drill from time to time and brush off the drillings.

A drill once magnetized remains so permanently. Walter I. McMuller









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... can be made an Electric A.C. Set without changes in wiring or even the cost of new tubes



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Santa Claus Figure Rings a Bell on Christmas Tree

By CARL G. ERICH

SMALL figure A of Santa Claus stands beneath our Christmas tree and. by pulling a cord, rings a tiny bell in the bought above him. His motions are apunted and lifelke What inspires the little old fellow s activity is a continuaation of the string, which runs unnotired along the floor to the real bedranger, who pulls it at will

I sawed the figure



Bell-ringing Suct A Caus up position beneath the tree,

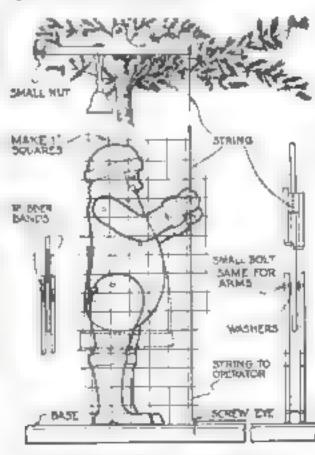
from three-ply veneer. I set one leg a tritle ahead of the other and one arm a little lower than the other, using small holts as pivots, and piaced three small women plags on each side for stops. Two small stout rubber trands were fastened to small wire brade in the rear of each leg and on the back of the hody. The rubber builds pull banta upright after be bends.

A small block was naded between his hands and a hole drilled through I to let a thin string through. The string, which was playing into the block, runs down to a small screw eye in the base.

I used red felt for Santa's trousers, coat, and cap, and trummed them with white felt. Cotton served for his whiskers. A block was firstened between the feet

A block was fastened between the feet and then nailed down on a solid, heavy base

The bell was mounted on a strip of wood and the wood in turn fastened loosely to the tree as shown.



Bide and front views of the figure, and dutail showing how the bell is fastened above,



CTANDING guard at the door of tone, Thordarson audio and power transformers do their part in making real musical instruments of hundreds of thousands of radio receivers annually.

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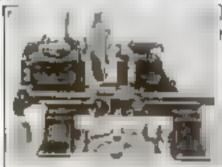
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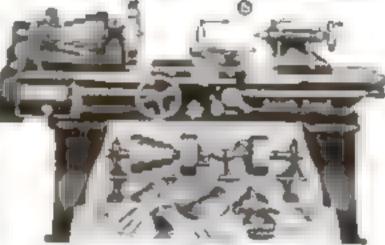
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By HI SIBLEY



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THIS effective fire screen will appeal to those who prefer susplicity to ornatepeas. In fact, one doesn't remain there is a screen in front of the free at all yet it completely covers the fireplace opening

The construction regiones only an haur or two, and the original screen cost the writer exactly bity-eight cents for ma-

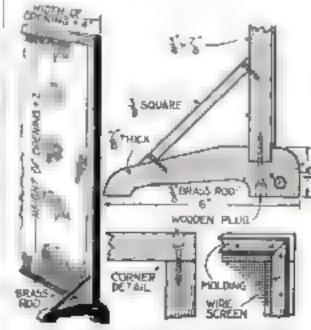
ternis

Select your wood with a view to its beautif d grum. He sure that all ends are absolutely square otherwise your screen will not stand flat against the firepages. Draw the screws up t ght, sandpaper and apply an oil stars, win ng it smooth with a cloth. The stain should be darker than the fireplace opening.

When dry, attach the screening in the usual manner and bind it with half-round mol ang as on a window screen. You will find ordinary galvariand window screen mg less compre ions than copper or black The lower edges should be hert around the brass rod and breed in place with

ware taken from the screen used Note that, unlike most commercial screens, this will not fold up macapectedly will not hip over and does not perm t sparks to fly over the top. It is designen to stand close to the freplace opening, but the wood frame is not exposed to the

direct beat



One end of the assembled acreen and details of the supports, corner joints, and molding.

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bought after 30 day home comparisons-are cutting through locals and getting coast to coast with the tone and power of costly erts, their delighted users report. Miracos are laboratory-built with finest parts, and embody 9 years' actual experience in constructing fine sets. Approved by Radio's highest authorities.

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A File for Every Purpose

At hardware and mill supply dealers'

cutting, durable tools.

NICHOLSON FILE CO.

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Blueprints for Your Home Workshop

OUR blueprints can be obtained for 25 cents a sheet. In some cases there are two or three sheets to one subject. The blu-prints are complete in themselves, but if you wish the corresponding back issue of the magazine in which the project was described in detail, it can be had for 45 cents additional so long as copies are available. Other subjects bemdes those below are to be had; send a stamped envelope for the complete lut.

Popular Science Monthly, 250 Fourth Avenue, New York

Rend me the blueprint, or blueprints, I have underlined below, for whice I include

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20¢ more

This to the Medium Size Encounty Layerbill "B" Barriery No. 485, 274, Inches thick, 43 volts, \$9.93.

If you use the medium size, you can buy the Eveready Medium Size "B" Battery No. 772, for \$2,75. It's a fine battery of its type-cylindrical cell. BUT. just add 20 cents to your costs you only price, and get the Everendy Loyerbilt Medium Size "B" Battery No. 485. Same outside size as the older buttery, but more active materials inside, and so you buy 25% longer life with your 20 extra cents. Another great battery hargam!

> Both these I veready Layerbilts are made of flat cells that fill all available space inside the battery case. I his construction avoids the useless waste spaces between the cells of the older, evlindrical cell type of battery, and climinates soldered connections between cells. The truly modern "B" battery is the Everendy Layerbilt. These two batteries, exclusive with Eveready, are langer lasting and more economical. Look for the name Layerbilt on the label.

> NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY, INC. New York San Francisco

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Never was so much extra service Radio Batteries bought for so Enysolds annotantian is a paperted Execute feature Only Everendy makes Lappebilt Stateries.

TUESDAY NIGHT IS EVEREADY BOUR NICHT

East of the Rockies, 9 P. M. Eastern Standard Time, through WEAF and areaciated N. B. C. stations. On the Pacific Coast, 5 P. M. Pacific Standard Time, through N. B. C. Pacific Coast network.

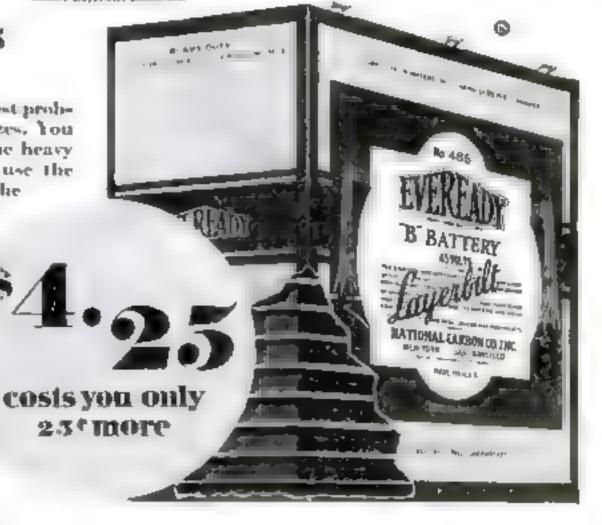
few extra cents

BATTERY

NATIONAL CARRON CO. DIC.

You are a "B" battery user. You are most probably interested in one of two popular sizes. You use, in the majority of cases, either the heavy duty size, or the medium size. If you use the heavy duty "B" batteries, which is the most economical thing to do, you can get the Heavy Duty Eveready No. 770, which contains cylindrical cells, for \$4.00. BUT for only 25 cents more you can have the famous Eveready Layerbilt No. 486, which is the same size, outside, but which contains more active materials, and lasts 30% longer. For your extra quarter you get from a quarter to nearly a third more service. Never before did 25 cents buy so much battery service !

This is the famous original Economy Lavorbilt "IT" Battery No. 48h. The longer lasting of all Economy s. 4 7/16 inches thick. 45 cotts, \$4.25.



SEE AND THE NEW EVEREADY SETS HEAR RADIO

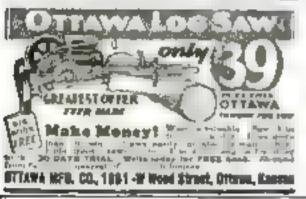


SIMONDS SAW AND STEEL COMPANY

"The Sage Makene"

Plochburg, Mass.

BRANCH OFFICES AND SERVICE SHOPS IN PRINCIPAL





A definite program for getting ahead financially will be found on page four of this leave

Workshops **Boice-Crane** Exima-Cramat operatal (see in worth to a first man than example in some metalling, from of the sale in the consect plan is reason to a proper sole in the control between the control betw Boice-Crane Workshops consist of individual machives as an own and are better fir your ship because each martine is always ready for use no a tachman a to charge. Each trachine a effected perspace powerf a and for expection in a small colors. Should not be only used with flatney a tachmar as William for health and be made a wider varies and pube. All machines was be used at 1996 tipe a thing interference. You are not always of a "one than short for all our 14 years experience as bench machine manufact come, these new W. B. & J. E. Belce Bust, F. S. 11-B, Tolodo, Chio AS [1] FETELTED Band New 2 Band New 2' University Hardway University Jan New Handi Joshior 4 Bose-Crane machines are the area cet Values we have ever offered at such low Pilithia.

Old Bill Says-

THE works in who spends the most time study ng his drawings generally turns out the best work in the shortest

It's no use! Some old-timers still insist on taking half an hour or more to ale an arbor to size, when it could be

ground in five munutes. Then it would at least be round!

A mixture of gasoline and vaseline is a good antirust conting for tools or polished metal maclune parts.

Worn centers on a lathe, milling machine, or grinder are always a source of trouble. Grind them once a week if necessary.



Old Bill, genel onchine thep foremen.

A machine shop is like a tador shop in one respect: there are always enough misfits.

We are living in an age of specialists. Pick out your bright spot, and keep on polishing.

The man who beasts he never "wings"—spoils—a job is right, He's generally out of a job.

It is advisable to soft-grind all cylindrical parts to be easehardened.

A good electric soldering from is a fine addition to any toolmaker's kit.

Before starting to mill a piece of east from it will help materially if you grind off the scale, even if you have to make use of a portable electric grinder to do it.

Vise Jaws Serve for Bending Small Duplicate Parts

BENDING operations can be done with a bench vine when only small lote are required and the expense of making dies is not warranted, or is small jobbing ships where better fact this are not available. Auxiliary vise jaws are made for bending the piece and are substituted for the regular vise jaws. They may be made of tool or machine steel, depending

man the character of the work.

Many intricate bends can be made in sheet metal. Holes can be punched where they are needed by adding punches to the dies. While this method is slow, it is economical in many cases when exact dupli-

cutes are required of pieces such as the one shown. - H. L. WHEELER.

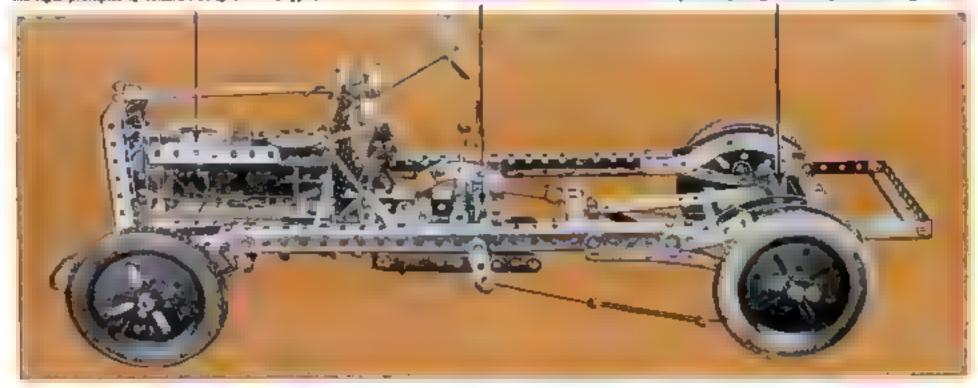


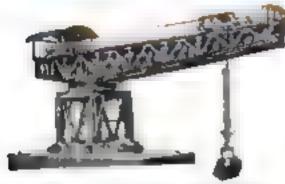
Auxiliary bending terms fitted to vise.

Ladiv 7 s al 'C ba C \$38.15. Observer longth latter \$13.50

from two Shapes attend with two 15 h proposition with pullege, and a 1400-10

The Recome potential innomicy electric tenter is a toturbable piece of merkenmolog because it embedies all the rigid principles of construction of standard types, This transmission gray assembly gives a splendid, clear idea you have these game made. Separal premiums misseable wheels as this Marries model in their clears. The differential gene is a decise which trements the power everly to she road wheels and at the same time compensates for difference in quant in turning currents.





GLANT BLOCK SETTING CRANE

In harbor construction work great stool cranes are med to place 200-ton concrete blocks in position on the see bod. All these operations are reproduced in miniature by this Meccano crans operated by the two-way electric motor.



686 Models and a Two-Way Electric Motor to Run Them for \$5.00

Shown above is the famous No. 1X Meccano putit which contains hundreds of precision parts; four big awivel base wheels, braced girders, plates, truncions and a complete book of instructions.

The magnificent 2X special Leader Set that all the boys are talking about builds 734 special models and has the exclusive Meccane reversing electric motor. It contains a set of four solid massive trend tires giving the last word in realism. This set costs \$10.00 and is packed in a fine wood cabinet.

Get Your Meccano Set Today and Join the Experts.

Makes MOST...BIGGEST... and BEST MODELS

Construction parts that satisfy the expert

neverhave approved the construction of the New Perth Amboy (New Jersey) projected suspension bridge if they had not been able to examine a scale replica of it made with Meccano. Meccano is the equipment

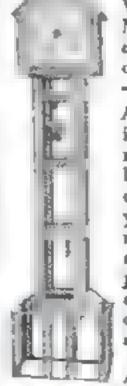
that graduate engineers and architects employ to make their scale models; it is the choice of the experts, and if you wish to build models for real fun, or for profit — as they do — you must join the experts.

Cast your expert eye over this automobile chassis shown above. Here are only a few of its specifications: geared transmission operating three speeds forward and reverse; positive differential gear; Ackerman improved steering; friction clutch; torque rods; foot brake on cardan shaft; internal expanding brakes; radiator fan; semi-elliptic laminated springs; disc wheels; Dunlop tires. Jumor engineers the world over prefer Meecano in the ratio of

one thousand to one. Meccano's popularity is no accident, but founded on solid worth. Make this test yourself. Compare Meccano's flat steel strips and girders with any others on the market. Note particularly the equidistant holes set one half inch

apart and micrometer tested to the 1/1000th part of an inch. Whether you purchase a small Meccano set for a dollar or a de luxe outfit for \$17.50 only one quality is used throughout—the best.

A new leaster containing detailed instructions how to make the motor cariffustrated above—easily moderatood diagrams and clear directions make it possible for you to build your own car from radiator to rear axle housing—as well as countless other models just as interesting, as free for the asking. Just drop a penny post-card with your own name and address to Meccano Co., Inc., Div. K., Elizabeth, N. J. In Canada: 45 Colborne St., Toronto.



Over 43,000 hours this famous clock made of Meccano parts has ticked away, varying not more than a few seconds a year. A booklet describing how any boy can build this clock will be sent free to all who write for it.



MECHANICS LOOK UP TO THE STAR



. they know these blades are better . . . cut faster with less breakage and last longer.

These blades are the mechanics' preference and the STAR on a hack saw blade is your assurance of a better blade , . , a blade that has won its merits by reliability and dependable performance.

Let us send you free samples.

Clemson Brothers, Inc. Middletown, N. Y.

MAKERS SINCE 1883

STAR HACK SAWS

Home Workshop Chemistry Simple Formulas that Will Save Tune and Money

HEMICALLY, soaps are the sodium, → potassium, or ammonium sults of the animal or vegetable fats. In the process of manufacture glycerus is given off, and the salt of the fatty acid is the soap.

The hard scape are made by adding a solution of lye (sodium hydroxide) to the melted fat. (The cans in which lye is sold in grucery stores usually carry directions for making soap.) The soft soap is obtained when potassium hydroxide in used in place of lye.

Soap has a number of uses in shop and laborators. In driving screws through wood, the serew will go in much faster and caser if first rubbed with a little moust soap, which acts as a lubricant. Then, too, the some rusts the acrew slightly. As the rust tends to enlarge the acrew, it makes it remain firmly fixed in the wood.

A good contact insecticade for destroying plant lier and scale insects may be



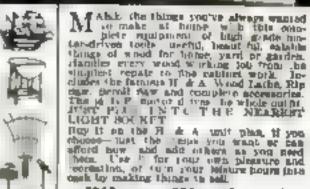
Printed matter may be transferred by treeting it with soop and pressing paper on it.

made by dissolving 2 or, of soap in a pint of water with the aid of heat. Then pour the solution into a large vessel or bottle and questly add one quart of kerosene to the still but soap. Shake or stir vigorously. until an emulsion is formed. This is the stock solution and must be diluted. For scale insects, I oz. is diluted with 9 oz. of water, for plant lice with 20 on, of water; and for other sup-sucking insects, with 15 or, of water, Spray sufficiently to cover the plant with a film of mossture, but not to form pools.

Soap may also be used to transfer printed matter to paper. Although the results are not perfect and the printed matter is reversed, foir results are possible. Moisten the paper and rub the pented matter thoroughly with a bar of soap. Moisten a clean sheet of paper and rub it strongly down upon the soaped paper with the back of a spoon. The unster surface should be hard, preferably a thick sheet of glass. E. Banc.

Casts made of plaster of Paris can be hardened by anaking them in a solution made by dissolving one part of alum in six parts of hot water. A very small east should be allowed to stay in the alum water for at least an hour and larger casts for several days or a week.





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An outfit to delight the heart of any man or her who leves good tools. All rome prince separa at 10 your own assertional. All remonably priced WHITE To-Day for descriptive literature and price.

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New hook-ups. This book shows how to make short wave receivers and short wave adapters. How to use the new serees and rube o D C. and A. C. circuits. How to build power amplifiers. ABC eliminators. Up to the minute information on all new radio developments. It's free, Bend for copy today

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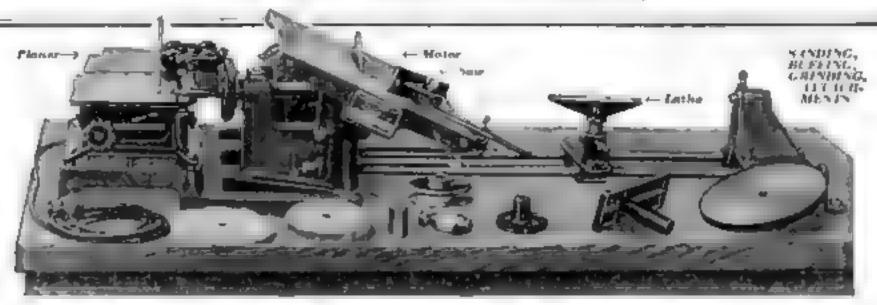
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COMPLETE OUTFIT INCLUDING PLANER, SAW, LATHE & ELECTRIC MOTOR AND MANY USEFUL ATTACHMENTS



FAST—ACCURATE—COMPLETE

Every kind of woodworking operation

This is a COMPLETE All-Electric Shop. It costs. a lot less than most other outfits-and for every dollar you pay, you're getting THE BIGGEST VALUE—you can't heat it, anywhere! You can prove every word of this by actually using the Workace Woodworker at home or in business. You it find it fast and accurate—you can perform

every hand of woodworking operation, make furinture or other useful and decorative things for your own home or for profit. Planing, sawing, turning, drilling, granding, sanding or buffing—it is all the same to the Workace Woodworker. You can save time on every operation, do the work better and cleaner, too!

Amazing low price

That's because all the modern up-to-date manufacturing facilities of the J. D. Wallace Company, suppliers of standard woodworking equipment for industrial and commercial uses. are utilized to produce the Workace Woodworker. Muterials and workingaship are 100% and the designing of the Worksee is strictly professional. Woodworking plants. pattern altops, curpenter and calanet shops all over the world use Valuee equipment. It's the kind of machinery you want-you can't afford to own any other

Become an expert woodworker

There is no end to the number of useful and decorative things you can make with the Workace. Takten, chairs footstook wreens, lamps, lattices, fences, calimets, doll houses, bookeases, chista you'll soon become an expert. Woodworking is the greatest hobby a man can have—hundreds turn at to profit too.

The Workace Woodworker has power, strength and capacity to handle quickly and economically any job you'll ever want to do . . . mitering, tapering, rabbeting, beveling, slotting, turning, crosscutting, ripping — anything.



Includes all this:

f' Planer 8" Carcular Saw

6' x 36' Lathe A' Disc Sander

6' Buffing Wheel 5' Emery Grinder 1, ' Orill Chuck

54 1L P. G. E. Motor, 110-Volt, A. C.,

60 cycle Endless V Belt. two 4' and one 214' V Belt Pul-Cast Sub Base and 10 ft Cable with separable Plug.

includes everything

Every unit works from the motor. The parts are sturdy and well-fashioned. The regular Wallace UNOUALIEJED GLABANTEE assures replacement of defective parts for one

EASY TERMS

Get the outfit right away

SEND TODAY

The terms are all to your favor. In fact, this whole advertisement. The merchandise offered and the easy method of purchaving is new and revolutionary.

A small down payment brings the complete Worksee All-Electric Woodworker ready to set up and use right away. The monthly payments are so small you'll correly miss them. Many pay for their Workace Shop out of profite from the work it does. So can you.

Get it-use it-you'll find the Workness Electric Woodworker the best investment you ever made. Send this coupon now todayand well see that you get full details and a complete description right away!

PORTABLE MACHINES

The Plener and Circular Sew ore such complete units and may be purchased separately at the currenpendingly for price of \$25.00 mach

J. D. Weilner & Co. Wilcox St. and California Charge, Himoia. That Workson Electric Worl I want to know Al.L. about riths e-may.	Acc., odwarlow care looks good to no. it, including your cosy terms,
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The latest in thing in Ship Models



Build This River Packet with Boucher Materials

There is none of the thrull of creation about making fittings that you get from shaping the hule, laying the deck and sening the ship take form. Boucher fittings are all beautifully made of the finest quality materials. The right kind of fittings add to the beauty of the ship. Our booklet SCALE MODELS shows all kinds of Ship Model Supplies difficult to make and accure elsewhere

For the "Buckeye State"

White Pine

2015 inches—34 inch thick

401) inches—34 inch thick

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We will send any or all of this material parcel post. You pay the postman the amount shown on the label and a few cents for postage. If you prefer, send you remittance with your order.

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Write us if you desire some particular kind and time of wood and we will be glad to quote you a price, ancut or cut to shape

Send for Booklet "Scale Models"

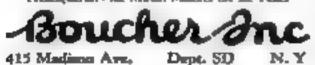
This bookles of the MODI 5—they y, pages of meta mofectivative for those disabets on and in the ordered court of grows, named as received, not then be and opiness comments used so boars. We admitted as the for the disability and pattering model shaps and a shape of other ideas you will



Gentlement—Enclosed in age for which please sending immediately year 34-page dimerand homises, SCALE MODELS.

Addren.

Headquarters for Model Makers for 22 Years



How to Build a Steamboat Model

(Funtamed from pop. 8.



ends of the cylinder tumbers and glued down

#miliships

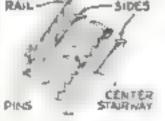
My original intention was to provide another room for the boilers, as shown at the right, but as this is too improbable and the bouers themselves are not much trouble to make, I discarded the inclined room and constructed them of wood, as illustrated in the photograph above and the drawing below

There were four boilers 41 in, in diameter by 26 ft, or \$\frac{1}{16}\$ by \$\frac{1}{16}\$ in at the scale we are using. These may be four sound sticks set into the fire how, but I made them in one piece with the fire how, as if they were closed beneath, thus having only to cut the top halves of them. The smoke chamber and uptake I made as a separate piece and gloed onto the fore end. It is a flat block widening out to the danieter of the funnels. Its top is the beginning of the funnels. The centers of the projections should be the same distance apart as the funnels above—about \$1^4\text{T}\$ in. The total height at this end must be the same as that of the engine room.

At 124 in forward of this I erected a crosshulkbend to come exactly to line with the cubin bouse above, and at about \$14 in about, another similar bulkbend. These are both

PAINTED BLACK

The boiler meets
bly above which
can be built up is
parts or made as
described in the



engine room.

Piecs CENTER denot at the left.

about 1/2 in thirle they are the width of the smoke box and of the same begin as the

accumpanying text.

How the store are

built is shown to

Between the boilers and the after bulkbend, I put two piles of logs for burning. These can be either piles of little twips or blocks of out wood cut and stained to look like these.

About this again I put a pile of casks, supposed to contain tobacco leaf they are about the m. m. diameter and the m. high, stained a very light brown. In this section I also put some smaller casks (containing beer or bear's grease, according to whether the boat is going north or wouth) and some little rectangular blocks of wood stained and painted variously to represent cases of baggage.

Before the fore bulkhead I placed a lot of initial of cotion. These are \(\frac{1}{2} \)-in, cubes of wood with the corners rounded, pastited burkap color, and with some very minute tufts of colline wood gloed here and there, where the burkap has burst.

With its fore edge 9 in, from the stem, there



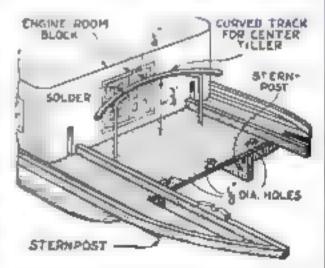
The general scheme of assembly is shown at a glance in this photograph, where the parts have been merely laid together in their remort positions. Captain McCann later substituted believe for the solid believ room,

should be a batch about \$1 in high and \$4 by \$150 , painted black, with another half that size about the engine room

There will be a ladder from this deck to the sext, amid-dapt, just forward of the engine room. It will go up to the level of the next deck and there he cut off horizontally.

The ladders for our host one be made more randy than toose for deep sea at pa because the steps will not be open at the lack. Make a stop of wood such as gum or how, by m, theck by by 11 m, fix all the ladders. Now cut a piece of this cardboard for the angle at which and the lablers are to stand, that is, about 40° from the perpendicular. With this as a guide, cut off a piece to rest on the deck and in this case to such up to the next, but in all the other cases to extend just through them. At bean intervals file or cut notches at right angles to represent the steps. Now make another stop, a scant by by a full by la. Give pieces of this on either side, fluid underposition.

For wooden handrails cut strips about 1 in in. square. Bore fine (Continued on space 100)



How to make the track for the center rudder tiller and the holes for the rudder posts,

Steamboat Model

(Consumed from page 108)

holes through them and also through the vertical sidepieces, and through both run 15 m. pins cut to the right length for the halusters. The end ones may have their heads 1-ft on for knobs, but those between should have the heads cut off so as not to project above the handrails.

I found, however, that a brass handrail was, if anything, rather easier to fit and better looking, even if possibly not so correct. To make these, I filed a piece of No. 40 brass wire flat on one side, soldered pins to it at the correct angle, bored the ladder to correspond, and cut off the points underseath. The pins I coameled white; the rails I possibed and lacquered. Only this one ladder will be put in possibly now

Abaft the engine room comes the milway for the center rudder tiller to slide on. The easiest way to make this is of a curved piece of heavy wire with two uprights of the same bent over, filed thin where bent, and soldered underneath. The height of the ruil from the deck is A_A in., and the center of the curve is A_A in. from the engine room. It can be seen in the drawing on page 108.

From underneath, directly in line with the sternposts, hore 16-in, holes, with another in line annichaps, for the radderposts. The centur one may have a little ring of wood

glurd to the deck above it.

This deck should now be given a thin cost of variable wherever it shows, except for 34 insalong the sides, where the posts supporting the next deck are to be glued. This narrow margin can be variabled from the outside after the posts are in postson

The parts of the log chains which show cannot be piaced until we get the next deck on. For this we are now all ready, but will have to wait until next month to continue

Methodical Methods Save Time in Painting

O'E of the most common mistakes of amstern in painting a wall, ceiling, or floor is to start any oki place and work in all directions. Soon they find the area coated so large that they cannot keep all edges wet, and when they attempt to being fresh paint up to half dry edges they do not get good joints. Consequently, it is best to carry the coating across the surfaces in stretches.

Stretc ies may be narrow of water depending upon how fast the coating sets. With flat wall point the stretches had best be not over eightern inches wide, starting at the picture molding and running down to the floor. That enables the painter to get down the first stretch and start the second before the edge sets too much. The same is true of lacquer and of stains. And it is best to start next to the window wall and work away from the light as you go.—F. N. VANDERWALKER.

When paint has to be left for a day or two in a bucket with no top, an effective remedy for preventing the formation of a scum and the drying out of the paint is to cover it with shellacked or niled paper. My practice is to coat several sheets of any sort of thin paper such as pages from an old mail order catalogue. with shellae and allow them to dry. A sheet of this treated paper is carefully putted down on the top of the point and close against the sides of the bucket. The brush, too, may be left evernight without being cleaned or placed in a liquid "keeper," if it is wrapped in another sheet. Take care to see that the brush is full of paint and the paper is folded over at the ends of the hairs to maintain a good chirel point — Силили Бусткет



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Replacing a Broken Sash Cord

Paste this Home Workshop Reference Sheet, including the hand above, in your serapbook in the section marked scindows. (Dec., 1922, POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY.)

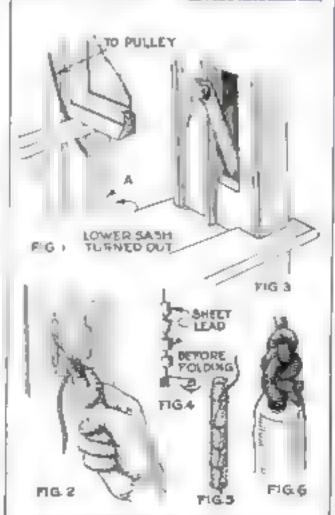
What is the quickest and easiest way to replace such and?

FEW defects around the house cause greater annoyance than a broken window cord. Let, like many other things that go wrong, it may be eastly remedied without calling in the aid of a mechanic, if you approach the task with confidence and have some degree of ability to use your bands. Few tools are required.

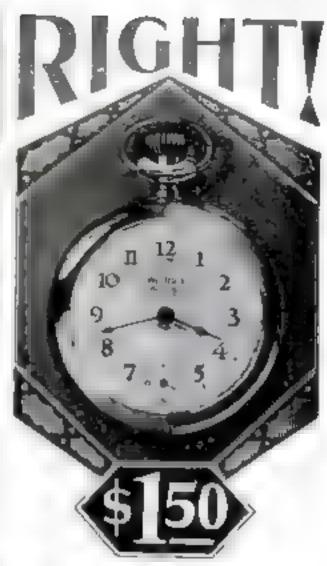
i. Inspect the cords of both upper and lower such, if one is broken and one or more are work and frayed, it will be an obvious economy to replace them at the same time.

if Obtain a good, rade of bruided mah cord from the hardware state. It will be more remonuted to buy an entire hank if several rords are to be replaced, but if only one or two. You can figure roughly how much you need by allowing 5 ft. for each cord of any window of ordinary size.

3. We will assume that only one cord is to be replaced and that is the lower mab, for that is more likely to give trouble. Remove the aish by the method described in a previous reference sheet (Nov., 1978). If there is a broken good on each side, remove both stop strips, but if only on one side, the other side need not be disturbed. (Continued to now 111)



Steps in comoving a broken such cord, taking out the weight and postalling a new curd,



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Replacing Sash Cord

(Continued from page 110)

4. If but one cord is broken, swing that ade of the man out and place a kitchen chair, box, or other support under it. The lower mah may be pushed under one end of the upper man-to help hold it, as suggested in Fig. 1. It is, however, the hest and exfert practice to take the good on d out of the man, tie a knot in it, and allow it to run up to the pulley as in Fig. 2; and then set the sash ande.

5. Hemove the pocket facing: it may be processary to take out the parting strip to do this. Lift the weight out of the pocket as in Fig. 5, cut the rope away from it, and dig out the knotted end from the mash as at A of Fig. 1. Observe how such of these knots is tied and fastened, for the new cord may be fastened

the muse way

6. The easiest way to put the new cord through the pulley is to make a "mouse." Wrap severas narrow pieces of thin sheet lead around a piece of atrong, flexible line perhaps if it long, as in Fig. 4. Pound lightly, or press each piece of lead so it stays in place about as shown. A piece of chain, a beat sail, or other aght weight will answer the purpose as a makeshift. A 4-in, length of mah chain makes a particularly convenient "mouse.

7. Tie a knot near one end of the cord like Fig. 2, and the the long end of the mouse line to the other end using half hitches as in Fig. 5. Push the mouse through the pulley from the front, allow it to drop down the pocket behind the pulley stale until it can be reached from the pocket opening. Pull out the mouse through the opening and at the same time coax the tord through the puley from the front. Pull the cord down until the knot (Fig. 2 stops at Remove the mouse line and tie the end of the eard to the weight with a knot that will not dip. Lee the knot shown in Fig. 6, for example, or use the same knot that was on the old cont-Nearly every workman has a pet knot for this purpose, but any knot that does not allow the coed to pull directly over the axis of the weight will permit the latter to turn and swing in the pocket as it travels up or down, and perhaps make trouble with the other weight. The weights of the ower mah should swing close of the back aide of the pulley or the such expost he closed, though the stretch of the cord will soon make it right if not more than 🌿 in. has to be gamed.

8 To find the length of the cord, pull the weight up must it strikes the back of the pulley. Intie the ship knot bug it and awing the man back again until it is so near, as position in place. Hold the cord against the eage of the such and cut it off it inches below the hole at A, Fig. 1. Lay the cord in the groove, he the knot, and push it into its hole. Drive a small had through the knot, if necesearly, to road it there and push the mish into its piace. Raise the said, put the pocket face is its place, fasten it, and put the stop stripe on

9. It is obvious that if the upper such is to have new cords they must be put in before those of the lower such. In this case, remove the lower each entirely and do not merely swing it around and attempt to hold it as suggested in opera-tion No. 4 above. Pull the apper such down. take out one or both parting strips, pocket facings, and weights as may be required. Put the cords in by the methods strendy described, being sure the cord of the upper sask is not loolung or the sash may not stay up. The lower end of the weight should swing at least 3 toches above the window stool when the upper mak it in place to allow for the stretching of the cords. Replace the parting strips, pocket facings, and

This is the necotal of a series of Home Workshop Reference Sheets which you can preserve hy clipping them out and pasting them in a seraphook under appropriate headings.

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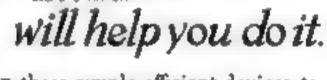
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This humpty dempty toy posts grotesquely and performs clog dances.

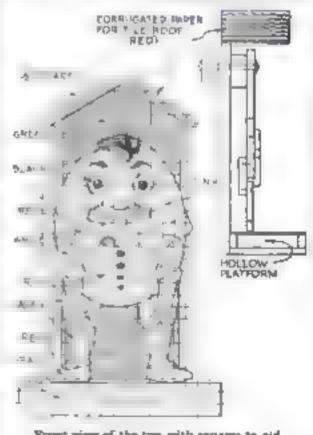
New Humpty Dumpty Dancing Toy

By CHARLES M. MILLER

HCMPTY DUMPTY, like some other noted personages, has had a comeback and is more popular than ever. He makes an especially good toy when mounted as illustrated so that he can be made to perform clog dances.

We first must have a good outline of his comely form. The design, which follows one made by Bess Bruce Cleverand, can be enlarged by drawing \(\frac{1}{2}\)-in, aquares on paper and copying in each square whatever appears in the corresponding square of the drawing below

To transfer the drawing to wood, place a carbon paper between the paper and wood and trace the drawing, including the centers for the arm and leg joints. With coping or hand saw cut all seven parts. File and sandpaper any places that may be rough. The two arms may be cut together and one turned over to fit the opposite side of (Continued on page 118)



Front view of the toy with squares to aid to laying it out, and a smaller aide view.

Airplane Bird Feeder Turns in the Wind

TO MAKE the amplane bird feeder distrated, a few nails and boards, a hammer, and a saw are about the only materials and tools peeded.

The feeding shelter is 11 in, wide and 23 in, long, and is 11 in, high at the open end and 6 in, at the closed end. The roof extends at least 2 in, all around and, over the opening A, it is well to have it project 2 or 3 in, more—that is, 5 or 6 in, in all Windows 4 by 6 or 4 by 8 in, are placed on either note.

A lag screw 14 in, in diameter and 8 or 10 in, long passes through the 8 by 4 in,



No matter how much some or wind there is, this revolving feeder shalters the birds.

piece B and is received securely into the 4 by 4 m, post C. This acts so a pin for revolving. A washer is placed under the head of the lag serew and pieces of the where B and C join. A little oil on the training make the feeder turn more freely

The tampiece D, which is \$8 in long and 14 in wide at the widest point causes the whole feeder to turn and thus keeps the birds protected from disagreeable weather at all times. The feeder should be at least 7 ft, from the ground to discourage cats.—Benners B. Safts.

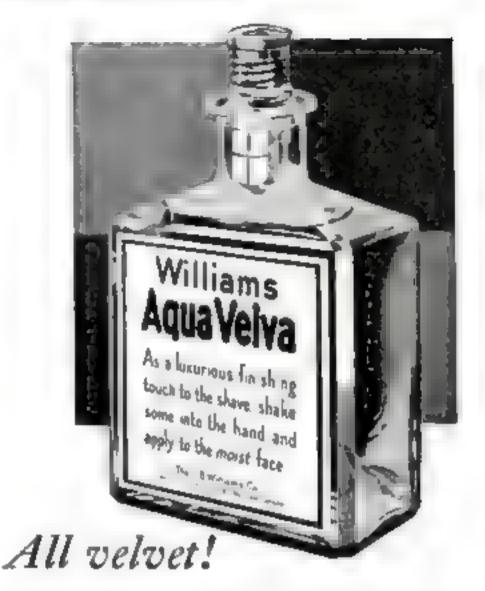
New Humpty Dumpty Toy

funtioned from page (+2)

Fasten the arms and the upper parts of the legs to the body with small roundheaded acrews. Make the holes in the front piece large enough in each case for the screws to turn freely. The total height of the figure is 10 ½ in.

The action is controlled by a 34-indowel that passes through the forchead
to a knob device at the back of the dancing pavalors. A 34-in, block is placed as a
spacer to set the head out from the wall
A small button mold with a bole reamed
to the size of the 34 in, dowel is gloed to
Humpty's forchead, and the dowel stops
if ish with the front side of the button.
For the turning knob at the back, half a
good nized spool will serve, although a
short length of 1 in, dowel and a 1 ½-in,
button mold were used on the original

The platform consists of a box 1½ by 4 by 834 in., made of ½-in. material with a thin toppiece. One end is left open to let out the sound of the clattering feet. The vertical wall is gloed and naded or serewed to the back of this hollow platform. Paint the toy in brilliant colors.



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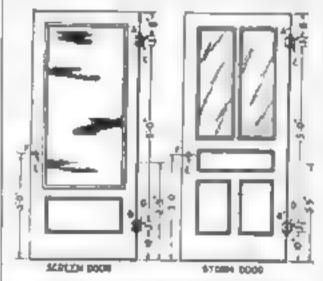
New York: 71 Marray Street Chicago: 565 W. Washington Blvd.

Quick-Change Hinges for Storm and Screen Doors

WHEN the storm door is brought out in the fall after the screen door has been stored away, fortunate is the manwho does not discover that the hinge screws are missing, or the screw boles are too large, or some extra work of fastening and fitting has to be done. But this annual annoyance can be avoided.

Whattle wooden plugs, dip them in glue, and drave them in any old screw holes which are to receive new screws so that the new screws may be driven immediately. Putty all other unnightly screw boles and small imperfections or fill them. with commercial wood paste, and paint the surfaces of both door and doorframe

Purchase two pairs of S by S in, loosejoint pin hinges and two surtable duplicate catches. Place the hunges on one door, say the arreen door, as A and B. Hold the



When fitted with lowe-pin binges, a storm and screen door can be quickly interchanged.

door in its place in the opening with wedges and fasten the sides C and D of the listiges to the doorframe.

Fit a catch at E in the door and cut the striker plate in the doorframe at F Fasters a long spiral spring to the made of the door and to the doorframe. Remove the pin from each hinge, release the spring from the acrew eye on the door, and set the door aside.

Place the parts A and B of the other house into parts C and D, which are already fastened to the doorframe, and drop the pins into the hinges. Wedge the storm door into postion in the doorframe and fasten the hinge members A^{\dagger} and B^{\dagger} to it with screws. Place a catch at E so it exactly engages the striker in the doorframe at F. Turn in a screw eye on the inside of the door to receive the end of the

Now, instead of spending several hours wice a year in assembling tools and accessomes and in changing acreen and storm doors, the head of the house simply removes the spring from the eye on the made of the door already hung, lifts the pin from each hrage, slips the other door in position, drops the pins into their places. in the hinges, and puts the end of the spring in the acrew eye on the maide of the door. Fifteen numutes' work and the job is done.

The released door should be set away so it will stand perfectly straight, or it may develop a twist which will prevent it from closing properly and be impossible to remove. -C. A. k.

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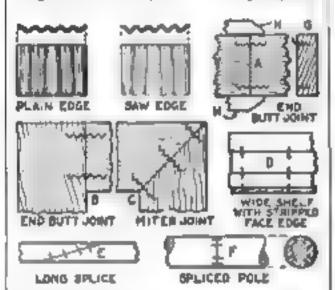
How to Make Use of Corrugated Fasteners

By DAVID WEBSTER

FEW home workers realize the advantages of corrugated (astenors for making strong joints. The fasteners are simply applied, effective, and economical. They may be obtained in most hardware stores and many ten-cent stores and are luted by large mail order houses.

Their uses are manifold: The ends of two boards may be joined as at A, the members of a square butted frame fastened as at B, and a mitered frame held as at C. A wide board can be made of narrow pieces as at D, with a strip of face wood fastened to the edge. Also, two boards may be glued and "long spliced" together as at E, and a pole spliced as at P One reason why this method of fastening wood together is not applied more commonly is that a surface blemuch results, but the fasteners may be used to advantage in many places.

The sizes of the fasteners range in length between 14 and 1 in, by eighths



Methods of making joints with corrugated fasteners, which ere hammered into the wood.

and in width from two to seven corrugations. They come in two styles of edges. plans and saw tooth. Both types are to he had with either straight or divergent corrugations. The straight are preferable if the joint is well made, but if not, the tapered fasteners will draw the joint together. The funteners illustrated have

divergent corrugations.

For M-in, material, M-in, fasteners may be used as at G, for they will not drive through. Fit the joint and lay the pieces face down upon a bench or other smooth, firm surface. Glue each joint as it is made, if giving is desired. Hold the pieces in perfect contact and position and drive the fasteners into the back.

If the fasteners are driven into narrow pieces parallel to the grain or too near the edge, the use of a hand screw as at H will guard against splitting the wood.

If the fasteners are too much in evidence, they may be driven below the surface about 1/4 in. with a mail set. Morstening the spot with a sponge will swell the wood and help in concealing the blemish. When the wood is dry, sandpaper the surface



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Russian Va Lieur Sire

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mas one show show their remembrance and at that with norms with gult in that of rights flatting tacket, a book wall that our

Well, this Christman many memod to centre on talonce. Now, muck you, these fe has have no control now not well with each other. The live of waters separated parts of the blustry of I was no just up pice on me or anything like that. But here or the country at a war on part of passes on me or anything lake that But here came acceptant better that the familiar have Price with The mover territh was a very flowy was not break to moved been but if I am at better, he contents were Edgeworth with a little perbole in in h

just comminger perhaps but a gover-one. Are not an har stap are ker of Edge wigth a they weren't extends to any orienal taste if mito. Levis tike a norsense and opinion among the big die on a series of each opinion if an elect Edge work a the staff the proper cases for a set.

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Strap and Chain Prevent **High-Chair Accidents**

AFTER our baby had taken a dandecided that the strap that reaches from the center of the tray to a position in the seat between the haby's legs was insufficient. It had its usefulness, but was not enough in stack to safeguard an especially strong, active infant. What was needed was something that would



A method -not as uncomfortable as it holefor restraining a too-active and daring infant.

stop the baby from either attempting to stand up or toppling the chair over,

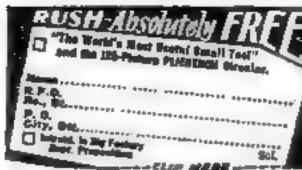
We made a little unklette" out of strong, stiff cloth to be hotteged or tied round the haby's nukses. About six inches of strong tape attached to the "ankette" and lastened to the footrest makes it onpossible for the baby to stand up, yet does not unduly restrain his legs.

A short length of chain with a snap at one and was fastened to the back of the high chair and connected with a screw eye in a convenient wall so that the baby cannot possibly manage to tip over the chair.—Aurken G. Spreengen.

Tinsel Causes Short Circuit

BY DROPPING a Christmas package thed with trasel robbon across the tracks of a toy electrical radioad, my boy. caused a short current. The sparks set fire to the tissue wrapping around the box, and the flames quickly fired a sheet spread under the Christmas tree.

Lockely, I was within call and no great damage was done, but other readers will do well to be careful in placing boxes that are hed with tinsel cord, or any tinsel ornaments, where they can come in contact with the bouse lighting current or electric toys. - F. N. C.



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injury courts from first billion. Formed Elymph, is filested in got weren until to first member it during apply all pass from high jury long greaters. One approach to sense on their soul processes. It for the about members is a processes. I Courte, until soon members on respect and hard though this on the their the court first of

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Gifts Any Man Can Make

(Continued from page 67)

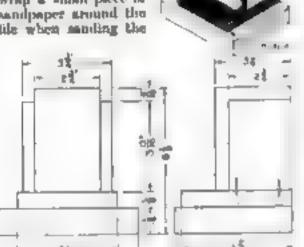
sparingly and not too near the edges, so that there will not be a great deal of surplus give squeezed out when the hand screws are tightened. Smooth the rear faces of the book ends after all the blocks have been assembled. Two final coats of lacquer should be given.

In this day of small use living quarters, the hanging bookshelf and marrie illustrated on page 118 should be a welcome piece of furniture, as it makes not the slightest inroad upon the available floor space. The structural features are so simple as to bring this smart modern purpe easily within the reach of the amateur woodworker.

Square the bottom, sidepieces, and partitions to dimensions, cut the rabbets on the rear edges of these pieces and the 1/2 by 51/4 in. recesses on the front edges. Serew the pieces together as shown and nail the back temporarily in place. Smooth the marfaces and edges at all the joints, and alightly round the corners of the end-

Cut and shape the front piece and the lower member of the two-part top. A turning saw or a coping me is necessary to out the area on the

Three front piece. pieces are then amouthed with scrapers, file, and sand-paper, it will be found convenient to wrap a small piece of sandpaper around the file when sanding the



Could anything be simpler or serve to purpose better than this modernietic book end? It can he painted as above or as shown on papt 37.

curves. After fitting the front prece, glue it to the sides and the partitions. Imert a screw is each of the partitions to reinforce the joint, but we only glue at the ends. When the ends are dry, smooth and round them.

The lower member of the top is next occurred. to the upper ends of the sides and the partitions and a rounded on the front and side edges. The bank thek member of the top is then ghied in place, thus concessing the severe to the lower toppiece.

THE flutes on the eriges of the partitions and the hottom are cut with small goages. It is best to practice these cuts on a piece of waste immber before attempting to make the final cuts. They also can be seratched or scraped in with a scraper of the correct shape held to what is called a "scratch stock," or made by means of an merpensive but useful tool known as a "hand besider." A set of cutters for flutes, bends, and reeds are furnished with the beader If the bookshelf is painted or increased, the flutes should be emphasized by means of a contrasting color

The two agrees holes in the front piece are blocked with diamond-shaped pieces of wood, which are inserted as described later

The back is finally serewed in place after the mirror has been inserted. It is well to place several layers of paper between the morne and the back as a protection. (Continued on page 218)

SILVERSAL



on marte. - Odror Head Help Porch Ingels - Porteriore Headle



Mandy, high-grade and for horse or mon. 20-a, putaled blade.



fatour Stant blade. Apple





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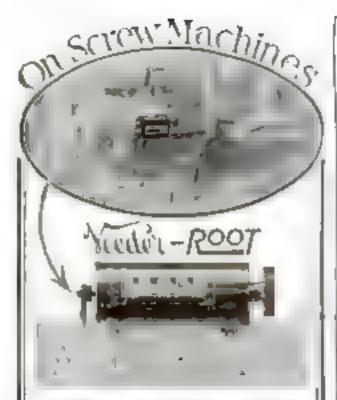
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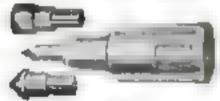
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RECORD - ROOT INCOMPONITED NAVITYONG, COMM.

Gifts Any Man Can Make

(Creatmunol from page 117,

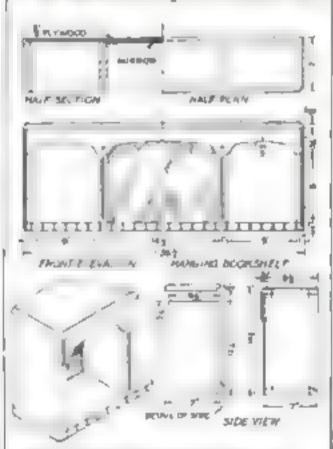
The stand, which is the third project (see page 119 , is one of those low pieces of furniture that is used so much in modernistic interiors to contrast with the taller "skysreaper" pieces, It is suitable as a depository for books, magarmes, smoking paraphernalia, or toys,

As the top and base are \$2 in. square, it is precessary first to glue up reveral narrower precess to give the required width. It may be convenient to glue up enough pieces to make about 45 m. in width and then cut this piece in the center to give both top and base.

WHEN jointing (planing) boards to be glood, plane two at the same time, placed face to face. It is much causer than to plane one at a time, because the edges do not have to be absolutely square with the sides; if there is a slight hevel that of one prese will exactly compensate for the bevel on the other prese when the two parts are brought together. Place a framing square on the edges and test for straightness When the edge of one board is not on top of the other, the edges at the ends should be close toorther, but a slight bollow in the center does not matter. If an opening shows at the ends, bowever, the edges must be planed again

When champing up the boards for gluing, place two clamps on the underside at each extremity and one on top in the center. Either enhantemaker's har clamps or improvised wooden champs with wedges may be used. Tighten the renter clamp before the end clamps. If the edges of the boards do not come level, blows with a bammer or, better, a mallet, will force them in line.

When the glue is dry, plane across the grain of the wide board to get the surfaces level

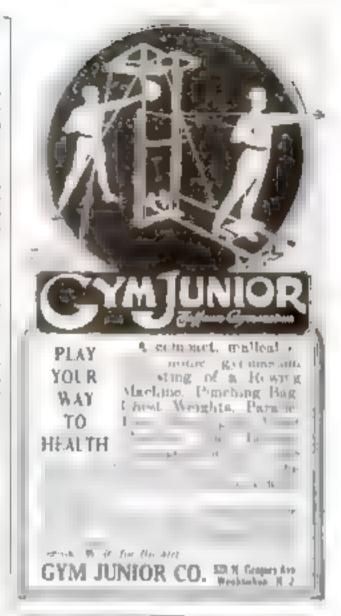


Front top, and ade views of the hanging well bookshell, and sketch of the cutter construction.

Then acrope or plane with the grain, depending upon the kind of wood used. Hardwoods like birch or couple usually have to be semped; soft woods like pine, bustwood, and cypress can be planed smooth with the grain.

After all the pieces have been agained to dimensions, screw them together as shown in the drawing. Set the serves that show at least 14 in, below the surface. First bore a hole with an auger bit equal to the diameter of the head. of the strew and 1/4 in, deep. In the center of this bole hore another hole for the screw shelf with a No. 6 gitalet bit or a twist drall

After all the pieces have been served together, cut the diamonds from a thin piece of wood of the proper (Centinuel on page 119,



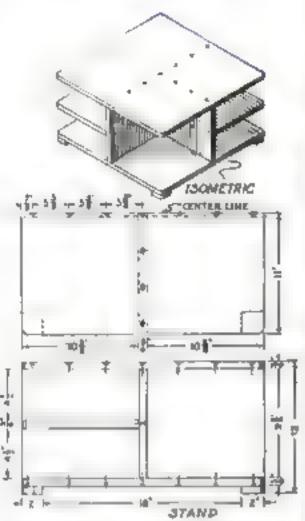


Wollensak Optical Company 857 Hudson Avenue Rockston New York



Gifts Any Man Can Make

(Continued from two L.S.



This low stand is one of the most popular and characteristic of modernistic furniture piocus.

width. Place each one over a screw hole and mark its outline with a sharp knife blade or steel point. Remove the wood on the inside of these lines with a barm, chircl, and give and At the diamonds in pures. When dry, scrape the surface unto it is level and amouth. Apply browing because or any descred finish.

Reader Finds Bremen Model a Remarkable Flyer



Flying scale moviet of the famous Junices. monoplane constructed by Robert L. Pierce.

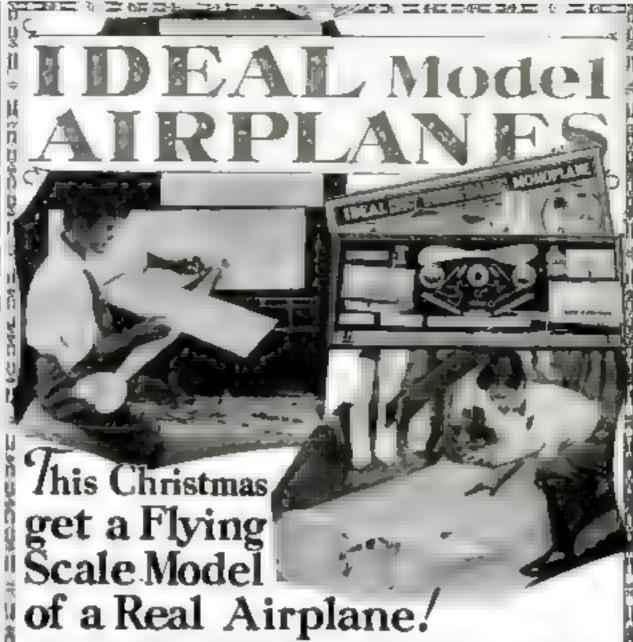
ETTERS from readers are especially en-I thusantic about the design for a flying model of the Bernetz given in Portuan Science. MONTHLY Blueprints Nos. 89 and 90 (see page) 102) It is not only exceedingly realistic but an extraordinarily good flyer.

The model diustrated above was built by Robert L. Pierce, of Gettysburg, South Dakota, from our blueprints and the instructions in the August, 1998, issue.

It is the most remarkable flyer I have ever constructed," he wrote, "while still being very

Anthony Wesh, of Elimbeth, N. J., won the duration trophy with a Bremen model at the

annual most sponsored by the Union County N J : Park Commusion, and Harry Jacger won the free-for-all coptest with a similar



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How to Make a Light Tea Tray Stand

By FRANK O. TAMPEL

A TEA server is a real asset for the busy housewife during the afternoon tête à tête. To construct one requires tittle skill or expense for materials, especially if whitewood, redwood, white pine, cypress, or other easily worked woods are used.

The materials required are: 2 sides 34 by 234 by 32 in.; 2 leg preces 2 by 4 by 19 in.; 2 preces 34 by 234 by 24 in., one for the tray rest and the other for the lower brace, 1 prece 34 by 5 by 26 in. for the handle; 2 preces 34 by 54 by 12 in. for tray supports; 1 dowel stick 34 by 24 in., 1 prece cardboard 4 by 10 in.; give and small brads.

One pattern serves for laying out all the curves. It is drawn upon a piece of card-board 6 by 10 in., divided into 1-in. squares as shown near the top of the



An easily lifted stand for a ten tray which can be constructed at small cost for materials

drawing on page 121. This basic design can be changed as desired to suit the taste of the worker.

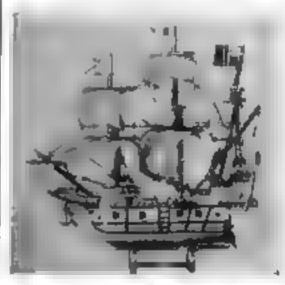
The quickest and easiest way to cut the curves is with a band saw, but good results may be obtained by using a turning saw. All the edges should be rounded with spokeshave, file, and sandpaper—not a great deal on the ends, but sufficiently on the handle to give an easy grip.

The curved feet receive the ends of the legs, which are tapered to serve as tenons. Glue and toenail the joints with 1½-in. brads, driven and countersunk from the inside to avoid marring the surface.

Holes 14 in, in diameter are now sunk in the ends of the tray shelf and the lower brace and also in the end preces to receive dowels. The dowels for the lower brace should be placed so that the lower edge of the brace rests on the flat upper surface of the curved foot pieces. The upper dowels are placed so that the tray shelf is 21 in, from the top edge of the feet. The joints are glued, (Continued in page 121,

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Nume

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Chir

Stare

Light Tea Tray Stand

SQUARES MAKE

Bids and and views of the stand, bottom view of shelf and pattern for laying out the cutves

fastened with small brads, and clamped and tested with a square.

The tray may be purchased from any department store. However, one may design and make his own, using medium heavy picture framing for the sides and covering the bottom with glass.

Rubber headed tacks are cut so as to have a flat sectical auctuce and driven in the tray shelf press on the tray ends and hold the tray in place. If you do not wish to remove the truy, it may be placed on the support as the finishing variable is The varnish will hold it firmly

The piece may be stained any desired color, chettacked, rubbed down, and varnoned. Either a velvet finish or high gloss varrish may be used. Lacquer too, will give a beautiful finish, and a et ppled effect also would be distinctive. Tassels may be fastened to the legs.

Tiny Drills for Model Work

QMALL drills for wood or metal can be made from ordinary sewing needles. They are useful in model making. Heat and flatten the end, grand (% ned sharpen it on an colstone as shown, and rebeat and temper the point by thrusting it instant



the needle is ah ged.

ly into scaling wax or tallow. If the shank of the needle is inserted in a piece of soft wood, it can be gripped in a hand drill, as the jaws will compress the wood authcountly to hold it. L. C. D.

How to Clean Tiles

TYO REMOVE cement and plaster from. I tile floors, first scrape off as much as possible and then apply muratic acid in the proportions of one part acid to tenparts water. Rub the marks with a rubbing stone or an ordinary oilstone such as is used for sharpening tools. The oil with which the oilstone is impregnated will have no effect on the tiles. Work quickly, do not allow the acid to remain too long. and wash it off very thoroughly



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A definite program for petting about financially will be found on page four of this lastse.

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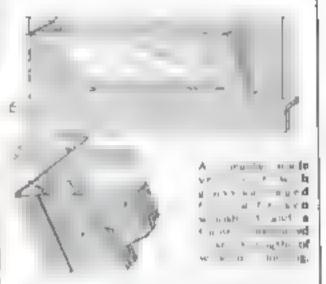
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Farfared find

Window Ventilators Made from Old Windshields

F YOU wish to make window yea-L tilators for your home and happen to live near a dealer in salvaged auto parts, you can obtain broken windshields for the purpose at little cost. Any pieces of broken glass, if large enough, will do. In fact, by inserting one or more grooved divisions in the frame, it as possible to utilize relatively small pieces.



Cut two pieces of grooved flooring. with the tangues removed, to the width of the wordow and lay them on the bench with a piece of the glass between them. Filt in the ends with two short pieces amilarly grooved, after cutting the glass.

The joints can be fastened with screws or paois after holes are drilled to avoid apl thag or they can be doweled

The shield is held by two supports made as shown of any fairly stiff short metal. The woodwork should be stained and spraished or pointed to match the window true.—E. M. Cook

Casement Weather Strips

MSIMENT window sash that are a lining so as to swing inwards very of-



The weather strip is instened to the sill.

ten give trouble by admitting wind and run at the boltom. To remedy this, I have made a practice of applying flexible weather strips s shown. This has proved effective in every case in which it was used. -G W. ROYME.

When the ashestos covering on the pipes of a steam or hot water heating system requires renewal, it is often possible by a little careful work to avoid the expense of purchasing new manhation

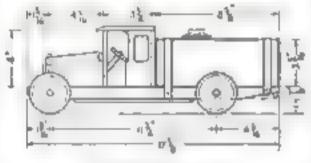
Clean the old covering and apply strips of room-med building paper, cut large enough to overlap the casings by about I in. Over this wrap a covering of unbleached musha or light canvor and sew the edges at a butt joint with white string and an upholstery needle. A coat of cold water paint completes the refinishing and makes the coverings look new.

Fire Engine and Other Toys

The state of the state of the state of

tawing out these this wooden disks, slightly large, draining a hole through each one, and nading them all together with the holes contered, using two long thin heads. Mount a straight ham, diameter bott, with the head cut off, in your lathe chuck, so that a good length of thread projects beyond the chuck. Serew the disks on this, sailed together, and then place a washer on the end of the bott and screw on the nut to hold the disks in place while you turn them to size. After turning, the make may be reparated with a thin knife blade. All the wheels of the toys shown here were turned out a bolt in this way, and they run very true.

After the disks are cut out, give and nail one that lisk to one sale of such theker disk which is to rewive the tires. When the glue is dry, slip the jar rabbers in place and exment them together with rubber cement. When each tire is comented on, glue and brad the other disk on the outsile of each wheel. I meet mother fig.in. bolt to make up each wheel on, so as to keep the disks used up until each wheel was limsted. Two small metal washers are placed between each wheel and the classes



SPRINKLER TRUCK

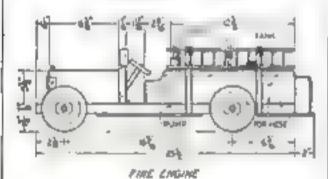


Fig. 5. Bids view of sprinkler and hes engine. The front and rear are shown in Fig. 6.

and one under each screw head on the outside of each wheel. Round-headed wood acrews No. 15, 2½ in long, were used to fastes each wheel to the chassis. These are ½ in in diameter. It is always best to have rather large holes in toy wheels, as should these be any mental these in the mounting of them, each wheel may drop down a bit so that they wal all rull when the model is pulled.

An ordinary spool with flanges about 1 in. radiameter is cut in two to make the headlights. This is slightly flattened on the side where it is fastened to the bood block, a hole having been previously bored for the seree or said. The side lights on the front of the cab are small round wooden buttons held to the front of the cab with glue and a large tack, the end of the tack being silvered to represent a leng. The tail-

being silvered to represent a lens. The taillight is a round red glass head taken from a ten-cent necklase: it is acrewed under the rear of the chassis with a mekel-plated, roundrea led screw, which serves to throw back the aight through the bead.

Of course, you should obtain the can for the tank before you make your truck. If you have to buy a new full can, the housewife will know what to do with the cooking oil or other cuntertal. Empty the can through the arrest too.

tental. Empty the can through the server top provided; do not punch holes in it to empty it or you will have to solder them up.

In the sprinkler (Continued on page 11.)



It's News for you, too

this better, quicker way to shave

It's a way that banishes razor-pull... stops face smart. A scientific method of beard-softening that gets whiskers off clean and smooth. Today we offer a simple test. See coupon below; tell us where to send your seven-day tube

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There's no resor-pull, sting or smart. No drag or scrape. You get a smoother, easier shave . . . and you get it with a smile!

No other shaving cream is like Colgate's. No other can offer you such

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Colgate lather is designed to absorb more water . . . to scientifically drench your beard with moisture right at the base, where the rizor work is done.

It's a "smallbubble" lather. For the small bubbles hold more water and soap.



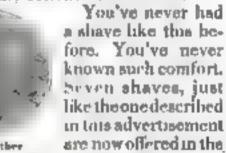
Obstinancy flusting. Obstinancy graph of ather of an ordinary date of a create our remaining single hair large dark posts are not relate areas are noted. Oute how the large habites hald are appeal of maser a most rice forms.

That's the scientific principle of it, men. Now here's what this small-hubhic lather actually does when you start to shave:

 The soap in the lather breaks up the oil film that covers each hair . . .
 floats it quickly away.

2. Then billions of tmy, moistureladen bubbles seep down through your beard . crowd around each whisker . . soak it soft with water

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we'll gladly send a generous sample of our After-Shave also; men are turning to it by the thousands.



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Press-forged tool steel heads, clear second growth, air dried hirkory handles put into the heads "for keeps;" hang that has never been equalled. these are the rensons why Maydole Hammers have been the choice of good tool users for three generations and why the Bred Antarctic Espectation after careful consideration, selected them as

part of their equipment.

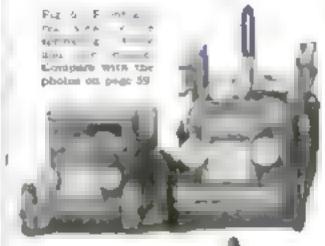


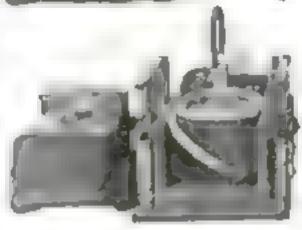
audole

The David Maydole Rammer Co. Norwich NY

Fire Engine and Other Toys

Continued from page 125,





truck tank shown, the filler cap is on top, has me been carefully melted off the end of the can with a blowtorch and the bole left in the can covered with a disk of tax. After making the truck. I decided that it might have been better to have left the screw top in the original position on the end. Then the track could have been stood on end while being filled with water, and when it was put down least the water would run out of the sprinkler least. After the water has started to run, it may be stopped by wrewing down the cup, if this is made air-tight. The aprinkler holes are punched in a row with a sharp we pick, each hole bring about & in in dismeter, or slightly

You may, of course put any kind of a body on such a simply made chassis. A round can may be used for the tank truck, or a box or crate holy made and fastened on the chamiinch of the cals

THE course chases and the body of the truck are pointed a klocks color first boving been primed with thin shellor and then pointed with remigless household points. Locquers may se-used, if preferred. The wheels are pointed Chanest red with silver stripes or rims. The straps that host the tank to the chasses are made of strips of bright tim. The radiator in represented with silver point. the ends of the spoons used for hearthights are silvered, as is the filter cap on the ramator, and the bendight

To make an even stripe or rim on each of the red wheels, I placed each wheel back on the bolt in the lathe et ack on which it was turned. Then I held a smad brush, charged with silver point, against each wheel edge where the stripe was to go, the brush resting on the tool rest, as I turned the lathe slowly by hand.

How the tractor is made is shown in Figs. 1. 7, and 10. The chassis is \$4 by \$14 by 12 in. The 3-10, drivewheels are screwed directly to this, but the \$75-in, front wheels are arrewed to a rigid wooden axle, I by I by 450 in., which is gland and named or screwed under the front end of the chassis.

The radiator is a block 16 by 314 by 314 in. Two more pieces are cut out the same spe and shape as the radiator, or a ungle block made to he mounted 5 in, back from the radiator. Between these parts at the top is fitted a piece of wood as shown in Figs. I and 7. These may be glued and passed

THE IMI O CAR



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plane that reach files. And at a small price.

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Great un, leges how to make and the of pipers. Heise non-



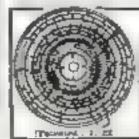
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The Midget
"Fine-in-Oces" Stide Rule
to presidently Manager, Polyper

11-15-4

Fire Engine and Other Toys

(Continued from page 124)

together and then nailed and glued to the tractor chassis.

A slanting hole is bored in the back piece for the steering column. To the top of this piece is acrewed a large wooden button mold, spool top, or wooden dak. The seat is a hutton make or disk of wood, with a piece cut off. It is glued and ecrewed to a springlika form of wood.

The engine block is made of wood. The udes slant in toward the cylinders, which are short lengths of dowel stick glood to the base block. The cylinder cover is a length of wood glued and nailed to the tops of the cylinders. Short spools also make good cylinders.

The large wheels may be solid disks of wood, sawn or turned, but the ones shown are made up of three disks of wood, each 34 in. thick, gloed and sailed together, with the grain of the center disk running across the grain of the other two. This makes a very strong wheel, and it is also much easier to form if you have no lathe. You can cut the disks with a coping mw

Six holes are bored on each wheel to make it more realistic. The cleats are upholstery nails

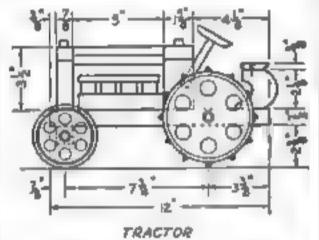


Fig. 7. Dimendons of the tractor, the front and rear views of which are shown in Fig. 10.

with cone-shaped brass heads driven in the rim, or, if you like, short lengths of wood may be nailed across the rim for cleats, as on some tractor wheels.

The front wheels are each made of three disks, the center disk being of lam nated wood, if available. (You can make small pieces of laminated wood by gluing firmly together thin herry-box wood, the grain of the center piece running at right angles to the pieces next in it.) That center disk is glued between two Uncker disks of a smaller diameter, to make the characteristic front wheel of a tractor. The tractor wheels are painted Chinese red

with silver rims and cleaks and the steering wheel and seat are of the same red. The clussis and other parts of the tractor are painted jade green, except the engine, which is dull gray. The front and back of the radiator la rilver, as are the filler cups.

Small shaped bits of wood may be attached to the engine block and painted with gold paint to represent excharators and other brain

The fire engine is illustrated in Figs. 2, 5, and 6. It is a good plan to make the tank and pumping arrangements before you build the wooden parts.

First get a half-gallon oan of the type shown -a strong well-toklered can that may be made any-light. If the can is new, the oil should be emptied out (the cooking oil may be put in glass jars until used). To empty it, remove the arew cap, carefully poncturing the top of the screw top without destroying the threads on it Lac a blowtorch to melt off this entire piece, which is soldered to the can. It may be pushed off with a stick when the solder is melted. Use only enough heat to loosen the solder. This will leave a large round hole in the end of the can. Now wash (Feedinged on proge 158)



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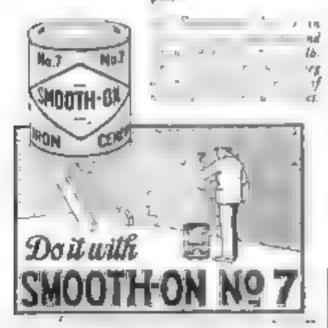
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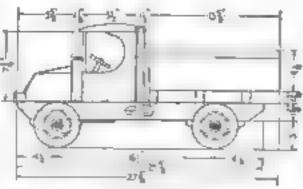
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Five Engine and Other Toys

A and nearly from page 126.



DUMP TRUCK

Fig. 6. Of impressive one this truck is an exceptionally ragged toy for rough play.

out the can illustraighly with soap and warm water. Leave this hole open until all the other soldering is done to allow air and moniture to escape.

If the screw top provided with the can has a well defined thread which most of them layer not) and will screw up an tight, it may be used for the filler cap no the tank. It will generally be found much better to rut or melt off a better top from a can such as is used to hold liquids for mending leaky radiators.

Scrape away the label on the can where the filler top and the tire valves are to be addered, and proceed to adder the filler top to the top of the tank. A job like this laid best be done by someone who has done such work before, as at is apt to be difficult for one who does not understand soldering. (An excellent flux for tin and bruss is made of equal parts of muriatic and and glygerin.

After suklering on the filler top, punch a hole in it to admit a small funnel in top of tank right under the open top of the filler

Next obtain two bicycle tipe valve stems, also one good valve inside amentily. Scrape the dark he ends of each valve stem bright and cleun, then tip each one with a bot soidering aron, well charged with solder. Also tip the

tank where the valves are to be sostered. Punch a bole with a sharp we pick in the tank where each valve stem is to be soldered. Hold each in position with small phers or a wonden clotherpin while soldering it on the tank.

When the valve stems and filler top are soldered, cut out a disk of clean the and solder it over the hole in the end of the tank left by melting off the filler cap. To see that the tank is an tight, first sixew the valve insides in the valve stem on top of the

tank, attach a small beyrle tire pump to this in the usual manner; and then screw on an extra valve cap on the other open valve atom on the end of the tank. Place the whole tank under water and pump it up with a moderate pressure. If there are any leaks, the escaping air bubbles was show it. The filler top or axew cap should, of course, be provided with a leather or cork washer made.

COURSE - COTTO

DETAIL OF MOIST

MODD MRESS.

PETAL OF COURT

Fig. 9. How the hoirt

if all is well, remove the tank from the water, open the screw cap, and fill the tank about three fourths full of water. Remove the extra valve cap and attach a length of hose with a possile made. Contrased on most 177.



CHRISTMAS

How'd you like to have an air rifle that looks and feels like a real Remington .22 caliber repeater? Wouldn't any boy be craty for one? Can you imagine a better Christmas present?

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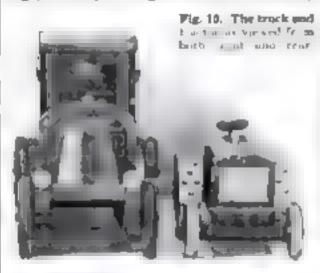
Fire Engine and Other Toys

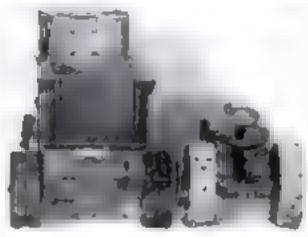
Southwest from page 149)

of the spout of a sewing machine oil can. Pumpup the tank after screwing on the filler cap. If you have made a good job of it, the water will certainty squirt out of the hose nozzle.

The chasse of the fire engine is by 6 by 25% in Underseath that are attached a board $\frac{1}{2}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ by $10\frac{1}{4}$ in to form the running boards, and another 1, by 72 hy 51, in., to form the rear platform. The latter should be attached after the sides or body of the fire engine is in place, because the pieces of wife of red forming the rear handles are first pushed in holes bared for them in the aides of the body. The platform, after having holes bured in it for the ends of the bandles, is then fitted on, glord, and nailed

The radiator and bood are made of a single or built-up block of wood 5% in, wide, \$3, in. high, and 0% in. long. The cowl board is %





by 574 by 6 in In this board is defled a alanting hole for the steering column, which is a length of dowel. The steering wheel is a #14in disk of laminated wood with four holes bured in it. Tacks are driven in the coulboard to represent various gages and the footand brates pedals.

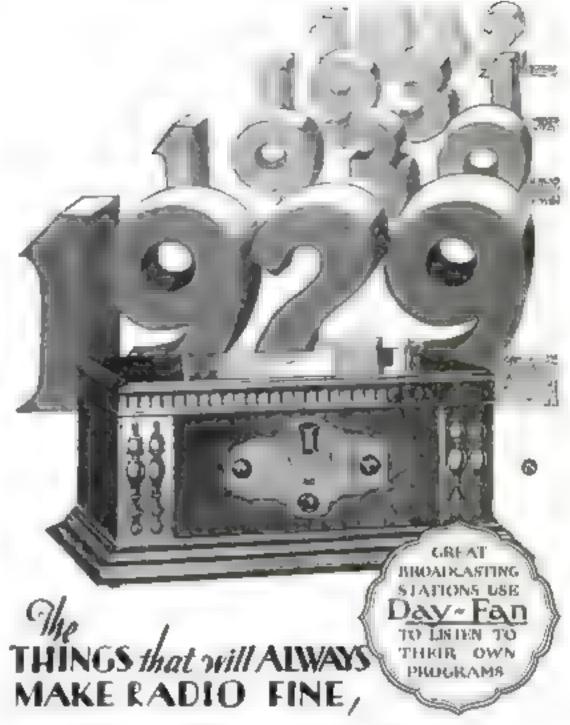
The sides of the body are single pieces of wood 36 by 3% by 14% in., with a little strip of mobling glued to the outer edges along the top. The seat is a single block of wood on which is glood a thinger strip to represent upbolatery.

The lacklet supports, provided with cup hooks to hold the ladders, are attached as shown in Fig. 8. The ladders are made of nurrow strips of pure or whitewood drilled out for the rungs, which are made of a 4g-in dowel.

Just back of the front of the hody are two wooden blocks that fit between the body sales and the pump to hold it in place. A hole is drilled in the chassis for the end of the pump to rest in. Thick shellae may be used to cement the pump in place.

Two screws and wasters in the top of the blocks hold the tank in place. One screw and washer hold down the rear of the tank, the washer engages the edge of the can, next to the floor, and the screw a driven into the floor

The headights are made of our large spool eut in two. The large end of each piece is turned to a funnel or reflector shape. When misted with (f ontinued on page 128)



There are qualities to be found in radio sets of the present day which spell enduring satisfaction for the purchaser. These are fundamental things that constitute fine musical performance. They are measured by standards that do not change with the seasons.

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Fire Engine and Other Toys

(Continued from page 1 67)

aluminum, it catches the light realistically The searchaght on the cowl is a flat disk of wood 34 m. thick and 134 m. in diameter with the back edge tounded over. A hole is drilled through it for the long screw on which it turns and a metal washer is placed between the searchlight and the cowl. The red rhinestone huttons used for the side and tail-lights, which are by in in diameter, are set in shallow boles. highteen of the buttons cont jen cents at a tencent stage

The four dummy five extinguishers are turned, or each can be made of a length of dowel with a short dowel of a smaller diameter glard to the top of it. Round shoe laces are used for hose and nozzles. The extinguishers may he set on dowel peer mounted in the runting boards and rear platform in that they may he Lifted off

A very small gong is isounted on the right side of the fire engine sent, but a small friction top can lid will make a good substitute.

Title wheels are flat wooden disks 34 in. thick and 43 in. in diameter. A wooden button mold or spool end 1½ in. in diameter is glued on the outside center of each wheel. The toy tires, usually obtainable at large toy stores, are stretched over the wooden disks.

Except for the parts painted silver or black as shown in Fig. 2, the entire fire engine is painted a Chinese red.

The dump truck, Figs. 3, 8, 9, and 10, is the largest of the four toys. The chases is built somewhat differently from the others, in order to allow the body to be raised to a better positain for dumping. A very good truck of this kind may also be built on one of the sumpler chassis previously described.

The change requires two beamlike pieces by hy his by \$50, in. These are held 40, in. apart at the front end by a porce in by 414 by 117 in that rura to back of the cabdummy springs are spring-shaped pieces of word arrespot to the undersale of the chases as shown. Between the two front springs is fastened a piece 36 by 1 by 456 in. to represent the front axle, and between the two rear ones is a piece of wood cut from a piece 34 by \$55 by 414 in to represent the rear axle and differential housing (see Fig. 10

The body rests on three cross members, notched out as shown. Two of them are 1/4 by 21/4 by 6 in,, and the forward one is 34 by 134 by 5 in. The body is briged to the rear crompiece with a common steel butt hinge

THE running bourds or steps are made by glu-ing and screwing a length of wood $\frac{1}{2}$ by S^2 a by 9 m. under the chasses.

The bond is shaped from a block 31, in. high, 43 a in. wele, and 55 a in. long radiator block is 11 am thick, 4 h in high, and 5 in wide. The filler rap is a strew cap from a shaving cream tube, fastened to the block with a round-hearled acrew. Two green rhinestone buttons are set into \$1000, boles bored in the front of this parce for side lights, and a red one is set in the rear end of one of the chases beams. The buttons are econeuted in with sheliac

The headlights are made of a spool as in the preceding models, and a green of yellow threestone button is pushed or cemented in rack.

The cab consists of a front and true piece is by 51g by 71g at., and two aidepieces is by ily by 714 in., cut with a coping saw. The top is made of a thicker piece of wood (34 by 8 by 5 in.), planed and maded to give the charactensite curve at the top. The front end may be made, if preferred, by gluing and nating two uprights to the radiator block with a cross member between to support the roof. The storring wheel and seat are made as before

The houst is made of two wooden uprights shaped and mounted on the chassis and to the cab back as shown. (Continued on page (49)



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Fire Engine and Other Toys

(Continued from pure 145)

in Fig. 9. Bolt boles are bored at the top for the holt on which the spool pulley turns. The crank handle may be made of thick sami-nated wood or of soft wood. The holes in it. should be bored before the crank shape is sawn out, then the crank and shaft are glocal in. Deep saw cuts are made in each end of the crank and part way into the dowels so that a piece of this berry-box wood can be glood in each cut, across the grain, to prevent the handle from splitting. One end of a strong linen tape la screwed to the lower part of the front end of the truck body with short screws passing through a narrow strip of tin across the end of the tape, which also may be glosd to the body. The other end of the tape is secured. to the crank shaft, between the boat, in the

The body is a strong box of 14-in wood, 414 by 6 by 1844 in. in outside dimensions. The cear end is left open. A sliding tailboard fits in between narrow strips of wood, or slides may he nation and glood in place so that this tailboard may be pulled up or removed for dumping. Asong the top of each sidepiece in a supple moking made of a planed strip of wood

see Fig. 10)

THE wheels are 4% in. in diameter, of white wood, buch, or maple, turned to represent disk wheels with large truck tires, but excelent ones may be made of place nave disks. Notice that double wheels are used on the rear and (Fig. 10). These wheels are secured to the chases by large, strong round-headed screws, two or three from washers being placed between each wheel and the chases, and one under such screw head.

Extra strong axies may be made for this truck by using lengths of 26 or 26 in. diameter soft steel rud to run across the channe and through the wheels. Steel washers ure used as before and the ends of each axic are reveted over to hold the wheels on, an iron wisher being under each rivet head thus made and the wheel. In this event the wooden front and rear axles may be set forward slightly to clear the steel rod, or a hole may be bored clear

through each to take the axle

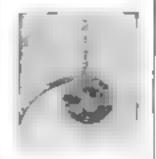
The chassis of the truck is painted Chinese red, as are the wheels, steering wheel, bout, and headlights. The bood, radiator, cab, and body are pointed black, the maste of the cab is jude green, and the maide of the body, khaki color Silver paint is used to stripe the wheels, for the crank and pulley, on the sides of the radiator, front of the headlights, filler cap, and bolt heads on the houst. The top of the cent made the cab is painted black, and the tires on the wooden whoels, a dark gray of zubbet color.

Adjustable Cord Fastener Made from Washer

A GOOD rope the for holding a ventilator cord or similar purposes in illustrated. Nick a %-in, or smaller washer as shown, and run the rope through

il. To fasten, lay the loose end of the cord in the nick, carry it around under the nail behind the masher, and wedge it on top between the tight portion of the rope and washer

Make the tie once or twice and you can do it quicker than a cat catches A mouse To loosen, just pull the rope up and around, and it is

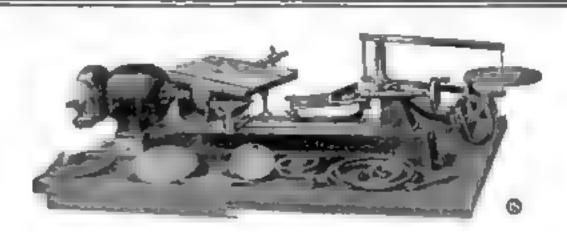


Washer used for fastening a cord.

instantly rearly to go up or down. The makes a tight tie, too. You can break the rope or pull not the and before it will slip or loosen. - F B.

YOU CAN BUILD Worth While Things ONLY Worth While Tools

THE KING OF



Whether your objective is profit, or merely the joy and satisfaction of "making things," the degree in which you realize your aim is dependent directly upon the quality of your workmanship and the ease and speed with which it is accomplished. And these in turn are dependent upon the quality and efficiency of the equipment you have to work with.

The Ar-Con Utilitool was designed to squarely meet the need for a home work-shop that would match the results of commercial equipment—a work-shop built for strength, and accuracy, and durability under constant hard usage. Its sturdy 1/2 H.P. ball-bearing repulsioninduction type motor—the most efficient type built provides abundant power for any work the outfit will be called upon to do.

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Ar-Con Utilized units may be purchand angly of it may combination of units if the complete outfit is not required at the start. Marcover, the purchase can be made by convenient time payments, if desired. Send for fully illustrated descriptive circular and complete price-list, with terms, The coupon is for your renvesience.

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le is wood, real mond, in party form, that can be moulded in the lingers and hardens into good lasting wood. It sticks, too, where it is put—to wood, moral, plaster, stone, fabric, even to glass.

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Plastic Wood in a promier for professional and amateur. Carpensers find it often helps to do a better, quicker jub. Cabinet makers use it regularly. For the handy man it serves a long fult want, and anyone can use it to "keep his house in order."

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Plastic Wood corner an airtight cana. When hard it can be planed, chirclied, sawed, and holds nails and screws like any natural wood. It is waterprood, and greateproof, and takes paint, varisish or lacquer perfectly.

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For thinning Plastic Wood, which may have hardened in the ear from frequent opening, cleaning hands or tools, or for suffering it when it hardens too tapidly for working, use Plastic Wood Solvest Ask your dealer for it, in 25 and 50 cent

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Applison-LESLIE COMPANY

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Canton, Mass.



Novelty Finishes

(Continued from pups 4d)

modern art, the expression of one's personality is unhampered by precedent or traditions and motifs, while taken largely from nature, are rendered in cubist style, or geometrically, or in other posel ways.

The use of masking tape" often helps in pointing modernatic angular ornaments on. The tape temporardy covers portions of the surface to keep them from being conted with

the colors you are applying.

Hegular masking tape is wid by dealers in the large enties who sell supplies to automobile point shops. However, guidated craft paper tape used for wrapping packages makes one of the heat kinds of masking tape. It has a straight edge, is tough and durable, and comes off qually without disfiguring the surface Craft tape can be obtained in eiters from large commercial stationers and wholesale paper houses. It comes in various widths and costs little. In mealier towns it usually can be lead at some factory or store that uses tape for wrapping

toguar designs of various forms can be produced by pasting strips of tape on the surlace in tightry that there had be no opportunity for the paint to run under the edges. When the paint has dired, the paper wis generally peel off reactive, but in case it does stick,

it can be southers off with water

Masking tipe also will be found useful for striping borders. Along the eiter of the table top or whatever is being Jewestesl, coal a strip about an inch mote with the color desired for the border stripe. Then out a piece of tape the midth of the stripe and of the necessary length that it with a kinde and straightedge to be sure the edges are absolutely straight. Pasto this down and then coal the entire surface with the body color. When the color is dry, prel off the tape to expose the straight, arom stripe of the der color.

THE use of gold and alver for edging and otherwise organicating furnitive and art objects is effective with any type of decoration. While the most widely used method of piding is to brush on a matture of gold brighter powder and a broading liquid ("banana oil" or aone other type), a much stronger, brighter color with greater depth and rachness is obtained by conting the surface with japan gold use, and, as soon as it gets tacky, powdeng on the gold or alver broade with a chamois or soft cloth. Surplus particles should be blown off.

The very finest gilding, of course, is done with pure gold leaf. This may be applied by the home decorator if done with extreme ente, although it is really a job for the skilled craftsman.

Metal leaf, gold and silver, and substitutes for them come in small sheets with this paper between. The surface to be gilded as coaled with japan gold site put on evenly and only where the leaf is to adhere. Necessarily, the sme must be applied over a well scaled surface so that it will not soak into the wood.

As soon as the size becomes sticky or tacky to the proper degree, a sheet of the leaf as removed from the box, lifted gently by a corner, and laid on the tacky size. It is then smoothed out with rotton batting and patied down.

Where small or narrow (Continued on page 121)





Model Ships

Mississippi Ricar Steamboat

Build a beneatiful model of

rest special country this set contains a rough faus. Standard asserting wheel, capatan, brings belt and the their blocks, and all the mecanary materials of the finest grade for making decks, as one was present to be living a fact, where the first plan postage for 4 periods. We have three crass a monotonic for making scale and the box of the formal and the box of the formal transfer to the second of the box of the first transfer. The second of the box of the formal transfer to the second of the box of the formal transfer to the second of the box of the second of

is a superior and providers two sets for sile priver heat stern congrues racing sail book. Our small fittings such as blocks, dead-syes, suchors, etcering wheels, capetans, guns, etc., are the finest to be had. Latest photographically liberrated booklet contains delarge pages of useful information and hints in addition to prices for the above articles and special materials, tools, etc., for the model tooklet. A copy we be sent assepted special receipt of 15 contains.

Model Ship Supply, Dept. P. Mineels, N. Y.





Novelty Finishes

(Continued from page 150)

surfaces are being gilded, the leaf may be cut to the desired size with a rasor blade. ever one piece of leaf overlaps another, the laps are allowed to remain until the size has dried hard, when all surplus portions of the had

are wiped off.

The gilded surfaces, if not to be subjected to much handling or wear, may be left without a protective coating, but if they are to receive any amount of hard wear, they should be coated over with a thin, pale varnish, which may be rubbed with fine puzzies stone powder and oil if it is not desired to leave them in a gloss finish.

Among other new finishes are the stippling isequers recently brought out under various names. Artistic work can be done by suppling them on with a sponge after the piece has been lacquered with a suitable foundation color-Stapple effects are especially suitable for use in panels and surfaces stude of a moking or a border, or for a finish around a panel of ornamental design.

Stippling lacquers usually are furnished in the form of a colored broam powder and a special liquid preparation in two separate tin-



Dusting gold beauting powder on a jewelbox previously costed with japan gold eine.

compartments. The bronze powder and liquid are mused together immediately before use, and on y as much should be mused as will be needed for the work, as the material does not keep well after being combined.

For stippling, use a close-grained sponge. Soften it in water and wring it out practically dry, then dip it, flat side down, into the stippling mixture, which can be poured out on a plate, source or even a piece of paper folded to several thicknesses. Tap the sponge a few times on a sheet of paper to remove the exonse; then tap it lightly on the surface to be decoented.

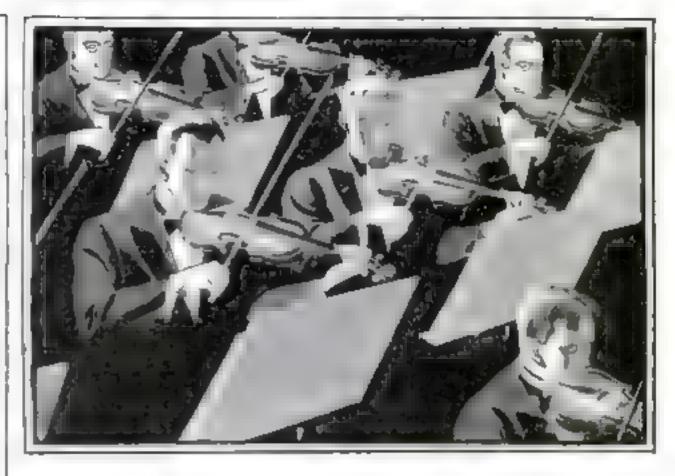
It is often describle to go over the surface two or more times to even up the effect. A second or third stapple color may be applied by cleaning out the sponge with lacquer thinner or using another sponge, and going over the

marface again in the same way

Another type of treatment particularly stated for gift wares is what is generally termed "spatter fleisbing. Small spatters of colorare flecked onto a place-color background by dipping a brush into the spatter color, wiping it off on the edge of the container until only scant full, and then striking it against a stock or the back of the hand to jar off countless tiny specks of color onto the surface being decorated.

Two or more spatter colum may be applied, one following the other. A fine or course brush may be used, according to the effect desired. and a little practice will soon develop uniform workmanship. One or two strokes should al-ways be made against a sheet of paper or other trial surface to make pure the brush is not too heavily loaded with paint or coursel.

An enamel finish is generally used for the background and coame! Continued on page 132,



Where working together is everything

An Advertisement of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company

IT is the sum of the Bell System that anyone anywhere in the country can pick up a telephone and

talk to anyone anywhere else clearly and without delay. That is the meaning of universal service. To provide it, the means of telephoning must be uniformly good. Each of the 24 operating companies of the Bell System has full access to all the improvements and methods that are continually being made.

There are 5000 workers on the staffs of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Bell Laboratories whose sole occupation is to develop constantly improving methods and equipment for the 350,000 employees of the Bell System to use in serving the public. The results of the efforts are evident, not only in the

extension of telephone service across the Atlantic, but in the constantly improving local and long distance service at home.

The very nature of the telephone business necessitates & single interconnected system. The American Telephone and Telegraph Company accepts its responsibility for a nation-wide telephone service as a public trust.

It is fundamental in the policy of the Company that all earnings after regular dividends and a surplus for financial security be used. to give more and better service to the public.

A definite program for getting ahead financially will be found on page four of this issue.



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The 1029 six-tube. Accordance the two goes Acro. Cilia his his and the five goes Acro. Cilia his his half as the operate the CiliaCon. Fit has except may be lead from your dearer. No experies has been spared in endeavor to make these is to the literaty areas on a 4-branching, we come upon a continued even note, and the fivery part mental for he conquision in if the receiver is continued even note, and the intering against over the purchase. Any one can mentally an action receiver in few hours of and which tended proper placements of parts and fathelism pretorial with a different particular and fathelism pretorials with a different particular and fathelism pretorials with a different placement of parts and fathelism pretorials within the built for A.C., D.C., or chiefed Crid Lubba.

L protected request brings for exists the horizons that adjusting the no. 3 to the or 4 to 10 to



AERD PRODUCTS

Dept. 1598

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Novelty Finishes

Semond from Ew 1513

of a harmonuing or contrasting color for the spatter work. The spatter ruler should be thinned a little. If appared while the foundation rout is still wet, the spatters will sink level with the surface, but if the ground cont has become dry, they will be on top of the surface in a runsed or published effect.

Polychromous, or the partial waying of of cular appared over a foundation coating of another culor, is especially adapted for gift wares, but it is so well known that it will not be described here

knother novelty treatment that produces a remarkable blending of colors is as follows: hall a deep dish with water and drop a little of each of three prifour colors of enamel on the surface of the water. Run them together somewhat with a spoon or assals paddle to form a pattern like martile.

The object to be decorated, as for instance the canalestick in the upper illustration on page 56, is then let down into the water by means of a wire loop, and pulled up dowly through the firm of enamel floating on top of the water. This courts the surface with a fixual of animals beauty.

With a few practice dippings, anyone one get the knack of the operation. Unsatisfactory attempts can be wiped off with gasoline. After being dipped, the object should be allowed to dep and day. Suspend it over a newspaper by means of a book formed on the other and of the loop of wire.

Shellac Protects Book Bindings from Wear

A GOOD method to protect the binding of books is to apply a coat of white shellac. I we a small, and brush, and coat the covers evenly. The shellac does not have the binding or obscure the title and other lettering.

Dust and dust may be wored from the treated building with a dightly damp cloth. If necessary, the finish may be renewed again if the first cost of shellac wears off in places under constant me.

It pays to treat scientific text and reference books by this method, as they are expensive and are often placed on open shelves where they are exposed to dust and sometimes to chemical vapors.

I have seen bucks, after receiving this treatment, placed in a public library with other houles that were not sheline control. After a few months the value of the protective contrag became very evident. Rates R. La Contra

Keeping Brakes Adjusted

If AUTOMOBILE brake drums are scored hadly, it is folly to expect them to stay in adjustment. The dram should be removed and reground or replaced with a new one.

Difficulty in adjusting brakes may be caused by grease and dist, which numritimes will get into the brake lining and not it. Water will, put some havings out of commission as long as they remain soaking wet. It occasionally happens, too, that the brakes drain is out of round and wents the lining away as fast as it is set up.

When going over a set of brakes, disconnect the pull rods and set up the hands to the drums antil there is 015 in clearance between the hang and the drum at all points. Then set up the pull rods for the proper leverage and throw of the pedal. The job then will have every chance of staying right provided the linings are good and the drums in missfactory conductor.

bee that the spring-to-axle clips are tight and make certain that there is no motion back and forth on the spring modile.—RAY F Kussa.



Popularity Musical Joy Extra Money

Don't you, like everyone else, want all the fun, profit and popularity you can get out of life? Where will you find more fun than in being able to create your own music? Or more profit than in being able to make \$5 to \$25 a night for work that is "play"? Or more popularity than in being able to "dash off" a snappy fox trot, a dreamy walta or storing much on your xylor wins?

Joy and Pleasure Ahead Imagine long, cheery evenings at home or with aweetheart, wife or friends. Picture yourself the center of interest wherever you go—looked up to us the fellow or get who plays the zylorimba. A whole lifetime of musical joy and all that it means. Don't these thoughts appeal? You can make them come true!

Remarkable the the Kylorimia is, it is the ration of all instances in play. No tiresome protein to be because in the flay. No tiresome protein to be because in the flay of once. Soon you among fraction and relations with supert sylorimba selections. Note imbate are always in destand at comes, per sea, theaters and radio at store and well pand for the restance of radio at store and well pand for the restance of they furnish. As a true in that y is are always able to make substantial space one money.

Plays 20 Minutes. Gets 320 Raight Smith Clinage played at minutes at a wedding his toy was \$10.00. Although only two in lark Minites of plays big time vaudeville on inverty harm broads how look to ack, has made to do in it freeds through his sylments selections in a minute. It is those through the sylments selections in a minute in the selection of the selections of the selections.

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Clamps for Speedy Work

Continued from page 89)

has to be frequently tightened and loosened. Few mechanics think of providing any means on duplicate jobs for holding a clamp in posttion when loosened. Yet even on many a single-piece job it is worth while to devise some method for accomplishing this purpose. In Fig. II at A is shown a counternist, and at B, a stiff, short coil spring, either of which answers the purpose without in any way interfering with the work. The spring can be used almost anywhere, no matter whether the bolt is inclined or not, or how close the stem is to the work, pro-vided a washer is piaced against each end. The spring also allows instant adjustment of the clamp in any direction, while preventing it from dropping or shifting in any way unless in-tended. Eather expedient—counterant or spring—will be found a great improvement where a difficult job of clamping has to be repeated several times.

POINT often altogether overlooked is some A form of bult that can be applied without the tedious job of screwing a nut on or off every time. Such an article, made from a carriage bolt, unbown in Fig. 1stat A and B. All that is necessary is to grind off the round head thish with the flate on two opposite index of the shock. Except for heavy jobs, such a bolt has simple strength. If the bolt is used with a slotted alrap, the nut need never be removed, unless a counternut as to be used with it. You win find frequent use for this kind of quickaction bolt once you have a few on hand. Incidenially, thu bolt not only saves the trouble and time of removing and replacing and hunting for—the nut and washer, but also prevents the stem from turning while the nut is being tightened.

The cap screw of Fig. 13 at A and the nut at B are designed to prevent the numeror of one part's turning while the other is being tightened. One or the other is used together with a plain not or screw. As in the case of the quickaction bolt, it is necessary to choose for this service a screw that mostly fits the slots in the machine table or faceplate, in order that a

sufficient bearing nurface is left.

WE WILL now turn our attention to a few ample designs of clamps that can be made at very small trouble in even the smallest shop. Variety is essential in a collection of clamps, because of the many conditions that have to be met. C-clamps are not ordinarily used, except for holding work on the drill table, yet the smader sizes of these clamps, which can be bought for ten or bitteen cents almost anywhere, can be put to excellent use on the faceplate in holding light work, especially for genering. The frame should preferably be of such cross section as to allow the clamp to be turned in the slots sufficiently to obtain a full footing, as at A, Fig. 14, although it is possible to use a bar undermeath across the slot, as at B.

Perhaps the main reason why U-champs are not used on the faceplate is the projecting and of the screw, which would suterfare with the headstock if placed on the inside of the faceplate, and constitute a danger if it we stick out in front. With a very little work, this trouble can be remedied by shortening the acrews of several annuar C-clamps by various amounts as abown in Fig. 15. Since the thickness of the faceplate of drill table must be subtracted in every case, this amount, plus a small allowance for the thinnest work that is fikely to turn up, is taken off from the longest acres Two or three additional sines are prepared, differing, my, by 14 or 14 in., according to the same of the lathe or drill peers. The handle is removed, and the head of the screw burned down almost to the cross bold. With a set of clamps so fixed, the greatest free projection of the screw of the 3-in. clamp above is but slight. At the expenditure of Continued on page 124.

-and Easy Payments If Desired

Here is the greatest Lathe Value ever offered. A Universal Whith This Lather Year Cam Hartum Aventifies Hate Business Baran Valvas Br. Man Sutunia Tool of highest quality and accuracy one that will work metals of all kinds-cast from wrought from steel, aluminum, brass, bronze, copper, monometal-also fibre, hard rubber, and wood in pattern making. Note the many kinds of work it will do.

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N-

Address

City & State.

Clamps for Speedy Work

Continued from page 135,

a dollar and a few odd momenta in the shop, a set of eight or ten clamps can be made that will give speed and added convenience on many jobs of hight turning and granding

The self-adjusting clamp strap flustrated in Fig. 16 at 4 is specifically intended for work where the surfaces which must be lieft are should it which make it excellently suited to all-ground work. It is an ordinary strap with a steel ball forced into a hole made in one end. The universal espacity of this clamp adapts it for holding rough custings and makes it independent of the exact height of the blocking It should be used with a block having a hole to

husanes in adjusting work on the faceplate. The more elatorate offset forms of clamps are best bought resuly-made, especially in the larger short, unless the mechanic has the shall and equipment required to forge them.

give a seat for the ball and prevent the sudden sliding and dropping of the block, which is a

A FFW designs of flat clamps, which can be made without much trouble from cold-rolled steel by shaping or milling, are shown in Fig. 17. The shorter airids may be made in the form of a stock, as at D, which is to ence the make the individual hars. At I is illustrates an offset design. Note that the front receive of turned out to a semicircle to adow getting closer to round work. A self adjusting type is shown at B. The design at C is well adapted for energy places. Properly covelurate and a set of these straps in lengths of up to, say T is forms a near and performance of up to say T is

We will conclude with a low brackroom clamp, which, though there is no frequent call for it, will be found handy at times. A series with the head counterwink is used with almost any of the styles described. One kind a shown at f in hig 1s, while at it is illustrated an instance of its appointment in a part faving an overhanging flange. An ordinary a bend series may be used although a ball headed series and a series aphened and as a shown will add the advantage of making the clamp self-adjusting. Such a clamp, of course, requires to be tightened always from the back or underside of the face-plate or drill table. Recourse of the practical tack of any projection, whether below or above, this clamp will work in pures where no other clamp will and is safe at high speeds.

This is the first of a series of articles on easier and better ways to hold work in the machine shop.

Stenciling Christmas Cards

District the second

thick and not too wet. Any stdf bristle brush may be used to apply them. A regular stenct; brush may be bought for the work, but even a flat point brush works very well if a rubber hand is placed about the bristles to keep them from aprending.

The position of the break is shown in an disstration on page 92. The motion should always be up and down in a vertical direction. If the different parts of the stencil are of the same size, they may be each last down in turn, the roser applied, and the completed design made up one card at a time.

Sometimes after a number of impressions have been made from one of the smaller sten all abeets, it becomes clogged and filled up. If show can't cour has been used, such a stencil may be cleaned by scraping it with a knife.

In the case of some of the smaller and a templer parts, it will be found easier to add ever and other small dots of exer with the tip of a brush than to cut a stend for them

Remember in the selection of colors for Christmas rards that bright, cheerful hors are always the ones to use



Make the Harmonica YOUR "Musical Pal"

MILLIONS of how and girls have found the harmonics a most delightful pail" for their bours of leaser and have discovered that a greatly increases their popultor if sound the friends

If a scenary to play this contrament that is a short time execute an recider extently not only the belowed make it of school and ramp, but also the latest popular songs fresh from broadway.

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Making Your Car Better

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the ramy season. It is a 6,000 mile journey through miles of know-deep water to erocodileinfeated bogs, through blistering heat, blinding sandstorms, and rivers swolless by flood. Yet through this wilderness ploughed two Chevrolets—a standard sedan and a truck—to reach Catro, to 135 days, en route to Stockbolm, Sweden. Meanwhile, over another 8,500-mile route, a Chrysler driver forerd his slock andan in the amazing time of ninety-four daysalso at the height of the wet season.

Some idea of the trials these men experionced, and that their cars weathered, may be greated from the Chevrolets crossing of the Rayu River, in Tanganyika Territory. It was in full flood when the expedition reached itfive miles wide, to many places, and want deep. For three days the adventurers at and waited for it to go down. Instead, it rose five inches. Then they decided to go through First went the sedan, a hundred natives dragging it by main forces. Then the truck on pentages—but the pontoges sank in midriver, and natives with ropes towed the halfsubmerged vehicle through the swamp and up on the other sale. Despite the advice of wellwishers, both care completed the trip without recourse at any time to boats or train "port-

SICH feats are not the result of chance.

Modern autos have stamma bred into them, at factories where the real boss, whose word is respected and feared, is the man at the proving grounds.

At these great outdoor laboratories, a new car model must prove its worth in gruelling tests. Up and down hills it bucks the roughest treatment a hardened driver can give it. It is raced at top speed for hours around a concrete oval, while checkers measure its performance with stop watches and chronometers accurate to the veriest fraction of a second. No seasoned testers take its wheel, but handy men whose notion of good driving is simplicity itself-"open 'er up and hold er in the road until something gives way "

That so few things do give way is amazing For instance, when a car is moving at a hundred miles on hour, the motor is turning up about 4,200 revolutions & minute, and the actual travel of a piston is almost incredible. It starts of lains a speed of sayty mucs an hourand stops short, all in 1/140 of a second, or 8,400 times a minute. In the same unbehevauly brief split second, a valve opens, gulps in a charge of gasoline vapor, and shuts again. And the flywheel is the speed king of the car a machinery parts; its circumference is spinning at 171 miles an hour.

FIGURES that take your breath away? Imagine, then, what was going on marks one of the Studebaker engines in the 50,000mile run described at the beginning of this article Each puton traveled 49,097,000 feet, not smoothly but at a banging, joiting guit of stopping and starting that you might expect would tear it to pieces at every stroke. More than 269,000,000 explosions hathed the inside of every car's engine with while-hot fire Every valve sprang open and clamped shut 33,060,000 times. Every crank shaft made pearly seventy million complete revolutions?

To build an auto that will weather strains and stresses such as these, the motor car maker of today keeps many of the cars that he manufactures to try them for himself. A surprising proportion of the country's total auto mileage is run off by machines the public never sees. Cadidae and La Salle cars at the proving grounds, in two years, covered 1,2)5,000 mucs-more than five times the distance to the moon. Oldsmobile test cars, used in designting a new mater ground out 1,177,000 miles, a distance that the aver- (Continued on page 136)





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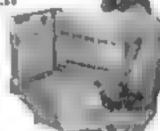
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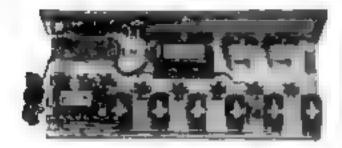
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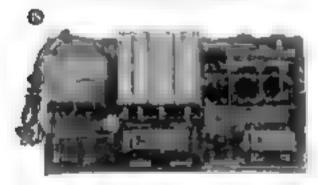
The new Victories is simply wonderful—that is the only way to describe it. It has wonderful tone—wonderful scleotivity, wonderful sensitivity. It is wonderfully simple to assemble, sounderfully cary to operate. Anyone who has the slightest "imack" can assemble in a few pleasant hours is not which, from every standpoint, simply cannot be surpassed.

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Making Your Car Better

(Continued from page 155)

age owner might take 146 years to cover.

Even when the model is passed, and placed on sole, the makers are not satisfied. Many a car is bought from a dealer estensibly by a private individual, just as you or I might buy it, and driven back to the factory or entered in a race to see what it can do.

Stock cay races are the final test of the factory's effort to build a stanneh and powerful vehicle. Competition is keen, and the American Automobile Association rigidity examines each competing car to be sure that it is the mine as the one in the dealer's window. When a sedan model can run all day and all night at sixty-eight miles an hour, with only one minute's average time out every hour for stops that include re-fueling and changing drivers—as a stock Stuta did to win a recent Indianapolis mee—then the maker is intested that he has a car able to stand abuse.

No wonder, then, that the 1979 models you see in the shuwtooms have the snews of trians under their glistening paint, and the strength of a Hercules beneath the engines a boud. That is what Mr. Driver demands today, and thanks to such tests, he is getting it.

You Can See Your Home Before You Build It

(Continued from June 37)

their roofs are lifted one may see rooms and halls and oven furniture. They are lighted by electricity so that you can look through their men windowpanes. You can easily imagine yourself as living in these tray habitations. Having everything before you like this is far better than puzzling over a blurprint where a square is a "libenty" or "master bedroom"

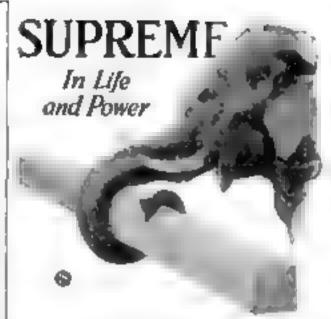
Probably everyone who has built a bouse has forgotten some comfort and convenience. He may have thought he told the architect or misread the plans. Let him see standing walls and partitions and closets all clearly modeled and he knows what he is getting. The wife can tell how many steps it will be from the kitchen to the dining room, and whether the hathrooms and the kitchen sink are right. There is little danger of doors being forgotten or the windows omitted when all the arrangements of the house unbuilt are so indicated.

Many persons blame architects and building contractors when they are charged for changes made after plans are drawn or construction begun. They do not realize that changes require that plans be tedrawn and scores of accessments revised. Shifting pages after a building is well up may mean tearing away walls at a heavy cost.

A model fully worked out, however, permits the owner to me just what his new bome will be, if the scheme indicated is carried to completion. If he wants changes, they can be made with sciesors or kinde at no expense

If you are thinking of having a home built and have your lot, and are not quite ready to go shead, you can take many a drightful encursion into the future by trying your hand as an amateur model maker. The materials such as cardboard, thin wooden strips, and sculptor's clay plastohne are cheap and the tools required are few and simple. Also, you can have models made to suit you at relatively small cost. If you are a camera enthusasst you can see the results of your labor on the site proposed, when the time comes. You thus can work out very definite ideas on which architect and builder can go shead to make your dream of a dwelling come true.

It has been said nobody knows whether he likes his new house, its settings, or its interior until he has fived in it a year. If one have the foresight to study it in a small edition, he can read his title clear to comfort and content,



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Mechanical Men—Our New Slaves

(Continued from page 73)

Wensley's Televity, at the name imhenter, is a mechanism which can be operated by a vuice from a distance. The control of mechanusc from afar by means of electrical circuits. is a familiar operation. A very faunt electrical unpulse will affect an electromagnet which, by moving its armature over a small listance, can be made to release energies waiting for the agnal to get into action. Such an impulse may he conveyed either by direct wires, as in the case of the Edison "robot" plant, or by wireless. Thus boots have been steered without a pilot, automobiles driven safely through Iraffic without a human driver, and even airplanes flown without an aviator at the control lever!

These feats, however, have been mere demonstrutions of possibilities. For general industrial application they are, as yet, too expensive and too uncertain. Wireless cannot be relied upon to work perfectly at an times, and the cost of setting up and maintaining a wire cucust over any completable dutance, where it is used only occasionally, is probibitive

B (IT telephone wires go almost everywhere) And in the Televox, Wensley solved the engineering problem of utilizing the vibrations of the human voice transmitted electrically over a telephone wire, and exploiting their power at the receiving and to produce oscillations in an electrical elecuit

And now three of these robots, stationed at three reservoirs which hold the water supply of the city of Washington, report to their chiefs in the War Department, whenever called upon to do so, the depth of the water in their respective reservoirs.

In the same city is the "Great Brain" of the Coast and Geodetic Servey, and it is surely one of the most useful robots in exactence. To it every day men put questions about the future, which it enswers with such precision that tens of thousands risk their lives and untald millions of wealth are staked upon the necturery of its forecasts. It predicts the tides for every port in the world for years

abrect. The Great Brass Brain is a form of harmonic analyser, operating mechanically instead of electrically. It occupies a space cleven feet long, six feet high, and two feet wide, and does without error labor which otherwise would require fifty to one hundred human computers, working continuously and subject to the in-evitable percentage of human errors.

HAVE your thinking done while you wait' of the Mannchusetta Institute of Technology is a robot performing this startling function. Where workers in the business world ordinarily are intuffed with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of numbers, the engineer deals with corvet and graphs which represent for him the past, present, and future of the things in which he deals. In other words, whereas the ordinary adding and calculat ne machines are limited to handling definite numbers, or constants, the new invention deals with those indefinate and inconstant quantities known as variables. These are quantities whose changing values depend on other variable quantities.

Strange to my, the mechanical bram of the Integraph, which solves in a few manutes problems so complex that it would take an engager from a mouth to a year to work them out, resembles nothing so much as the electric meter in your home. It performs its thinking procenter and reaches its solutions by running as a motor, translating the problem into terms of electric power and expressing the naswer in the hime maliner.

And so the age of

(Continued on page 150)

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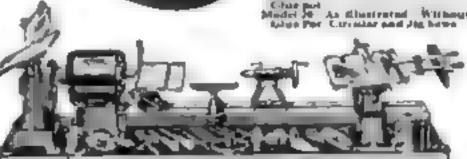
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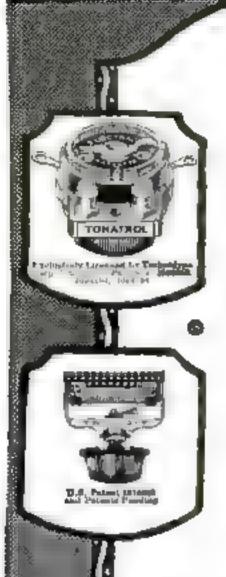
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Mechanical Men—Our New Slaves

(Continued from page 187)

the robot is now really upon us. Perhaps hard Capek, in surveying the modern industrial scene, is more surprised than any of no by the manner in which his functful prediction, in a sease, has come true!

But the robots of busplay were very different from the obedient, useful mannequing de-arribed here. Docale slaves of man at first, they finally rose in revolt against their masters and exterminated humanity, subsequently perishing themselves, since they had no power of reproduction and wore out in time, like any other piece of machinery.

Such a disastrous development is, of course, out of the question in the case of the robota of science. But-will they ever become so perfected and will their numbers so increase that they will destroy the necessity for human labort

In the light of present knowledge, that menunot at all likely. A writer of philosophic tales once told of a man who gradually grew cruster and crazier tending one of those intricate mathematical machines and hoping each day that his mechanical servant would make a mutake.

MANY years went by and his hopes re-mained unrealisted. Every sum was fatally right. Finally, the catastrophs came-A cog or two flew out, and the machine reported automatically a whole series of results most gratifyingly erroneous. The machine had gone completely crasy first! Maybe it is one of the eternal vertues that machine thinking makes no small mutakes, but only hig ones!

Then, too, consider that the robot cannot work without hussen direction and control. Broc's bie-giving levers are set in motion by a man pushing buttons. The stroller in Lon-don's West End could never walk alone. Televor exawers the phone only when called upon to do so by Wensley or someone else equally acquainted with his inner workings. Without the lone operator at his board three males away, the robot army in the Edison plant would have perpetual frisure!

Thus, while the events foreshadowed in R I R have come to pass in a measure, a realization of the dream of thinking machines a nowhere within the range of actual pos-

ribility.

WHAT, then, does this interesting develop-ment really mean to all of us? Does it mean that, before long, most of the work of the world will be done by robota? Will the man of affairs soon go to his office in an automobile driven by a mechanical chauffeur, who will be directed at busy intersections and perchance "hawled out, 'too') by a mechanical traffic cop? Will that same business man, at lunch time, be waited on by a robot waiter and, in the evening, be guided to his theater seal by a tobot osber? Will his wife have a mechanical ladies' maid to "book her up in back" and his children a robot nume to wash their morame faces and take them to school?

Perhaps. But in any event the robot and his development on a large and scientific limit will result up at least one great benefit to mankind. In the words of a high official of the New York Educa Company, "the mechanical man and his ultimate universal practical application will rid humanity of much drudgery and

thousands of uncongenual tracks."

Men thus freed from unpleasant chores, he declared, never need fear unemployment in a well-organized society but, on the contrary, may look forward to a better opportunity for the development of their inherent talents and intellectual powers. They will receive the gift of leasure, which will enable them to apply their released energies to the achievement of a finer, fuller life than they can enjoy at present.

The Old

Ratioble

Credit

Risk Death for Invention

(Continued from page 81)

Now Mumsen gambled his life that it would work at great depths. First, with vulurieers who also nonned the masks, he descended maty feel into the Potomae in a diving bell, slid into the water, and ascended safely along a rope. Next, off Dahlgren, Va., he and Chief Gunner's Mate Thomas Earlie, hero of the submarine S-4 rescue attempt, repeated the test successfully from a depth of 100 feet.

Finally Momen and two other men threw caution to the winds and had themselves lowered in a diving bell from the salvage vessel Falcon 155 feet straight down into the waters of the Chempenke Bay, off Solomon's Island, Md. None had ever attempted to emerge from such a depth without heavy metal armor; for all they knew, it was certain suicide. At the top of the rope, watchers waited anxiously the outcome of the experiment.

THE waters parted, and the head of Lieuten-ant Momien emerged. A few seconds apart, Joseph Eaben, chief torpedomas, and E. Kalonowski appeared from the depths, all clad in Momeen's weard masks. They were eafe; and though the hodies of all three were bloated from their sudden release from underana pressure, none felt aerious ill effects.

Now it was certain that the Momsen lung would be a life-saver in almost any submarine disaster. Recalling a few automorine cutastrophes of the past, the S-1 wask in 102 feet of water, the S-57 in 190, and the F-4 in 305 Momacu and his fellows had demonstrated the effectiveness of their device to 185 feet. New tests in the Navy air tank confirmed it to \$25 Navy men believe that it could even have myed the occupants of the F- L

From these tests has evolved the "lung" as it appears lossly a mouthpiece with a bag of mygen attached. Regulators acpust the presmire of the gas supply automatically for any depth. Weighing only two pounds, the lange can conveniently be carried on a submarine nne for every man- where cumbersome safety apparatus is out of the question. Officials who watched the tests characterise the device as the most practical rescue implement yet invented.

AT Title writing the Navy was preparing another spectacular test of the lung—to reenact the 5-4 dwastes. Six or eight slaring volunteers, including Lieut. Morasen, were to man the raued and reconditioned 8-4 off Hampton Roads, Va. The ill-starred sub-marine, with them in it, was to be sent to the bottom. Then several of them, wearing Momeen lungs, would attempt to escape to the surface.

Two other methods of submarine escape were to be tried at the same time. One, the new Navy diving bell pictured hat month in Popular Screwer Morruzy, is designed to be boited to a hatch of modern construction on the submarine while the crew escape into it and are hauled to the surface.

The other is an areazing rescue submarine designed by historic Lake, propert underseaboat inventor. It has wheels on its keel, withdows in its bottom, and a compartment at the bow through which divers can emerge and rescued men enter at the bottom of the sea-For the test Lake remodeled his early emit Defender and planned to prior it alongside the nunken 5-4 to take a part in the dramatic Personation

Here again the Momsen lung would play a vita part. Men equipped with the device, leaving the S-4 through its hatches, would troop along the sea bottom to the Defender and would enter the rescue submarine's double r lock doors to be borne to the surface.

That was to be the last act of a stirring drama of courage and self-merifice-of Navy men willing to risk even death that their comrades underseas might live.



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Making a Television Disk

(Continued from page 53)

the compass to the width of the picture, and with the hinge of the compass pointing directly at the center of the circle, find the point where the compass legs will touch adjacent radii. I se one of these points as the start of your spiral. These steps are illustrated at the top of page fifty-three.

A perfect spiral can be drawn by using a studat the center with a piece of thin piano wire wound around it. The scriber should be passed through a loop in the end of the wire. As the scriber moves around, the wire winds about the stud and gradually draws the point toward the center, or unwinds and allows it to approach the rim, depending on which way the wire is wound around the stud.

The diameter of the stud should be equal to the height of the picture divided by 3.1416.

BEFORE you start to lay out the spirals on the metal, remember extreme accuracy in essential. See that you have plenty of light, use a sharp pointed sember, and be careful that each punch mark exactly comendes with the spiral line. Also make sure the disk is mounted on the shall of the motor so that the center of the motor shall matches the center from which you laid out the apiral. The size of the hole in the center of the disk will depend on the dismeter of the motor shall.

A then sheet of polished aluminum will do well for the television disk. The shiny surface will clearly show the lines scratched on it with the sharp steel point.

The diagrams show the principle of laying out a spiral. The same method should be followed no matter how many holes are to be used, or what use the picture is to be.

Now let us see how it works not in practice Suppose, for instance, that you have a sheet of aluminum not less than twenty-four inches square and that you want to lay out on the one disk spirals for furty-eight, thirty-ax and twenty-four hole pictures, and that you have a neon tube with a plate large enough to illuminate a picture one and a half inches square With such definite specifications, it is possible to calculate many of the dimensions.

Title outer hole of the furty-eight-hole spiral will be exactly 11 to mehes from the center of the dark. The outer hole of the thirty-six-hole spiral will be 8.00 mehes from the center and the outer hole of the twenty-four-hole spiral will be 5.74 mehes. The diameter of the stud about which the wire is wound will be \$\frac{1}{2}\$ inch. The mane, stud as used for all three spirals.

The holes are drilled in the disk at the intersections of the spiral with the radii. The size of these holes is determined by the number of holes in the speral and the height of the picture. To find the size of the hole, divide the height of the picture by the number of holes and add ten percent to provide the necessary overlap. For the particular duk mentioned above, the boles in the forty-eight-hole spiral should be drilled with a No. 65 drill (drills smaller than No. 00 can be obtained in a jeweler s supply store). Drill the lines in the thirtya No. 56 drill. Use a No. 50 drill for the twentyfour-hole spiral. It is desirable to drill the holes with a drill a couple of suest smaller than specified, and then reduil with the right axe to get the boles exactly right. Be sure to remove all burrs.

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Can Your Car Stand the Cold?

(Continued from page 78)

the bottles had sprung a leak. You should have seen his expression after he'd ordered me to stop and spiffed out where the smell earne from!

"That," commented Gus as the hughter subsided, "explains what's the matter with alcohol. It's a perfectly good antifreen only it won't stay put. What you need is something that is equally noncorrisive and yet won I both away. Glycerin and ethylene glycol are the only two that will do the trick. There really un't any choice between them. They both cost a lot more than alcohol, but you more than make up the difference by using the more solution winter after winter if you don't lose it on the road through leaks in the cooling system.

I'll go over yours to see that it a tight."
"How about the lubicenton?" Timothy inquired. "I have been informed that special oil

must be used in uniter."

"That's true enough if you let the motor run cold all the time," Gas replied, "but if you keep the motor at summer temperature there's no reason why you shouldn't use the same grade of od all the year round. Of course, if you keep your car in an unheated garage you want to let it warm up before you drive it out. And run it slow while it's getting warm. Racing a cold motor is the worst thing you can do.

"THE transmission and rear end," Gus con-timued, "ought to be filled with a lighter grease or oil in winter than in summer. That a particularly important if grease is used, because a stiff greate may get so hard that the gears just cut grooves in it, and besides, you have a lot of trouble stafting speeds

"You want to watch out for your storage battery, too. It won't freeze if you keep it fully charged, but a nearly exhausted buttery will freeze and be runted if a coul stap bits it. I'll set your generator so it shoves more juice through the battery. Don't aid water except just before you go out for a drive. The jiggling around will mit it with the achition before it gets a chance to freete.

My gracious! exclaimed Timothy, "I dich t realize it could be so simple. Just a few easy precautions and I can cappy my car in-

winter without harting it

"That's what it amounts to," Gus agreed "Remember to use high grade gas so the motor will start may, and don't forget to marry tire chains with you all the time. You never can tell when you re going to get exciplt in a snowstorm of a sleet storm, which is even worse.

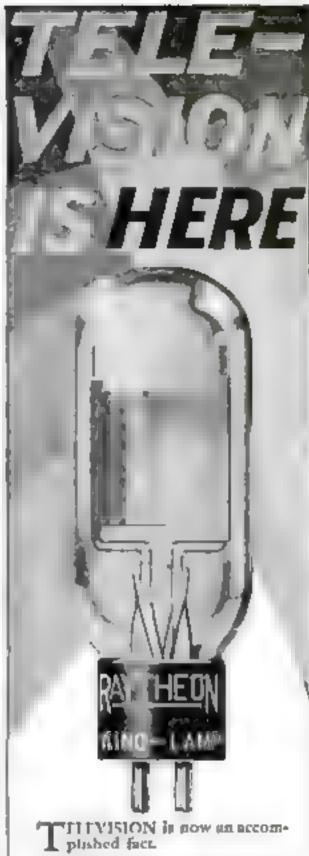
ARE any of these car heaters untisfactory?"
Timothy inquired. "If they are, I could get along without a heavy overcost and thick

"Most of the good makes are all right if they are installed carefully," Gus replied. "But don't go sailing off without un overcost. A friend of mine did that once in the middle of winter with the temperature down below freezing. About four miles from nowhere, the motor quit the job and the poor book had to bool it in that weather without any overcost or gloves. He mighty near got pneumonus.

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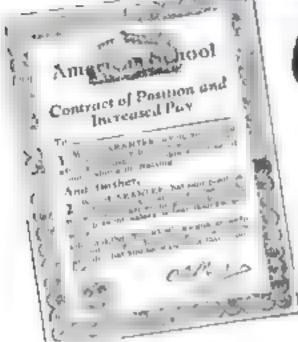
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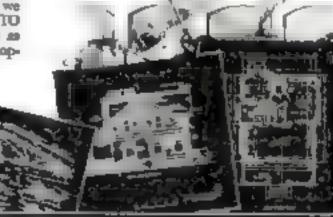


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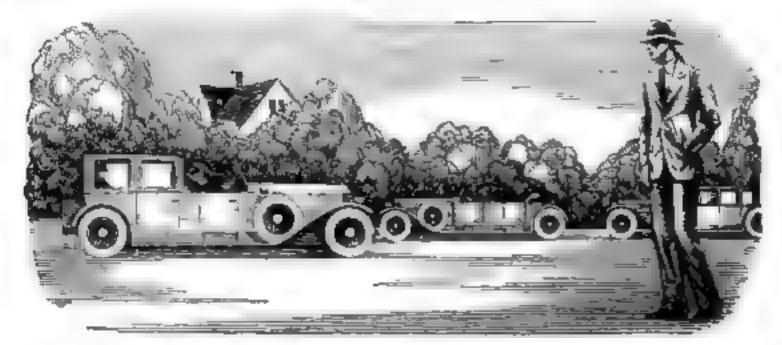
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Many times in the old days, while I trudged hapse after work to more carfors. I used to gate carrierally at the shading corn gliding by me, the prosperious were used toomer, within, Little did I thank that inside of a year. I, too, would have my own cor a decent bank account, the good things of tife that make all mosts frame.

I Thought Success Was For Others

Believe It Or Not, Just Twelve Months Ago I Was Next Thing To "Down-and-Out"

TODAY I'm sole owner of the lastest growing Radio store in town. And I me on good terms with my banker, too—not like the old days only a year ago, when often I didn't have one dellar to knock against another in my pocket. My wife and I live in the anuggest little home you ever mw, right in one of the best perghborhoods. And to think that a year ago I used to dedge the landlasty when she came to collect the rest for the little bedroom I called "bome."

It all seems the a dream now, as I look back over the past twelve short months, and think how discouraged I was then, at the "end of a blind alley." I thought I never had had a good chance in my life, and I thought I sever would have one. But it was waking up that I needed, and here's the story of how I got it.

I WAS a clerk working at the moul miserable mlary such jobs pay. Somehow I'd never found may way to get into a line where I could make good money.

Other fellows seemed to find opportunities. But—much as I wanted the good though that go with success and a decent income—all the really well-paid vacancies I over heard of seemed to be out of my line, to call for some kind of knowledge I didn't have.

And I wanted to get matried. A fine situation, wasn't it? Mary would have agreed to try it—but it wouldn't have been fair to her.

Mary had told me, "You can't get alread where you are. Why don't you get into another line of work, somewhere that you can advance?"

"That a fine, Mazy," I replied, "but mist line! I've always got my eyes open for a better job, but I never seem to hear of a really good job that I can handle. "Mazy didn't seem to be satisfied with the answer but I didn't know what else to tell her

It was on the way home that night that I stopped off in the neighborhood drug store, where I operheard a scrap of construction about myself, a few hurning words that were the cause of the turning point in my life!

With a bot flush of shame I turned and left the store, and walked rapidly home. So that was what my neighbors—the people who knew me best—really thought of me! "Bargain counter shick—look how that mit fits, one fellow had mad in a low voice, "Bet be hasn't got a dollar in those pockets." "Oh, it a just "Leckin Anderson, and another "He's got a wish-hone where his back-hone ought to be."

As I thought over the words in deep humillation, a making thought made me catch my breath. Why had Mary been in dissatisfied with my answer that "I had a that a chance?" Did If my secretly think that too! And after all, wasn't it true that I had a "wish-bone" where my back bone ought to he? Wasn't that why I never had a "chance" to get ahead? It was true, only too true—and it had taken this cruel blow to my self-estern to make me see it.

With a new determination I thumbed the pages of a magazine on the table, marching for an advertisement that I done many times but passed up without thinking, an advertisement teding of big opportunities for trained men to succeed in the great new Radio field. With the advertisement was a coupon offering a big free book full of information. I sent the coupon in and in a few days received a handsome 64 page book, printed in two colors, telling all about the opportunities in the Radio field and how a man can prepare quickly and easily at home to take advantage of these opportunities. I read the book carefully, and when I finished it I made my decision.

What's imprened in the twelve months wance that day as I ve already took you, seems almost like a dream to me now. For ten of those twelve months, I've had a Radio business of my own! At first, of course I started it as a little proposition on the mie, under the guarance of the National Radio Institute, the outfit that gave me my Radio training. It wasn't long before I was getting so much to do in the Radio line that I are my measly little element job, and devoted my full time to my Radio business.

Since that time I we gone right on up, always under the watchful guidance of my friends at the National Radio Institute. They would have given me just as much help, too, if I had wanted to follow some other line of Radio besides building my own retail beament.

such as broadcasting, manufacturing, experimenting, sea operating, or any our of the score of bies they prepare you for. And to think that until that day I sent for their eyeopening book, I'd been wailing "I never had a chance" NOW I'm making real money. I drive a good looking car of my own. Mary and I don't own the house in full yet, but I we made a substantial down payment, and I m not straining myself any to meet the installments.

Here's a real tip. You may not be as had off as I was But, think it over—are you satusfied? Are you making enough money, at work that you like? Would you sign a contract to may where you are now for the next ten years, making the same numey? If not, you d better be some something about it instead of drifting

This new Radio game is a live-wire field of golden rewards. The work, in any of the 20 different lines of Hadio, is fascinating, absorbing, well-paid. The National Radio Institute—oldest and largest Hadio home-study school in the world—will train you (neither-lively in your own home to know Radio from A to Z and to increase your earnings in the Radio field.

Take another tip—No matter what your plans are, no matter how much or how little you know about Radio—clip the enupon below and look their free book over. It is filled with interesting facts, figures, and photos, and the information it will give you is worth a few minutes of anybody's time. You will place yourself under no obligation—the book is free and is gladly sent to anyone who wanta to know about Radio. Just address J. E. besth, President, National Radio Institute, Dept 44M, Washington, D. C., and the book will be mailed the same day your coupon waches him—you can have it right in your hards in a few days if you'll mail the coupon NOW.

J. S. Smith, President, National Radio Institute, Dept. 44M, Washington, D. C.

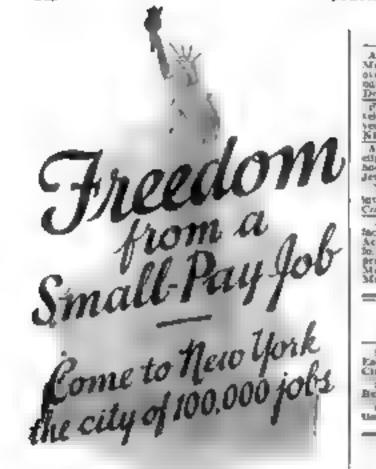
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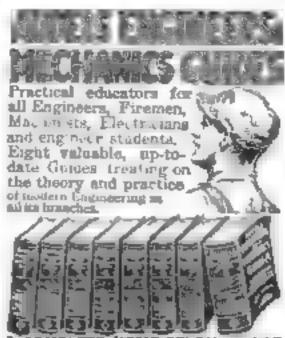
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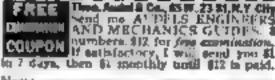
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"The Federal Schools showed me the direct way of turning my liking for drawing into money giving, in a sturt time, knowledge which otherwise takes many years of hard experience to acquire. I owe much of my present sucress to the Federal Schools. (Name on Request)

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You might like to know I am leaving this place to take up a new job as Art Director, for which I have a 2-year contract at \$50 per week I owe a debt of gratitude to the Federal Schools for starting me right." J. R. McKinney

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Don't Daydream Act!

FF YOU like to draw, but cannot afford to give up your present position to attend art school, this advertisement shows you an easy, pleasant way to develop your talent at home in spare time and become a successful commercial artist, earning big money, as hundreds of others have already done. How often have you wanted to get away from the grind and desigery of your duity routine to develop your natural ability to draw to be able to achieve success and a comfortable income as a commercial artast? Here is the big opportunity you have been waiting for-

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The Federal School has made available a complete course in commercial designing, that will spon prepare you to earn a handsome income. It has been arranged with the co-operation of trany nationally known artists, to train students in the quickest possible time. No previous training is necessary. If you are ready interested in art, and ambitious, you can be our copy of all

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The Letter That Saved Bob Johnson's Job

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Two written to his employer by the International Correspondence Schools, It told have "Rabert Johnson liad entitled for a course of home-thair had received a mark of 94 for his first resion."

Hob answered, the gummons to the 4 his a office with out a mine fear and trembling, for a lot of men were bring dropped—a jot more were having their pay Britist rd.

Britished.

Hat as Bob came in, his employer did a surprising thing. He got up queltly from his deak and graped Bob warmly by the hand.

"I would to congruence you, young man, on the marks you are making with the I L o. I am glad to see that you are I among your of not only low you present job but for the left about. Until I precised this letter. I had you to mad as one of the nors to be

better, I had you to need as one of the men to be dropped. But not now. Keep on studying—keep pour eyes open—and portry mon there it he a still better job for you around here. We're always looking for trained men."

Won't you set the L. C. S. help you, too? Wan't you trade a few hours of your searc time for a good sh, a good salary and the conforts that go with He ob, a good salary and the contiers that go with he Then mark the work you like best on the coupum below and mail it to Senaton today. That down't obligate you in the least, but it will be your first legitle towards success. It is now!

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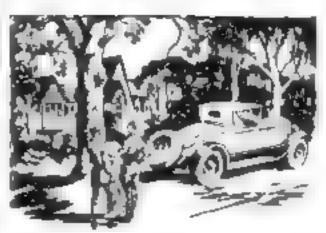
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Here Are Correct Answers To Questions on Page 66

- 1. When Greenland was discovered by Nornemen, it was summer. In the summer the southwestern coast which they first new is free of see and covered with Arctic vegetation. The irecovered partenu of central Greenland is not visible, and the entire island seems fertile and hosgirtable.
- J. In eastern New York, along the valley of the Hudson River between Albany and New bork (ity, workmen frequently dig from eventy lands the tusks and other bones of great elephants that once reamed up and down this valley.
- 2. The kingdom of Wahahas, in the eastern part of Arabas. The Wahahia constitute one of the numerous sects of Mohammedans, one of whose principles is prohibition of all forms of alcohol and totacco.
- This is done to supply water to the mining. ramp of Kalgoorle in the muthern part of western Austrana, south of Lake Barles. All of the natural lakes in the region are salty The country is desert. When valuable minerals, especially gold, were discovered in that region, a 300-mile pipe line was built to bring water from mear the coast.
- 5. Since the stacks of hambon are very strong as well as light, many of the first railway bridges in Japan were built by lashing barabon poles together. Normilava, with the development of the manufacture of steel in Japan. most of these partureque bambon bridges have been replaced by modern steel structures.
- 6. The string called sarsaparilla is named after a drug plant that grows in the swampy forest lands of Hundaris in Central America. The plant was introduced into Europe by the Spanish conquerors nearly 300 years ago. It constitutes one of the important exports from
- 7. Its espital was at the modern town of t uses in what is now southern Peru. From here south to Lake Titienen the traveler stall may see the runs of many ancient husblings, roads, and other works, tertifying to the greatness of the ancient Incu state
- 8. This name has been given to the island of St. Thomas in the former Dunish West Indies. While St. Thomas is of value as a point of defense of the Panama Canal, it scarcely can he mad to command the approaches to this canal as efficiently as the great British fortress of Cabraltar commands the mouth of the Mediterranean Sea.
- 9. This name is given by geographers to the vast grass-covered plants of southern Russia, plains not unlike the prairies that once covered the central part of the United States.
- 10. In the towns of southern Arisons, notably in the city of Tueson, there is so much bot sunlight that many residents procure household bot water by placing from tanks on the roofs
- The greatest rushs now known are probably those of Pueblo Bonita, or Beautiful Village, in northwestern New Merico. When the vanished race of the chili-dwellers lived in southwestern North America, this village was an important city.
- 12. Leadville, in neutral Colorado, southwest of Denver. The town nestles in a mountain valley more than 10,000 feet above the sea. The air at Leadville is so thin that persons unaccustomed to high altitudes find serious difficulty in breathing.



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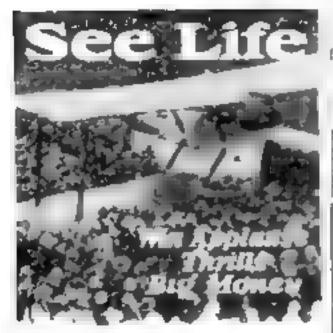
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Windmill Plane Makes Good

(Continued from page (3))

more pilots than any other fault in aviation, and those who have flown the antegiro my it. will not stall. From the point of view of the private plane owner, whose numbers have grown greatly as the last two or three years, the aut 4000 promoco much. No country has enough airdrumes or landing fields to accommodate polots in large numbers. On the largest field only a few planes may had or rise samultancousiv owing to the run needed for the start and finish of a flight. Almost any lawn was suffer for the autogree, says the young mventor, as mon us he has perfected a selfstarting device. This he plans as his next step in the development of the machine. But even without the self-starter, the autogree will take I of from a field too small to accommodate any other type of plane. In landing on ship decks the autogito, a expected to be particularly meful, for it will not be necessary for the dup to he traveling lend against the wind, as to more the case. Therefore a result carriers, the mventor predicts, will become more meful to fleets, for they will be able to proceed with the remainder of the visuels regardless of direction

POR night and fog landings the designer deovercome, as it will always be possible to stop the autogan engine and descend vertically and

The machine flown across the Channel and then on to Paris by Cerra has an Avro body equipped with an Amistrony Subleley Luxy I'versize of 180 horsepower. Its maximum speed to 105 unles an boar, and its crutsing speed, eights five. Monimum speed under power is twenty-five males up hour, and its minimum gliding speed twenty-five miles an hour. It is saul to be able to climb 500 feet. a manufa

Arrying in Paris from St. Inglevert after crossing the Unannel. De la Carva gave a demonstration before M. Panaleve, Minister of War: General Pupo, director of accommittee, commandent Renyolar of the Le Bourget auport and several thousand speciators. In his vertical descent before competent observers the autogree stopped the first time well-in ten feet of the spot where it first touched on the ground, and within seven feet on a second

Immediately after the demonstration, De la Cierya was invited to a long interview with the French was minister and afterwards was feted by the Acro Club de France

"This," and the French press, "was a convincing demonstration.

THE Preach, having seen the convincing demonstrations in aeronautical progress of Santos Dumont, of Bleriot, of D'Osty, of Costes, Landbergh, Byrd, and others whose names compose a brilliant legion, should know one whom they see it

On his second day a truly at Le Bourget field, De la Cierva attempted a vertical descent from a height of 600 feet. He had already descended to within a few feet of the roof of the customs building, retarding his speed and hanging certly above the beads of th tators standing on the terraced roof. He cumbed again, drew back his stick, and the plane whirtest down

The machine landed beavily breaking the landing geat and damaging the rotor. The upper propeller had failed to check the speed sufficiently but De in Cierva and his passenger Frans Reschel of the Aero Club de France. excuped uphut!

The crashes of the nutoguro have always been like this since the days of the earnest demonstrations. Accidents have occurred, but nobe of them has been fatal, and they have not been accidents due to any inherent weakness of the desam

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POPLLAN CHEMISTRY COMPANY L. DO. Angelishin, N. J. Dept. DD.

Wonders from Sulphur

Cantinued from page Mil

nated with sulphur have been energing on an endurance race with ordinary her and posts. After three years, they are reported to be in good rendelton, waile the untreated wood has been showing increasing again of deterioration. Not only do such thes wear longer, but they can be made of cheaper wood. This treatment, in which and woods are mid to become the equal of hardwoods, may play a big part in the solution of the problem of timber shortage.

Tool handles, made of chesp wood, may be given their quota of sulphur and be made hard and strong. The same treatment may be used to improve the wood used in the spokes of wheels, in agricultural implements, and in alo staves. On Long Island, N. Y. a line of telegraph poles was treated with sulphur at the danger line of decay, the ground one, and the results are being closely watched.

BECAUSE sulphur is resutant to acid, it is being used to treat the wood that goes into the pickling vata in which steel and iron are cleaned with a solution of doute suphwite and. Is laboralatics and factories where and is likely to affect the wood floors, sulphurtreated blocks are expected to sulve the problem.

Excently pineapple growers in Hawaii wrote to Kobbe for help. The wooden boses in which the fruit was collected rotted quickly when left in the helds during harvest. I ould be suggest anything to make them more resistant to the weather! He could. The solution lay in sulphur treating.

Another letter came from a salt mine in Poland. The timbers of the miss began to ret nament immediately after they were put in place. What could be done? Again the remedy was to impregnate the wood with sulphur.

From the oil fields of the Bouthwest, another interesting request came to Kobbe recently. An oil well "shuoter" wanted a stiff cartridge made to contain the nitroglyceria which he lowered into the well-hole, and he wanted it made of paper!

Sulphur-treated paper promues as much as any other phase of the work knobbe is doing. Ordinary paper, after a treatment, becomes stiff and strong as wood, resistant to the weather, to water, and to most seids. It is expected to find practical use in a wide variety of averyday necessities, including items such na chair sesta, outdoor billboards, automobile door panels and running boards, table lope (especially where acids are bring handled), waterproof paper cans, and possibly papers.

RENTLY a paper tube with walls only three-sixteenths of an inch thick was lawpregnated with sulphur. Before the treatment. you could break it over your knee. Afterwards it supported the weight of a man!

Paper maché, similarly treated, also offers a wide range of possibilities. Storage battery boxes, toilet seats, and flowerpots are among the products made in this way. It is even suggested that weatherproof becaves of pamer maché will be the next step!

One of the products of sulphur-treated paper which has interesting possibilities is a cup designed to fit over the tops of telegraph poles to keep water from entering the wood and hasten-

ing decay Just how impervious to water would such a cap be? The answer is found in a four-year-old snowball. In 1924, Kobbe dropped a snowball into molten brimstone. It came out with a sulphur shell around it. The snow metted within, but when the ball was put on the scales the other day at weighed exactly the same as it did in the beginning. In four years, not a fraction of an ounce of the water which you could hear swishing about within had excepted through the thin sulphur shell?



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So They Wrote to Edison-

(Continued from page 17

Japanese gentlemen sent a letter of six pages testifying of the great happmens that the incandescent light has brought into his afe, and mying that he felt like bowing every time he passed an electric light. The evident succenty of nome of these setters has given great pleasure to the inventor

All in a class by themselves are the real and hear inventors who want believe to market of complete their inventions for them. It as a poor man that does not bring some of them. Some days there are as many as seven or cight. If a name were desired to designate this class we might borrow from the florist a entalogue and call them "hardy perconals." year out they come in an endless stream. If Edison could manually himself by one hundred he might be able to take care of them, but as it is he is an overwhelmed by his own mustitudinous affairs that he uniformly excuses himself from giving them consideration, unless the invention relates to his own line of products, in which case it is simply sent to the legal department for investigation and report. But this does not happen once in a hundred cases

WHITE many apparently mentorious anventions are submitted, the greatest number covers all notes of freak aleas, from an emproved mouse trup to perpetual motion machines. Some noting of the variety of these suggestions may be gathered from the one day a mail which included aleas for a noneless typewriter, a cement gas range, a nurwry cabinet, and a blind man a watch containing a minusture phonograph to call out the time All that the inventors usually ask in that Edison shall complete the invention, put it on the market with his name behind it, and divide profits with them, and there you are! The ensured hand of a trick for a man who has nothing to do but work some astern hours a day, miving his own complex problems!

It would be no difficult task to fill many pages with a mention of the various freak arbeines that are submitted, but one or two instances must suffice as a fair characterization of all. The plea of one particular threature was to furnish rarefied air to hespitals by means of a permanent captive balloon raised to a height of 5,000 feet or more, and balloon to carry an intake page, down which the sare-field air was to flow into the hospital. Sumplicity

A NOTHER inventor, writing from the Antipodes, had discovered after years of research a mosquito banisher (the sample smelled strongly of citronella), and was sare that if Edison contributed \$65,000 to put it on the market, it would be a great success and if he would cable money for expenses the inventor would immediately come to America to close the deal

Another humorous side of this portion of the mail basket is provided by those ingenious pervotes who remivent more or less ancient inventions. One of these caused Educa to exclaim, "I garse it would take about \$25,000,000 to inform all the people in the I nited States. of one particular thing. As this case is a good. example of most of this class, the story may be interesting. A letter came from a professonal man in a western state, in which the writer mid be had an idea for an invention which would provide a sure and continuous mentae of uniforms of dottars. He would be glad to send particulars and Edison could put it into practice and allow the writer some of the profits. The usual courteous reply was ent, stating that Edwon was too busy to connder other matters than his own and asking to be excused. By return mail came another letter from the mane correspondent, acknowledging the reply but musting that his idea was valuable and inclos-(Continued on page 155)





So They Wrote to Edison-

(Cost need from page 164)

ing a statement of the idea, sween to before a notary public. What was it? Merely lifteen or twenty lines proposing to hitch together the phonograph and motion pictures so as to show persons in motion and hear their voices is multaneously. Not a word of suggestion or plan for accomplishing the results, but just the crude notion, in return for which he was willing to share the millions.

A letter was quickly despatched to the professional gentleman (a lawyer, by the way, informing him that he was only a quarter of a century behind the times with his idea, that Educa had conceived it in 1887.

It is to be hoped that the professional gentleman had not yet commenced to spend his part of the manons in anticipation.

A NOTHER amosing incident relating to talking moves is worthy of passing mention. One day (some mouths after they had been calcibited publicly) there was received a typed communication written on the letterhead of a famous club. It had evidently been dictated by a person of more than average education. It said, in effect, "How wonderful it is, Mr. Edison, that is three mouths you have succeeded in putting into practice my suggestion that you combine the phonograph and the motion picture, and have given us talking pictures." This gentleman was also informed that the idea was born and worked upon many years before it had occurred to him.

In these days of newspapers, magazines, telegraph, telephone, radio, and automobile it will be a shock to the readers' credulity to learn that Edison's mail beings in occasionally letters which suggest in all sincerity the idea of inventing and making talking phonograph dolls and phonograph clocks to announce the hour. These devices were among the earliest suggested on the advent of the phonograph lifty years ago, and were put on the market a few years afterward but did not meet with success.

AGAIN, it will tax the credulity of the reader, and at the same time provoks a maile, to learn that the man occasions, y brings in a letter asking whether Ediam still sends up a star in the anotherst every night. Thereby hange a tale. In the earliest days of the incandescent lamp, 1870-80, Menlo Park, N J., where Edwon and his laboratory, was a Meera. for newspaper reporters. One of these facetiously reported in his paper (as an obvious joke) that Edison sest up an electric star in the southeast every evening. This humorous rumor took root and it was so uncommon thing in those early days to see people looking up into the southeast to find the "Edison Star" and, strange to my, some persons pointed it out to their friends. Stranger still, the writer of this article, while on vacation in the summer just past (1988), was asked about it in all teriousness by a person of apparently average intelligence. Rumora die hard

At some convenient time during the day—frequently the noon hour—Edison disposes of the day's mail in his usual way. He takes up a letter, reads it, and with a lend pencil makes comments upon it as to how it shall be answered or attended to by his secretaries. It is then laid aside and the next one disposed of in a similar manner, until all are passed upon. There is not a moment a hesitation as to a reply. He masters the subject with the first reading, and his disposal of the letter follows instantly. At the bottom of the mail basket are placed letters, papers, etc., for his signature. The reader may gain an idea of the extent.

of Edison's personal mail when it is stated that since the year 1915 more than thirty-five thousand reposes to letters have been sent out from the laboratory. This figure does not include any that have emanated from any of the commercial departments of his organizations



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Will the Insects Starve Us to Death?

(Contineed from page M)

Then, when they are ready to my their eggs, these parametes are put in trays with the caterpolars of the gypsy moths. Shelves in the incorntory are packed with cases and trays where senentists watch these manuture. fighters grapped in a death-struggle with the usect encurs of man.

On a cold, dark, wandy day last fall, the uncounty ability of another of these friendly fighters from abrund was demonstrated before a hundred men gathered in a horer-infested field near the Canadian line. A thousand fertimed females of an imported lehbrumon its were released from a cage. In spite of the dangreeable day, they went straight to work After crawling on the surface of a cornetalk near the ground, in the center of which the boters were hibernating for the winter, each would stop and deposit its eggs through the tough outer layer of the stalk. Skeptical spectators dissected some of the stades. They marveled when they found that in every man the meet had had its eggs unerringly on the hilden borers, where the young would hatch, enter the caterpillars, and cause their death. How these fice are able to find where the horers are hidden within the stalks is one of the my steeres of the mucci world.

In its search for parasitic helpers, science is encouraged by the hutory of the "ladybug. Some decades ago, when the fluted scale approceed up tourborous, the touvernment ment to Austrain for recruits to battle st. They came packed in little tin boxes, they black beetles with red spots, commonly known as "ladybugs."

I MMEDIATELY they developed an enor-mous appetite for the minute inserts causing the male. In the blighted orchards they were "pleated," 5,000 to the sore, and later spread all over the territory. In five years, the scale that threatened to run the fruit growers practically disappeared from the state.

But, so far, in spote of meralinit search, that success has not been depacted in buttling other insect fore.

The search for new ways to fight these force, honever, has given rue to a new amence, called "ecology, a minute study of all the factors in the life of each destructive murch. Their habits, environment, friends, ruemies, weaknesses and strong possits are bring recorded.

Through this study, men have instruct some amazing facts. For instance, they have found that the staged female gypsy moth can t fly, but the wingless caterpillars it produces can't The sings of the moth are too small to bear its heavy budy. The caterpillars, when small, are tight, with an abundance of fluffy hair. They hang suspended by a thread from the tap of a high branch. When a wind comes along strong enough to break the thread, it carries them sailing away, sometimes for several miles! The gyper moth had been studied for thirty vegra before this solution of the mystery of their rapid spread became known.

CACH of our winged and reawling foreign the moret world has to be studed individually. Each species of insect, in its life and habits, varies inserwhat from others and may offer a vulnerable point where it may be attacked. For this reason, birdugical observations in conperting with usect control operations are hurbly amportant. Roughly there are two general classes of marriandes, the contact sprays, such as inne-sulphur wash, meeting, scaps, kerosene emulson and the like for sucking insects, and the armount or stomach possess for shareta, such as enterpellars and beetles, which actually ent the foinge of plants. Sugge salects may be attracted by plant odors, or repelled by disagreeable smells.

The Japanese beetle, for example, outwitted plincks that succeeded. (Continued as page 188).



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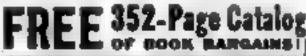
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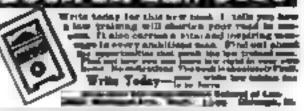
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A definite program for getting about anancially will be found on page four of this iteue.

Will the Insects Starve Us to Death?

(Continued from page 754)

against most of its fellow fighters against man's dominion. When a tree was sprayed with poison, the beetle flew away to another tree. It refused to touch poisoned leaves until the insecticide had lost its power or rain had washed it away. The orchardists were in despair until they learned that what catnip is to cuts, the oil of germanus and massfres is to these beetles. When a tree was sprayed with it. the odor brought the beetles from miles around, and a spray of geraniol, which kills by

contact, dispatched them all.

In spraying another sort of insecticide over the cotton fields of the South, a strange thing happened which still mystifies sesence. When sprayed from the noszle of a hose, the particles refused to spread evenly over the plants. but when the dust was scattered by the propeller of an airplane skamming fifteen feet above the ground, there was no trouble. A theory has been advanced that statte electracity is the cause of the phenomenon. The minute particles of posses dust swiring through the nosale of the spray gus were given, by friction, an electrical charge, and these charges, being moved, attracted each other, with the result that the particles formed little change of ten or a hundred. Propellerbluwn dust, according to the theory, is without such charges and so spreads evenly.

From different points along the battle line comes news of inventions and discoveries that may help in the light. One such aid spice out holden retreats of insect enemies with a superdelicate instrument which enables us to hear mittale streets working deep in makes of stored

grain or under the back of trees!

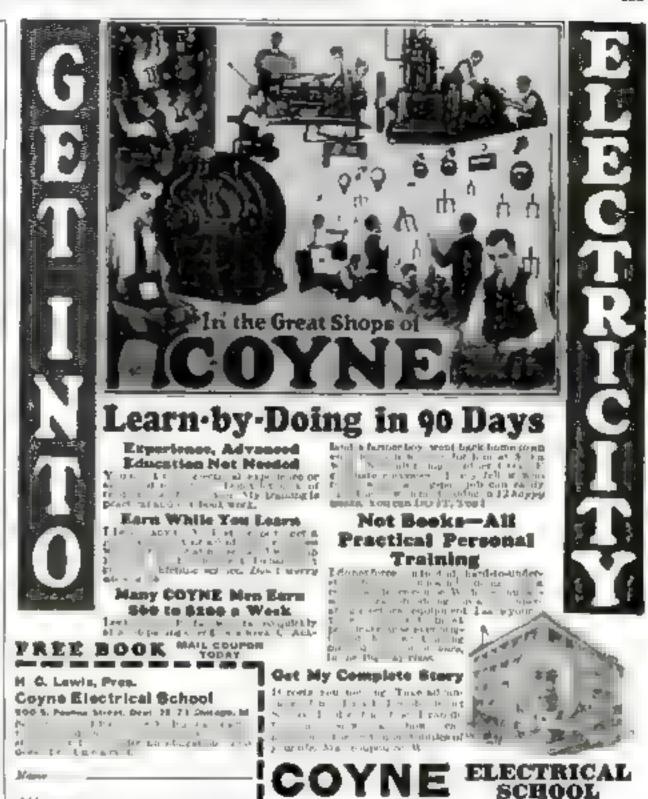
N THE South, a dragonlike machine, heretting poissin smoke, has been tried with success in a bon weevil exterminator Powder burns slowly in the fire box, and as the machine moves down the rows, heavy mode is blown into a moving tent at the rear. This tent keeps weevils from escaping before they are overcome and at the same time protects the driver and horses from the funies. The meets, larvae, and fruit molds that menare carload shipments of fruit from California are being eliminated by a new product of a western chemical company. Water, at a temperature of 140 degrees F., brings aquid sulphar disyste, is heavy steel containers, to a high pressure The killing gas is remised made the ents of fruit and in twenty moustes the danger of hidden insects runung the shipmest is over

Near Chicago, a motorcycle carrying thirtytwo gallons of heavy oil in a unique solecarrier patrols a district of seventy-six square miles during suramer months, fighting masquitos at their breeding places. Another weapon tricel successfully in the forests of central Europe against the nun moth, may be tried here. Huge search lights, flauked by flaring are lamps, attract the moths. They concet in the are lamps and are knied by being drawn varlently into hoxes by blowers.

But in spite of the many minds bent upon stemming the riving tide of insects, it has held its own or continued to advance. The struggle, increasing in importance as population grows. is one that will require all the resources of resence for man to win.

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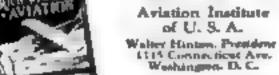
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Romance Rides in the Air

(Continued from page 46)

not determine the proper direction to take, so he just guessed at it

Ranning down the mountain to keep from freezing, he slipped on a rock and rolled for vards and yards. The jolt was lucky. He felt has shoulder map back into place!

For those who know the high stansard of lovalty in the air mail, it is needless to add that recets did not neglect to long on to the mail, which he got through to a train.

A ranging of the sublime and the ridiculous! But what else is life? And ofe up in the clouds is life intensified a thousandfold.

Thrils and laughter, too, are mixed in greetout does in the story of the mrdine-catching adventures of J. D. Hill, the gallant airman who afterward was lost with Payne and Bertand in their tragic attempt to By to Rome. The unexpected had played surgeon to Scott, it made an unwilling fisherman out of Pilot Hill But here is the trage-comedy in Hill a own words.

TOOK of about 19:10 at Garden City, poreme hitting the back of my legs suggested a mogh trip. . . . I crossed the Delaware at Trenton and what had been had became worse. Rain became more rain, more rain became water. I discovered that one gray patch was trees, another water, and still another clouds. Every time I mw a 'W' on the compant I beated for rt.

There were no automobiles on the roads, no birds, but millions of little things began to when by me, and as a fairly but one went by I lunked back quickly and saw a fin and realised they were fish. All those little ones must have been sandenes, and I never knew before they grew close together like that.

" Anyway, there I was with a fire extinguasher and a monohade persons for a libebook I saw a line of automobiles that seemed anturul enough, but that hand of flowers and the pipe ofgab were queer

I got back into clear water, rose a hit, and finally came out to where it was only maning I mw fields, and after a time set down in one A man came out of a barn and mid Lancaster hungry, and I never got a gol-darned fish?

"Section people were drowned in Pennsylvania that day, and I suppose I would have drowned, too, if it hadn't been for the fan on the front of my slep. My observation on that trip was that the D. H. has too many wires for an airplane and not enough for a fish net!"

THERE is an ceric, dreamlike quality in this unadorned little tale.

There was a giad awakening in the field—the reassuring voice of the farmer: the dry clothes and hot food that came in due time, and the mail that was, of course, delivered.

But of whatever ghastly nightmare he went through on his way to Rome, Hill never mw the end. That time there was no awakening. The unexpected on that trip was on the sale of the fish and the water

Adventure rides the sky with every man who leaves the surface of the earth. Every prevautum may be taken, and still a tany trick of fate

may quench the brightest flame of life. A reserve air mail pilot was caught one night in a mountorm over laws. Long the route, be decided to jump with his parachute. He pulled the lever which sent a face slipping down at the end of a smaller chute. It fell and illuminated about a square mile of flat country whitened with the snow and brilliant light. Then the flyer jumped. But he had pulled the rip cord of his own purachate just a bit too quickly it supped open before clearing the plane. The shroud lines were caught in the tail and cut apart. The pilot dropped like a brick. Searching pilots found the wreck. Some day tance from the (Continued on ours 157)

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Flavors t you often wished that you could draw carrooms, allow are some life, steech sums pretty those are " ton can de all in here things " two of anastra s are in famous a steech sums pretty those are " ton can de all in here things " two of anastra s are in famous a restorate a sent interes of the interest in the developed a great simple the contract that drawing the contract the contract of the contract theory of drawing the things of the original or an one; for you as writing the things that drawing or types a sen for hea ang linewing, the are now pharing the original of the original or an one; for you will be one for hea ang linewing, the area of the himse with a reach of sixty our 17 you will draw to a few himse will be one to do not be in the first and as well before you by the half things of the first of the time will be a you the chart of the first of the first of the life of the lif

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Hit, Buitt, B-31, Charp

Romance Rides in the Air

Charlinand from page 106.

plane was the mutilated body of the reserve-Lunk, fate, call it what you will, but always

the unexpected

Do you like turnips for breakfast? Do you ever expect to eat them in the cold, gray dawn? Of course you don t, and neither did Harry G. Smith, flying between Cleveland and New York for the National Air Transport. Yet he had to; and because of an experience he had in being forced down in the Alleghenies, he is known to his friends as "Turmpe" to this day

built a motor slowed up just as he reached the mountains, so that he couldn't get altitude

to climb over them.

"I had enough power to keep flying by gradually losing a little altitude," he mid. "The wind was so strong that I could not turn against it back to the last emergency field, and the mountains were so high a few miles ahead of me that I couldn't get over to the next field, to all I could do was to turn off the course and try to find a clear spot. This I did. It was dark, and by using a parachute flare I landed the ship without any damage

"IT Wast very cold about ten below zero, and a thurly-mile wind was blowing. J drames out a veryl gallogs of gasoline from the tanks and posited it over an old tree stump and runde a live. I thought that if there was any one in that part of the country it would attract attention. The wind, however, was so strong that the fire would go out as soon as the gaseone burnes!."

There was no way out for Smith but to walk, guided by the stars and his compose. At last he found a deserted calain, and there he camped for the night. Aicking against asmething on the ground, he found it was a frozen turnip. He t sawed it out, hoded it, and had turnip for

"And the worst of it is," remarked Pilot South when he got back to civilization, "that I never did like turnips, at any time!

Perhaps the classic among all yarns concerning the unexpected-in-the-air is the laconic report of an air mail pilot, Dean Smith, now a incureer of Byrd's Antaretic Expedition.

"Dead-sticked—flying low—only place available on now-killed cow-wrecked plane-

wared me-Smath.

It was the cow that died that time, and locky Smith was myed. But we all know, also, that many, too many, do not share Smith's good fortune. In ten years of air mail service, thirtytwo pilots lost their lives. They went up into the clouds in quest of high adventure. They gambled and rost.

STATISTICS prepared by postal authorities may prove that the percentage of loss of lafe is low when the number of men in the service, the period of time, and the hazards are considered. But mothers and gives and children are not comforted by figures.

Think for a moment of the mother of Brooke. Pearson, who received this letter profiten by her son after he had crashed in a log-

" Dear Mother

"I trust your eyes may never me thus, but should God desire that you do, you at least know He has called me like many more who have given their lives for the future of this wonderful game. I was possibly wrong up not giving it up, possibly I might have thought the same, but I chose to keep at it and only pray that something of use has been learned.

"The world in general calls us ally fools, but it's the ally fools who make the ascrifices that help to perfect any great thing that the world ta general greatly benefits by later.

My dearest mother, I my farewell, an revoir, for a time only, as I hope we will meet again. Keep a brave heart. I pray God to look after you, as you have struggled as no other mother has to make (Continued on year 158)



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Romance Rides in the Air

ends meet. 'It's always darkest just before the dawn." L.L. Y A

"Brucke

and to his fellow-pilots this gallant soul bade farewell in these impuring words

My Dear Friends.

"I go West, but with a cheerful heart. I hope what small merifice I have made may be of use to the 'game. When we fly we are damped fuols, they my when you're dead you weren t half a had fellow

Every one in this wonderful aviation is doing the world far more good than they

appreciate

"We risk our necks, gave our lives, to perfect an invention for the benefit of the world at large, so that they may benefit in years to come. They, mind you, are the very ones who call us foots.

"Stick to it, boys. I'm still very much with

"See you all again.

" Jap ' Pearson."

THE mexpected killed Brooke Pearson. And again the name was fug. Perhaps no human agracy will ever be englished to subdue the elements and eliminate alt natural basards from flying. But there is bright hope that fugthe airman's most treacherous cormy, will seen be laid for. The most recent chairenge came the other day from the tangenheim hund for the Promotion of Aeronautus, Inc. The Fund announced that it will establish a full-flight laboratory on a section of an established airway, where log-flying under regular operating conditions can be studied. An experienced priot of engineering and scientific truining will be in charge of the experiments. As course land to the Fund, Colonel Luncibergh wall be special advisor to the entriprise

Shortly after this announcement the First National Agromutical Enfety Conference was held in New York City under the joint ampiers of the Guggenheim Fund and the National

Indety Council

Such lenders in the flying world as Harry P. Guggenheim, president of the Guggenheim Fund, Colonel Landbergh, General James E. Pechet, U.S. A., chief of the Army Az Corps. Bear Admiral W. A. Modett, I. S. N., chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics of the Navy Department, Charles L. Lawrance, inventor of the famous Wright Whirlward engine, presdept of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation, Paterson, S. J., Prof. Alexander Klemm, of the Daniel Guggenheim School of Aeronautics, New York University Dr L. H. Bauer, medical director of the Air Regulations Discount of the Department of Commerce. Wesley L. tenth, noted prior and superstandant of the Eastern Division of the National Air Transport, Inc., of Cleveland, took part in the dis-

THE infety problem was attacked from the meteorological, structural, mechanical, nav igning, operating, and medical points of view And all of the technical discussions and but one altimate purpose—to instance the unexpectedin the out.

Adventure rides in the sky and always will. Man was not born with wings. So long as he sets out to conquer an alten element will be encounter risks and basards without number

But there happily is hope that, after all. "Jap" Peatson, "Merry Merria, and the many other members of the Stient Squadron who have flown Beyond, may not have died in

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Killing Fires in the Air

(Continued from page 50)

heat around three of the supporting columns of the building. These columns were hollow aron castings, fourteen inches in diameter, and were unprotected by any kind of fireproofing. A better acting for tragedy cannot be imagined, and I knew we were in for trouble. I had barely got my men out of the building when the three unprotected columns buckled and collapsed, bringing down the entire eight stories above them in a huge pile of debris.

"Had these columns been of steel, covered by two inches of cement plaster or other fire insulation, firmly anchored to result he and water, the Butler Brothers fire would have been just a simple packing room blase, extinguished without difficulty. But because these supporting pillers lacked fifty dollars worth of fire-proofing, a loss of \$650,000 resulted. True, the building was comparatively old: I doubt whether such a situation could exist in a new building, where the fire underwriters insist that all supporting columns be covered by term cotta, cement, or some other lire-resistive material."

ANOTHER major lesson learned by modern freemasters is the science of penning a fire into a relatively small area. "A good bug fire is marker to knock out than a good small one," is kenion a characteristic way of putting it. By the use of fire doors, fire walls, and wired glast windows, many a ravenous blaze not only has been kept from spreading, but has been forced back upon itself, hersmod into a confined area, and easily extinguished.

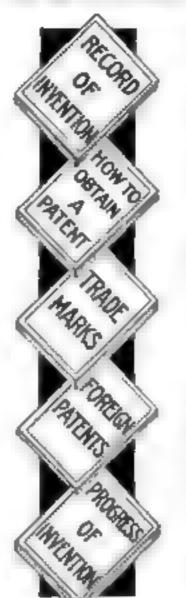
The Asch clothing factory fire of 1911 first collect Kenton a attention to the tin-class fire door as an effective means of checking the progress of flames in ming sted huilding areas In that terrible conflagration, 200 lives were lost, and the factory in Washington Place was entirely demolished. After the fire Kenlon noticed, high up on the blank brick wall of an achoming building, a single fire door guarding the only entrance between the burned building and its neighbor. On inspection, this doughty protective device proved to be a door of soft pine, covered with a single sheet of twenty zine-gape that Its staunch defensive qualities gave Kenlon an idea. If a cheap tin door could prevent a vicious fire from leaping from one building to another, why not arrange a ceres of doors between the various parts of the same huilding?

A conference with the New York Board of Underwriters showed that they were working on a similar plan. The result of combaned effort was given a practical trud in the new Equitable Building. This structure was divided from subcellar to roof by four vertical fire walls. Theoretically, a fire could get one of these vertical compartments, yet leave the other three untouched. These fire walls were perced with tin-clad fire doors, which automatically closed themselves when the temperature reached 155 degrees. The efficiency of these fire walls and doors has already been noted.

THE opposite extreme—a vast open area, unprotected by fire walls—still coasts in old-type buildings. As an example, Chief Kenlon cited the Jay A. Mellish warehouse fire of November 16, 1927. This three-story enforce, at 613 West Fifty-Ninth Street, was of ordinary brack construction and was being used as a storage warehouse for new automobiles. At the time of the fire, 2,500 brand-new cars were stored in the building.

"From the fire-fighter's point of view," and Kenlon, "the worst feature of the warehouse was two huge gabroken floor surfaces, one of 56,000 square feet and the other 19,000 square feet, divided only by a single brick wall. Why, lote of forest fires can't (Continued on page 160)

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Killing Fires in the Air

(Continued from page 188)

claim a start like that." The fire followed an explosion in a motor hoat that was bring prepared for winter storage. A falling tool struck sparks from a metal engine part, sgniting some gasoune in the bottom of the boot. A blinding expressos kurled burning guesline into all parts of the wooden-beamed warehouse, and before homes, sould get into action, the whole busiding was enveloped in anothe and Dome:

arnion arrived at a second alarm. Seeing that it was impossible to inlyage a single automobile from the inferno, he turned his attention. In preventing the spread of the fire among old buildings near by There was no fire walls nor fire doors to belp him in this turnle, but by correcting the linears with three bugs water towers and the hearings hose artiflery at has command, he subduct the fire by the oldfashioned method of "drowning" owner of the warehouse was just in the fire, and 2,500 automobiles were destroyed. The property loss was \$500,000 which might have been quartered if suitable fire stops had been operted to check the rapid spread of the flames.

"LET me define fire prevention in modern terms for the renders of Poweran Scrimen MORTHUT, 'Chief Kenlon and to me at the close of our interview. "Of course everyone is familiar with the educational propagands of the public schools and large industrial corporaturns in spreading the doctrine of 'Fewer here. We all know that we must not smoke in hed, tone matches about carelendy or use gambine to clean clothing beads a ughted gas jet. But even if we could energie due care at all times and places, there would still be a constant fire menace surrounding to on all miles. The increased use of goodine, electricity circle the danger of short-cornating , relialed films in moving picture bouses and a thousand other hazards aroung from industrial and domestic practices, lays our exviluation wife open to the fire penil.

"I believe human nature and uscalern society are so constituted as to make the interal prevestion of fire impossible finaled, then, that fires will always get started somehow, it becomes our task to prevent them from spreading! The new acsence of fire prevention is developing along this line. Take, for instance, the introduction of erred window glam, set in hollow steel frames. Lattl wared glass was used, const fires would burst through ordinary glass windows, and lack its way up the outside of the building. Or it might leap across a steret, setting fire to a structure on the other urle. But there are mighty few fires that can break through the modern fire-resutive windoer and that means fewer fires getting beyond

"DERHAPS the most important 'preventer of fires developed during any forty years experience is the automatic oprinkler. In 10 100 free a year the Department as materudly noted in putting out mosty biases by its successful operation. It sounds an alarm and releases a shower of water upon the tire, checking it until we arrive. I can truthfully my that where there are no sprinklers, there is no adequate fire prefection

Incidentally, I hief Kenlon is the inventor of a sprinkler device particularly successful in bennied warehouses and other low-ceiling buildings where storage space does not permit the use of ordinary sprinkler papes and outlets. His invention reaembies the schirling spray used on asburban front lawns. It is located in the center of the centage, and is set whiring by the breaking of a fusible link, which melts when the temperature of the room rises above a given temperature, usually 135 degrees. It huris at attenues of water to all curvers of the ruom, and has an (Continued on page 161)



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Note is the most remarkable bank over alleted to the cent of the Photomed secreted inventions listed and described. Attached at highligh control Problems Automotive he hadred Libertreal Chemical Radio. Native Repairte chapter on the Ten Mant Needed in calletin. The brook near if a you use then that will see a facture. Nothing cise like it has ever two purished. I compiled at environm expense. Edited by it is not Francis hates formerly Matinging Filter of a leading extentile magnatus. Over 100 pages, durable bound. From \$1.25.

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A definite program for getting ahead feancially will be found on page four of this issue.

Killing Fires in the Air

(Continued from page 160)

effective radius five times greater than the ordinary sprinkler. It may also be controlled by valves located in a fireproof box near the

front door of the building.

On one occusion the second floor of a bonded warehouse on Mercer Street was ablase, and the aprinkler automatically and in the alarm and started off on its whirl of duty. On arraying at the fire, Deputy Chief (Smoky Joe) Martin found that large supplies of naphtha and industrial alcohol were stored on the fourth floor. To protect these, Chief Martin merely opened the valves controlling the third and fourth floor sprinklers. This "damped down" both floors and effectually prevented the upagard progress of the flames.

Children of the slums have reason to remember John Kenion gratefully for the cooling showers that descend from the patented "Kenlon nozzle, ' a bydraut attachment invented by the fire chief when public baths were rare. When the Kenion noggle is attached to a hydrant, that hydrant munechately becomes a cool mais anual aweltering city streets, sprinkling hundreds of children with streams of fresh water. It is wately used in the poorer aretions of New York where thousands of city hound kiddies engerly await the midsummer

relief of the chief's shower

AT THE age of sixty-right, Chief Kenlon is just as dynamically progressive as he was at forty. Only recently be returned from a congress of European Fire Chiefs at Turin, Italy, where he made an intensive study of modern fire-fighting devices, and gave lectures on the special problems of the metropolitan fire department. Present indications point to another ton years of service, and it will sur-prise no one who knows has if he is still commancing his fire-fighting army at eighty

One thing is self-evident during the seven-leen years that beston has been close of the Fire Department, New York City has had no great configuration. Despite the crowded population and the first problems of the first magnitude, he has appeal every blaze before it route really get started. Nothing has get away from how yet. Jack kenion would be the first to admit that his city has been guarded by a special Fire Provigence—but there are plenty of others, including his 6,000 officers and men, who think that the greatest blessing of that Fire Providence is Fighting Jank Kenlon.

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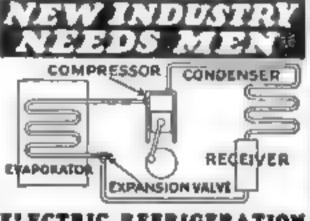
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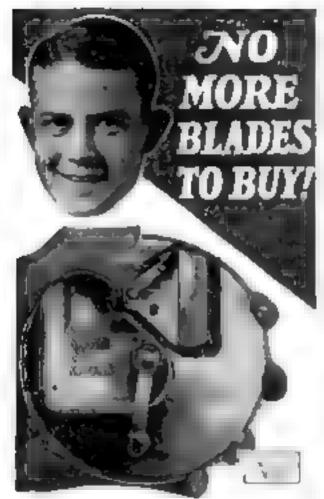
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The Last of the Vikings

A ordinard from Boar SE.

rowing into the snow in the lee of a low mound. The weather moderated and snow became which as he slept. Then a drop in the temperature crystallized the shah. Amundam was encared, as he afterwards expressed it, in a ghastly coffin of see. Fortunately his companion had chosen to sleep exposed and was able to free him after hours of forturous work. Amundaen always afterward dignified that adventure as one involving as many hardships as anything be experienced on his polar expeditions.

Army training over, he signed as a sailor abound a sup of the anding free, worked up to the position of mate, and prepared for examination for a skapper a heesie. His rending about Aretic exploration had consinced him that many expect hous failed because the organizations divided into bostile groups, one of westtists and one of sailors. Amundam determined tout he would be the real leaster of his expestitions. He would be the explorer and the ship a navigator as well

WHEN he was twenty five, in 1897, he was accepted as a member of 1 c Helgan Autarctic expedition to study the South Magnetic Pole. Before the expedition left Europe be was made first mate. The captain was a Belgian artisers officer who had been also in the French Navy. The plus seam of the expedition was the same Dr. Erscherick Cook whose amerteen, long afterward, that he had discovered the North Pole threw accentists into a controversy that never has ended. Amundson, inridentally, never lost faith in Cook, whom he knew to be an exceptionally capable leader, and n man who understand the Arctic as well as he and himself. During his and lecture tour in the United States Amundien visited Dr. Cook in the Federal Pemirntary at Leavenworth, kansas, where he comforted, as best he could, his former companion confined there as a

The Briggers, as the experittion ship was called, reached the Strait of Magellan in the winter of 1807, then proceeded muthward until, by muchanor and bud judgment of the commander, the small ship was caught in the grip of an ice field. For thirteen months the ill-equipped company were primorri. Icy gales bit through this garments. Home of the men went manne. Benryy afflicted all but three and of those, one was Amundsen and the other was

DR COOK knew that the fresh ment and blubber of scale and penguas contained an anodyne that would guard term all from the shrunken pums and emacation of scurvy. The sered vitamin was then unknown, but the pley ucan knew that there was some kind of number for the body chemistry of mankind in fresh meat and fresh vegetables. But a mad notion of the captain of the expedition prevented the others from eating the slaughtered armight that lay in frozen mounds on the rec close to the ship. Cook and Amundsea had hunted and killed the creatures until there were plenty for all, but not until the leader became so ill that he surrendered the command to Amundren, was the party permitted to cat

It was Cook who then attacked the problem of getting the slop out of the ion. Under the new leadership the men were clad in suits fashjoned by a suil maker out of bright red blankets. Clad in these improvised costomes the emaciated men went to work with the only available saw-much too short-and souse stacks of explasive, tonite, cutting what they hoped might provide a channel to the open wa. After weary weeks the channel opened and the ship emerged. Ignin it was caught between two mountainous hergs and was ground as between milistones for a frightful twenty-four hours. Again, according to Amundsen s (Continued on areat 165)



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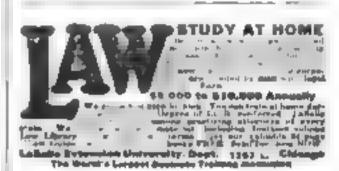
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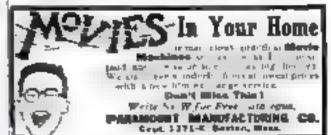


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The Last of the Vikings

(Continued from page 164).

recollections, the company of mariners owed their environce to Cook. He had encouraged them to save the skins of the shaughtered penguins and scale, and these were used as mats to custom the sides of the ship against the say

Two years after his departure Amundsen was back in Europe, determined to become the leader of his own expedition. He sought out Fridtjof Namen, after getting his skapper's license, and through Nansen received introductions to other scientists who aided him in his

He went to Hamburg, Germany, and naw Geheimrath George von Neumayer, to whom be explained that he wished to learn how to take magnetic observations. The benign old man embraced his young caller when he learned that Amundsen had determined to attempt the impositive: to find and conquer the Northwest Passage, and, most important, find the true location of the magnetic North Pols.

YOUNG man," he told Amundsen, "If you do that you will be the benefactor of mankind for ages to come. That is the great adventure

Returning to Norway, Amundsen bought a fishing amack. It was an old boat of fortyseven tone seventy-two feet long, cleven feet wide, and of shallow draft. He named her the time. Today that weatherworn old craft is a trensure of the people of San Francisco, presented to them by Amundsen when he cause triumphant down the west coast after accompushing the dream that had troubled explorers for snore than four centuries.

That little steep of Trums5 had adventures that were never contemplated by her honest builders. She had only one must and could fly but one mainsail and a couple of jibs. There was a good suxilary motor. So much cargo was transmed into the hold and stowed on drok, that afterwards the explorer socialed that she looked like a moving wan as har lines were cast off and she sailed into the unknown.

Amanuen found the magnetic pole, relocating it after a lapse of three quarters of a contury. During the long mouths the needle of the Groa's compass remained, according to Amuniben, "as fixed as a stick.

HE HAD taken slabs of marble on which to mount the instruments with which be made his observations. These were had no a rock foundation. This was no dash to the pole. It was a long, long trust amid conditions as bleak as the face of the moon, had the party built their observatories, fashioned kennels for their dogs, and provided themselves with a snug house. When that was done they concerned themselves with a supply of fresh mest, and it was then that Amundsen had one of his greatest thrills.

They had supposed they were far memoral from any other human beings. They were accustomed to set out in parties of two, hunting caribou. Before long they had piled up a mound of a hundred carcasses which were preserved by the natural refrigeration of the regood. Then one day, Amundam and two of his companions were standing on the deck of the Good when one of them exclaimed:

"There is a caribou!"

He pointed to a small black object against the skyline. But it was not a caribou, as they discovered when the other man announced bluntly, "That caribou walks on two legs."

In great excitement they watched the creature moving in their direction. Presently they saw five figures marching unmistakably toward the tiny ship. Amundsen sent his companions for their rifles and then the three advanced to meet the strangers, dark-skinned mes who they now could see were armed.

The two groups (Continued on page 164)

They Laughed When I Sat Down At the Piano But When I

"Can be really play?" I bound a girl whisper to Archur, so I sat down at the plane

Started to Play!~

Heaven, no Arthur exchanged. "He acres played a note to an his life."

Then I gave them the surprise of their lives the guests. I played the first few bars of Laura immortal Liebestraum. I heard garps of athless ment. My friends sat breathings spellbroand. played on.

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As the last notes of the Lichestraum died away, the room resounded with a sudden roar of appleane Everybody was plug me with questions Jack! Why didn't you sell ut you head play like that." When was your Loacher

Then I told them the whole story "It seems just a short while ago that I saw an ad of the I be School of Management using a new method of learning to play which only averages a few central day? Without a teacher. And no absence scales or ex-ercises. I sent for the Free Departments became Learning and was amased to see here may it was to play this

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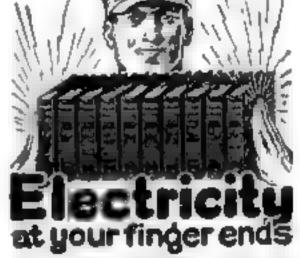
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The Last of the Vikings

(Continued from page 165)

approached each other until they were separated by only fifteen paces, when they halted.

Turning to his followers, Assundant instructed them to throw their rifes down. This pacific pantomime had the hoped-for result. The leader of the other group furned to his men and spoke sharply. They, too, threw down their bows and arrows.

Amundsen stepped forward, and the Eskamo leader did likewise. Then began a curious conversation of node, gestures, exaggeratedly friendly smiles, mothing tones. Just as Robinson Crusos someoded by signs to communicating with the frightened cuanihal who become his man Friday, so did Amundsen escored in talking with these primitive bunters who never before had even a white man.

From that moment there began an assets tion with the Eskimo trabe that enquered until Amundarn anded away two years later.

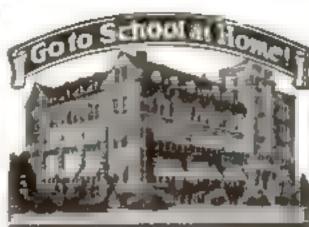
This was a truly thrilling assert in the lives of these aveges. Amusden has recorded in My Life As An Explorer. No one of them had ever seen a white man before, yet white men were a part of a legendary tradition of their tribe. Seventy-two years earlier, their grandfathers had met bir James Clark Ross on

almost this very ground

Amundam made his visitors welcome aboard. his ship and after they had been treated to the usual evidences of hospitality the Eskimos naked by aight if they might bring their trabe and settle down beads the ship. They came, built their ice houses, tracked some of their finest power-mote, gorgeous far clothing prinrive weapons and other things to deligot the heart of ethnologists, in exchange for things Assenden had brought for the purpose of trading with any natives he might encounter He found has bekinne friends were totally inexperienced in the use of metal, but they were quick to approceste its value. A heavy strelneedle was the price he paid for a quartet of white for skins, the finest he had ever men. For an empty tim be was given two complete sets of women a clothing. This tracking contitued until the Eskimo tribe had been coriched beyond their wikiest dreams by the pomention of steel knives, other steel tools, strings of glass beads that were to the pranstive people like the finest of sewels. And when Amundsen miled away, the bull of the Good was crowded with a complete collection of the artifacts of that stronge race with which be had dwelt. Today those trophen are the chief treasures of a Norwegan museum.

IT WAS after leaving the Estumon that Amundsen found the Northwest Passage. Week after week the little Gon was present westward by sey wands. At times the boat was in a channel no more than a quarter of a mile wide between the shore and the ice mick. Then one day the belowman speed slope on the westera hormon. It was a whaling fleet, and Amundeen had his first great taste of triumph. The winders were Pacific Coast ships and the Norweginn explorer knew that he had navigated has little craft through the most deficult part of its voyage. He had found the Northwest Passage.

The Good and her company settled down there on the Northern frange of the American continent at Herschel Island to wait for spring. That was during the long Arctic night. Most of the whaling first men were content also to await the coming of spring, but there was one captam whose ship had been pushed by the ice far up on the bruch. He was eager to return to San Francisco to that he could outfit another vessel, and Amundsen wished to send out word of his own moreon. Together they started on foot to the most northerly outpost of the American Army, Fort Egbett, in Alaska, 500 miles away, on the to undersynd any payer and



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The Last of the Vikings

(Continued from page 184,

far side of a range of mountains 2,000 feet high. They had two sledges and twelve dogs hired from an Eskimo named Jim, who accompanied them. They made twenty-five to thurty miles g day through the snow, Jim running about of one sledge and Amundsen about of the other. But the whaling captain did not run, nor walk rither. He rode, a short lat tyrant who criticosed Amundson for not making better time.

When they arrived at Fort Egbert, on December 5, 1905, the thermometer registered sixty degrees below zero. The Army officer in command gave Amundsen a great welcome and arranged for the dispatch of his account of his adventures. After receiving telegraphic congratulations from America and Europe, Amendsen started back over the long, blind trail of 500 miles through ice and mow. The end of the long adventure came when Amundien and his six companions navigated the fron through the Golden Gate and were received in triumph by the people of San Francisca.

A FTER his return to Norway Amundson at once prepared for another Arctic expedition, this time to see the North Pole. His plans were interrupted, however, by a bearded man who muse out of the Arctic with the startling news that he had discovered the North Police His mann was Hobert Peary.

The news of Admiral Pears's success was a blow to Amundsen's aspirations. Finding the North Pole was to have been the great act of his life. Nevertheirs he went ahead with his preparations to enter the Arctic, letting the world and ever the erest of his stap, the From, in which Prittijof Namen had carried on his Arctic explorations) believe that his enterprise was to be an attempt to drift on the polar currelits across the Aretic sea Itom America to harope. The vessel was well down the Atlantic before the crew were informed of his true purpose. When he broke the news they were degirted. What he told them was that he had determined to try to reach the South Pole!

On that historic voyage which culminated n the discovery of the South Pole, Amundaen took Eskanso dogs from Greenland, more than a hundred of them, kept on the deck and even the bridge of the small From. At the Bay of Whales, an ice harbor in the Antacetic glacuer, he set up a staunchly built bouse, trained his dogs, stored up food reserves of slaughtered scals and penguos to suppressent the tons of penmiesn he had brought in the bold of the From, and gradually established a line of depots ever nearer to the South Pole. Months of labor were consumed in rebuilding his dog eledges, until they weighed only about a third as much as they had originally.

HUNDREDS of pounds of food were left to the one of eaches that were established ever nearer and nearer to the pole. Extending out cast and west from those caches were barnboo poles to which were tied bits of bunting. Amanden was taking as little chance as possible of loang his way. Each of those traverses extraced about nine males, so that when all was n readmens and the great trip was begun the buggest part of the journey from the Bay of Whales was marked like a boulevard, with bamboo flag poles, wooden stakes, and even dried fish. Included in his ruleulations was the float of the dogs themselves.

As an instance of care with which Amundaea. protected his party from hunger, before the winter set in on the edge of the lice harrier he and his men had shot sixty tons of seals and stored the meat. Through the Antarctic waster the preparations proceeded sometimes in a temperature of seventy-four degrees below sero. At last, in October, 1911, Amundsen was ready for his great attempt.

For the dash, his party consisted of five mes, four stedges, and (Continued in page 100)

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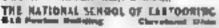
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The Last of the Vikings

Continued from page 165,

fifty-two dogs. Two months of steady travel southward, over mountains shruthed in ice, across a great plateau, brought them at last to

the pole.
"We reckoned," Amundsen wrote afterwards, "that we should be at the pole on December 14. On the afternoon of that day we had brilliant weather—a light wind from the southeast with a temperature of its degrees below nero. The sledges were going very well The day passed without any occurrence worth mentioning, and at three e chick in the aftermost we halted, as according to our reckoning we had reached our grave

The party assembled about a silken Norwegan flag which they planted in the ice and solemnly gave to that plateau, never before seen by men, the name of "King Hankon VII's Plateau." It was a vast frozen plain stretching m all directions. To make sure that he had actually reached the pole, Amundsen took careful observations of the sun as it circled about their borizon.

By December 16 they had located the exact spot which they had come to find. Under their feet was the core of the earth. All through the day four of them concentrated on the work of observing the sum until at last they were satisfied. Then a circular tent was raused and a borneyan flag planted above it along with a pennant from the mast of the frem. They gave their camp the name of "Politican". Then they started back and within a few weeks, bycause of favorable west or reached their base They had started with idly two dogs, but they returned with only cleave. The others, as fast as the draft work exhausted them, were shughtered and used as food for the other dogs. Even the explorers themselves ate dog mailet and liked it.

THRUE weeks after Amundsen turned has face from the South Pole, a British naval officer, Captain Scott, reached there with his party, traveling on foot. Scott had taken Shetland ponies and motorised sledges in pref. evence to dogs, and that preference east him his life. Traveling back to his base after mak ing the dasappointing discovery of Amundien's flag, trut, and records at the pole, Scott and his co apazions, exhausted by hunger, perished hornboy a a blozzard. Afterward, Amundaen expressed the opinion that Scott would have survived if he, too, had taken dogs, which would be re provided food as well as transports-

As a run sit of his discovery of the South Pole the features of Amundaes became familiar to every whool child of every nation. His largeand powerful now, firm mouth, leathery wrinkled skin, mow-white hair, and blue even uniter half closed lids were a symbol for odcenture, but codiess hardships had abraveled some of those supple muster that once had compelled admiration in the Norwegian army His tall frame now was gaunt. Young Amundsen had become old Amundaen within a decade-

THERE were other expeditions. Amuschen made a fortune in shipping, and spent it for an enterprise which had as its goal a visit to the North Pole Associates entrusted with the business management of his affairs became in his eyes untrastworthy. He lost great sums through bad bargains, and at fast he was almost penniless in New York. He was, seemingly, just a tired old man sitting under a load of depression in a hotel room—it was the Waldorf-when his telephone rang. A man's voice spoke in his car; a man named Lincoln Ellsworth, whose admiration for Amundorn was of the same kind which Amundsen had had for Sir John Pranklin. Ellsworth had plenty of money, and without wasting words he volunteered to back Amundaen in an attempt to As to the North Pole If our weed on page 187,



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The Last of the Vikings

(Continued from page 1981)

In May, 1925, they left Spitabergen in two Dornier flying boats. See hundred miles on the way to the pole, one of the engines failed, and both planes descended to a hit of open water. It was three weeks before the party returned to civilization in one plane. Meanwhile the world had given them up as lost.

With Ellswurth's backing, Amundsen bought from the Italian government an obsolete semirigid dirigible balloon, the Norge, and hired as a pilot the engineer who had constructed it.

That angineer was Nobile.

The story of the cruise of the Norpe from Spitabergen to Telier, Alaska, needs no retelling. However, the comparative case with which the thing was done, the adulation freely given, apparently went to the head of Nobile. By degrees he assumed for himself a position as leader of the expedition, which certainly he had not been. Nobile toured America making lectures, selling articles, and in other ways skimming the cream from that adventure in a way that was furiously resented by the "old man of the North." Certainly this bitterness speiled for Amundsen what attisfaction there might have been in the actual night of the North Pole, previously seen only by Peary and the negro, Matt Hensen.

WHAT would have become of you," Amundsen demanded of Nobile in one myage argument after the completion of that flight, "if the Norge had been forced to land on the ion)"

It was in answer to that question that Nobile organized the expedition which culminated in the tragic flight of the Italia this year. It ended in disaster, costing the lives of more men than had died on all of Amundsen's exp ditions.

But what of Amundsen? He had an ounced his retirement as an explorer. In books, in interviews, and in lectures he had denounced Nobile, but then, when news came that Nobile was marooned on the ice, he renounced his retirement.

THE huge French hydro-airplane, ordered I northward to join in the attempt to rescue the Italia explorers, picked up the "old man" at Tromsô. This was not an expedition of his planning. He got into the plane as you might get into a taxioub. They miled away. Amundsen went after Nobile as you might reach out impatiently to take the arm of someone with whom you wished to continue an argument. Somewhere in that cold ses of the North the last of the great Vikings drowned, but for Amundsen there was nothing terrible in death. For him, he often said to his friends, don'th was but another and a greater exploration.

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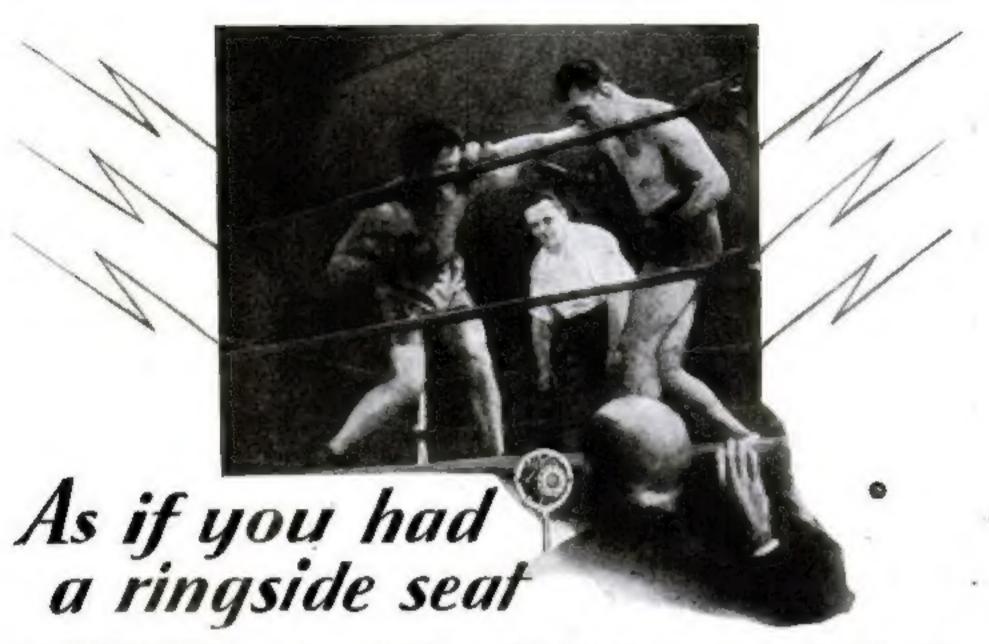
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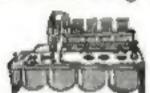
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